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ZURICH, MONDAY, APRIL 29, 1985

#### ESTABLISHED 1887

# Bitburg: Shock Waves From a False Step

By Henry Tanner International Herald Tribune PARIS - When President Ronald Reagan and Chancellor Helmut Kohl first agreed that Mr. Reagan should visit the German military

cemetery in Bitburg but not the concentration camp at Dachau, the **NEWS ANALYSIS** 

initial outery came from the United

NBC is busily re-clients
sion show on unising person
to air Monday, because y
York youngster featured in
gram was remuted this ye,
and its father Pable Tone,
the missing since Ang y But the most lasting political damage may have been done in The ensuing controversy brought

it home to millions of Germans, who had hoped differently, that West Germany still was not a country like any other. It has failed to achieve that status in spite of its 40 years of democratic parliamentary institutions, its membership in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and the European Community, its acceptance of the division of Dermany and its willingness to have on its soil the greatest concentration of nuclear weapons in the world in terms of territory.

"One false step and our 40 years of democratic history are wiped the minister of state in the Foreign free election to the Reichstag in out," said an official in a government ministry in Boun. "It is instructive. We have learned how was Bitburg. He said in a telephone and 76.3 percent to the democratic fer-thin the protective layer is that interview Friday that he feared that parties.

The following article is based on

reporting by John Tagliahue and James M. Markham. It was written

New York Tomes Service

in the West German cemetery that President Ronald Reagan plans to visit are soldiers from the Wallen

SS division that committed one of

the worst massacres of World War

II, according to information from a

Europeans disapprove of Reagan's cemetery visit. Page 4.

German war-graves group and

While those buried in the Bit-

burg cemetery more than likely did

not take part in the massacre of 642

persons, which occurred in June

1944 in the French village of Ora-dour-sur-Glane, the involvement of

the division appears to have es-

caped the attention of West Ger-

man and U.S. officials who have

been doing research on the grave-

yard since protests broke out in the

The announcement April 11 that

Mr. Reagan would lay a wreath at the cemetery next weekend brought

an outery from Jewish organiza-

tions, veterans' groups and others

United States

from historical sources.

LUX

Bitburg

fen SS soldiers among the 2,000

(Robert B. Sims, a White House

deputy press secretary, declined to comment on the new information

about the division responsible for

the massacre. He said there was no

change in the president's plans to

According to several accounts

from Americans involved in the

planning of Mr. Reagan's visit, Chancellor Helmut Kohl and his

BONN - Among those buried

by Mr. Markham.

**Bonn Affirms Cemetery Visit** 

BONN - The West German government spokesman has affirmed Bonn's intention not to release President Ronald Reagan from his commitment to visit a German military cemetery next weekend. "We are going to Bergen-Belsen to remember the victims of fascism, the victims of the rule of violence," the spokesman, Peter Boenisch, said Saturday in a televised interview, "and we are going to Bithurg to remember the dead of the war."

Defending the decision in the face of criticism in the United States. he said: "Too many Americans and politicians in Washington still think we are trying to whitewash the Nazis or to detract from their crimes. But this was never our intent."

The U.S. Senate overwhelmingly urged Mr. Reagan on Friday to cancel his planned visit to the military cemetery. By a voice vote, the Senate adopted a resolution hailing the reconciliation between the United States and West Germany but adding: "The president should reassess his planned itinerary during his forthcoming trip to the federal republic of Germany.

shields us from condemnation by our allies and friends."

"The Satan image of the German and is back and everything will be more ing. difficult in the future, at home as well as in our relations with our neighbors," he said.

Another official, Alois Mertes,

"the cohesion between us and the United States will be weakened" and that the damage might be last-

Mr. Mertes, a Christian Democrat, represents the district of Bitburg in the Bundestag. He points out with some pride that in the last

sources said, no one from the Unit-

ed States or from the embassy in-vestigated the identity of the 2,000

soldiers at the cemetery until the

White House deputy chief of staff,

visited the Bitburg cemetery in

February, its gravestones were cov-

ered with snow, Mayor Theo Hallet

of Bitburg has said that Mr. Deaver

did not ask for a list of the cemetery

An American knowledgeable

about the selection of the Bitburg

cemetery described the circular log-

ic that he said blocked embassy

making sure that the graveyard did

not contain any Waffen SS soldiers

involved in another massacre, of at

least 86 U.S. prisoners of war at

Malmédy, Belgium, on Dec. 17,

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

That massacre was conducted by

When Michael K. Deaver, the

visit came under criticism.

out that President Reagan and Chancellor Kohl, who have much in common in political style, had come to regard each other as personal and political friends but have become estranged over Bitburg, and that this, too, will make relations more difficult.
When the implications of the

Bithurg visit became clear in Washington with the realization that 49 members of the Wallen SS were members of the water SS were buried there, the president report-edly called Mr. Kohl with a plea to be given a way out. Mr. Kohl re-sponded with a speech to the Bundestag Thursday praising the president for his steadfastness and

deploring his domestic problems. Foreign Ministry officials have complained to the West German press that preparations for the Reagan visit were monopolized by offi-cials of Mr. Kohl's chancellery who were bent on organizing a striking media event but who overlooked all historical implications of their The West German press, which

was slow to pick up the case, has been writing that Mr. Reagan was sticking with the Bitburg plan only out of a sense of obligation to Mr. Kohl but that nothing good could come out of the visit now.

The Süddeutsche Zeitung, one of the country's most respected newspapers, in a editorial headlined "Not to Bitburg," pleaded with Mr. Kohl even after his Bundestag SS Killer Unit Has Graves in Bitburg speech to cancel the visit to the Division That Massacred 642 French Villagers Represented This visit "cannot become an ex-

pression of reconciliation, it can only deepen the estrangement and sharpen the bitterness," the editori-

Diplomats and others have pointed out that the controversy was utterly unnecessary and could easily have been avoided.

There was no need for a symbolic show of West German-American reconciliation, they said, because this reconciliation has long been a fact of life that is inherent in the alliance, expressed in innumerable diplomatic conferences, enhanced by West Germany's industrial role in Europe and daily contact berween citizens.

Most important, perhaps, from a inquiries about the graveyard:
The Germans said everything German political and psychologi-cal point of view, the Bitburg conwas fine. Someone said, 'How do we know everything is fine?' The answer was: The chancellor said itwas so."

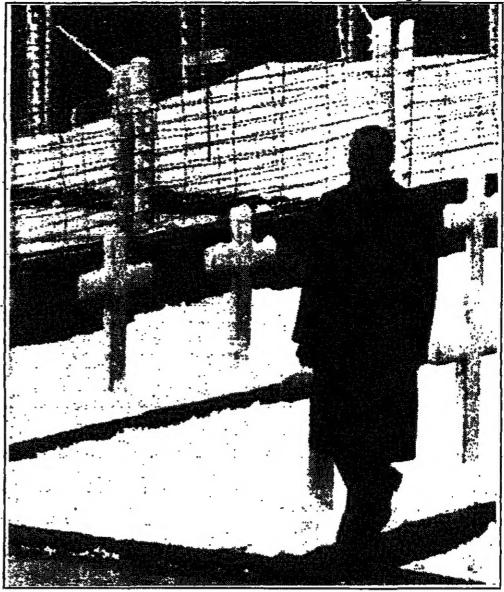
The U.S. investigation appeared to have focused almost entirely on

cellor acted as if Germany's Nazi
ty to produce nuclear weapons.
history had never occurred, West
The acknowledgment was made German public opinion has been in Stockholm on Friday by governgoing through many months of in-ment defense research specialists tensive, sometimes almost obses- and confirmed in Washington by a sive self-analysis about this history. Swedish Embassy spokesman.

There is probably no newspaper. aides have assured the U.S. Embassy that there is nothing about the cemetery that could embarrass Mr.

In the series of the Bitburg dead were in the Research.

There is proposity no newspaper, no matter how small, that has not published pages and pages of description and comment about the series to develop effective defenses required to the published pages and pages of description and comment about the series to develop effective defenses required to the published pages and pages of the Bitburg dead were in the series to develop effective defenses required to the published pages and pages of the pages and pages of (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)



CONCENTRATION CAMP VISIT - President François Mitterrand paid a visit Sunday to the site of the only Nazi death camp in France, Struthof, near Strasbourg. About 40,000 people were held at Struthof, and 12,000 of them, mostly Jews, were killed.

# Sweden, Acknowledging '72 A-Tests, Denies Nuclear Weapons Capability

By Gary Lee

WASHINGTON - Sweden has troversy is cutting brutally across acknowledged that it conducted seone of the most serious internet and underground nuclear explodebates ever held by the Germans sions using weapons-grade plutoniabout their past.

WASHINGTON — Sweet and and
internet and int While Mr. Reagan and the chan-reports that it now has the capabili-

Sweden, they said, halted work against nuclear attack that involved the underground explosions that were disclosed.

The defense research specialists emphasized in Stockholm that the amount of plutonium used in the tests had been about a gram, far short of the amount needed to

make a nuclear bomb. The Swedish Defense Ministry took issue sharply Saturday with the published reports.

A statement issued by Defense Minister Anders Thunborg said that Sweden had sponsored a series of "conventional explosion experiments which were undertaken 10 to 15 years ago on the shock-wave penetration of various metallic material, including small pieces of plu-

But a Swedish Embassy spokesman in Washington said that the explosions had not involved a molecular chain reaction.

Statements by Swedish officials in Stockholm that were reported Friday were concerned primarily with denying that Sweden deliber-"They look at Reagan different-ty," said W. Allen Wallis, undersec-to build an atomic bomb. to build an atomic bomb.

Those reports did not contain the distinction made Saturday by the Swedish Embassy spokesman and the Defense Ministry between conventional explosions involving

plutonium and nuclear explosions involving the same metal.

The embassy spokesman said the intent had been only to acknowledge that plutonium had been involved in the explosions.

Sweden never has possessed at any one time more than 110 grams (about four ounces) of plutonium, vhile it generally is accepted that 3,000 to 5,000 grams of plutonium are needed for a nuclear explosion, the spokesman said.

But conventional explosions have been used with small amounts of plutonium to produce molecular chain reactions in experiments by

den, where the parliament in 1957 banned research geared toward producing a nuclear bomb.

pledging not to acquire nuclear reapons production capability.

Prime Minister Olof Palme, a Social Democrat who has played a leading role in seeking nuclear-free structed or exploded in Sweden."

But he added that it was some-

times hard to define the limits of research aimed at protecting the Swedish population against nuclear arms," which Swedish law al-

Only the United States, the Soviet Union, China, France and Britain have openly acknowledged having nuclear weapons.

The embassy official in Wash-News agencies reported from ington described the research that Stockholm that the initial disclo- was carried out after 1957 as "prosure of the tests, which came Thurs- tective," aimed at defending neuday in Ny Teknik, a reputable tral Sweden against nuclear attack, Swedish technical journal, had provoked a political controversy. Nuclear arms-testing is illegal in Sweden against nuclear weapons. "The whole thing was stopped clear arms-testing is illegal in Sweden against the stated, but he would not say what the research pro- crowds.

The Associated Press reported Sweden, which considers itself a from Stockholm that Tage Erlan-about 500 people stoned a house in neutral country, signed the Nuclear der. Sweden's prime minister in eastern Cape Province. Nonproliferation Treaty in 1968, (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

#### **Miners Dismissed** In S. Africa 15,000 Blacks Lose Jobs; Many Continue Protest

Compiled by that Staff From Disputches JOHANNESBURG - About 15,000 black South African miners have been dismissed after carrying out work stoppages, and many have locked themselves into hostels at the world's largest gold mine to protest the action.

The dismissals were announced Saturday by the Anglo-American Corp., which dismissed about 13,000 of the 40,000 blacks at its Vaal Reefs mine, and by Anglo-vaal, which dismissed about 2,000 members of its work force of 16,500 at the Hartebeesfontein complex. Both mines are west of Johannes-

A spokesman for Anglo-American said that production losses at Vaal Reefs, the world's largest mine, would cost up to 25 million rand (\$12.5 million) and that work would stop for about two weeks. Vaal Reefs and Hartebeesfontein produce one-sixth of South Africa's gold, and gold accounts for about half of the country's export

when the workers have been paid they will be sent back to black homelands. Under South Africa's racial segregation laws, they are not permitted to remain in the mine

Cyril Ramaphosa, president of the black National Union of Mineworkers, said that workers had locked themselves into hostels at Vaal Reefs and were refusing to

"It is a state of siege," he said. Mr. Ramaphose said that the police had used tear gas to force workers out of hostels, but a mine spokesman said that no police were in the area.

A spokesman for Anglo-Ameri-can said that the men "effectively fired themselves" when they ignored procedures for wage disputes and refused to go into the mines

Friday and Saturday.
"We expect most of the workers zones in Europe, said that "no mu- to re-apply for jobs," the spokes-clear weapon has ever been con- man said, "and this will be considered according to their record."

He said that the miners had struck to press demands for a 10percent increase in their average monthly salaries of 300 rand. Miners receive room and board in addition to their wages. Mine officials

averaged about 420 rand a month. The strike "has ignored the agreed procedures and is totally illegal," the spokesman said. "The company had no option but to dis-

miss the men. In continuing unrest in black communities across the country, the police used tear gas and rubber bullets to counter stone-throwing

The police said they shot to death a 16-year-old black after

(Reuters, UPI, AP)

# Reagan to Press at Summit for Economic Boost

CZECH

By Peter T. Kilborn

New York Times Service
WASHINGTON — President Ronald Reagan leaves Tuesday for the economic summit conference in Bonn, where he will press the leaders of the six other leading industrial democracies to adopt policies that will boost the world economy and avoid trade barriers.

In his weekly radio address Saturday, Mr. Reagan in effect asked the other summit countries to join him in economic acceleration and repelling protectionism, which has POSTINE ILE emerged as one of the conference's most contentious issues.

"By working together with our allies," he said, "we hope to insure that the engines of growth and progress keep running with efficiency. We want to make certain the fruits of open and free exchange are en-joyed by all and that free trade is a two-way proposition."

Europeans and the Reagan administration are concerned about turmoil in world currencies: signs that the long U.S. economic boom and growing disputes over protec-

produce decisive policy changes

that could alter world economic

ments on resolving their conflicts

may be sputtering out; high unem-ployment in Europe and Canada; ment official said, "that might be dent's policies wash through their

nomic growth.

summit conference have occupied and divert investment from their

Voices on both sides are now a

#### Christians Flee Assault In Lebanon

The Associated Press

BEIRUT - Druze fighters, using Soviet-made T-54 tanks, stormed the last Christian outposts on the coast south of Beirul on Sunday while Moslem militias drove the Christians inland from Sidon, cutting them off from their

for the first time since sectarian fighting crupted again late last month, captured the port of Jiye six miles (10 kilometers) north of Sidon, Christian sources reported.

Moving south in a two-pronged assault behind an artillery barrage, the Druze and a newly formed group of Moslem militias, the Popular Liberation Army, took control of the main coastal highway between Beirut and Sidon.

Meanwhile, Israel withdrew the has led to expressions of concern in issue on April 21. This approach bulk of its forces from Lebanon's southernmost port city, Tyre, on Sunday, reporters said in telephone dispatches to Beirut.

The military command in Tel Aviv denied that Israeli forces had withdrawn from Tyre, saying that nonessential supplies and person-nel were being pulled out of Tyre so that the military could move out quickly when the final pullout order was given.

Reported telephoned from Tyre, 50 miles south of Beirut, said that residents surged to the streets in jubilization when Beirut radio reported the Israeli departure. Many chanted and clapped; motorists raced through the streets honking car horns. But the celebrations stopped when residents discovered

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)



Christian residents of Hlaliyeh near Sidon preparing to flee their homes to seek safety from the Moslem advance.

#### INSIDE

■ Jews gathered in Cairo to mark a rabbinical scholar's 850th anniversary. Page 2. A recent mishap involving a U.S. passenger jet highlights the

Page 3. President Reagan and President Chun are encouraged by steps toward the reconciliation

industry's improved safety re-

Page 4. of the two Koreas. ■ The Soviet leader said Russia urged at Geneva that it and the United States cut their strategic

Food assistance to Africa is only one step, says the head of ganization. Page 8.

#### BUSINESS/FINANCE

Japanese car makers with ties to U.S. companies have been favored in Japan's quota allocations, sources said. Page 15. tionism, notably Congress's fury

with Japan over trade practices.

For all the first-name cordiality among the national leaders, the ceremonial splendor and the arduously written communiques that will emerge at the Thursday-to-Saturday conference, it is unlikely to

West Germany has scant room to maneuver on economy, Bundesbank head says. Page 15.

At best, officials of the participating countries - the United States, Japan, West Germany, Britain, France, Italy, and Canada, in addition to the leadership of the European Community - expect little more than vague commit-

The principal issues before the all the conferences since they began at Rambouillet, France, in 1975: The first, stability of currency exchange rates, is the essential lubricant of the second, international trade, which is vital to the fulfillment of the third, worldwide eco-

Inevitably, as the chief of the biggest of the participating countries, the U.S. president dominates: the decisions at summit conferences. But Mr. Reagan has expanded his influence much further. Since his first summit conference, in Ottawa in 1981, he has been preaching the gospel of free mar-kets and small government that underlie his economic policies at

Other summit countries, espe-

own economies because they hold U.S. interest rates unusually high own economies to the United States. The Reagan administration counters that without its policies, the rest of the world would have

retary of state for economic affairs, who has been directing the administration's planning for the summit meeting. The president's policies, (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

# had virtually no economic growth over the past two years.

little less strident. The president calls the deficits "immoral" in invoking them to press his goal of cutting spending to reduce the size of government. Europeans, for their part, have become concerned over their failure to halt the rise of unemployment despite economic

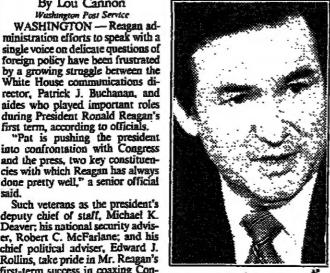
# ents on resolving their conflicts cially France and Britain, have dever several years. "If we just keep things from get-White House Aides Tell of Conflicts With Buchanan

By Lou Cannon Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — Reagan administration efforts to speak with a

single voice on delicate questions of foreign policy have been frustrated by a growing struggle between the White House communications director, Patrick J. Buchanan, and aides who played important roles during President Ronald Reagan's first term, according to officials. "Pat is pushing the president into confrontation with Congress and the press, two key constituen-

done pretty well," a senior official Such veterans as the president's deputy chief of staff, Michael K. Deaver; his national security advis-er, Robert C. McFarlane; and his chief political adviser, Edward J. Rollins, take pride in Mr. Rengan's first-term success in coaxing Congress into compromises and boost-ing his popularity through public

appearances. Now there is a anxiety among longtime aides and Reagan advis-



ers outside the White House about Mr. Buchanan, who was described by one of them as "far more inter- to the Nicaraguan rebels. His rec-

ested in the success of the conservaommended strategy put him into
tive cause than the welfare of the direct conflict with Mr. McFarlane, who favored private consultations Mr. Buchanan has followed a po- with members of Congress to find a licy of refusing to return phone consensus. First, Mr. Buchanan pushed for Mr. Buchanan's combativeness a nationally televised speech on the

the White House about the judg- was rejected because the leader of ment of the man who hired him, the Senate's Republican majority, Donald T. Regan, the chief of staff. Robert J. Dole of Kansas, and oth-An administration official said Frier White House aides wanted a day that Mr. Regan, although an speech on the budget instead. effective manager, had "simply no Mr. Buchanan kept pushing on idea of how Buchanan would try to the Nicaragua issue. On April 21, mobilize the conservative constitu- he conferred with the director of the Central Intelligence Agency, Officials of all views agree that William J. Casey, with other ad-Mr. Buchanan is persistent, ener- ministration conservatives and getic and far more able at advanc- with Senator Jesse Helms, a Reing his views than many of his ri-vals. Some attribute this to his tried unsuccessfully to persuade experience in the embattled White Mr. Reagan to give a speech the

House of President Richard M. next day describing aid to the re-Nixon, where Mr. Buchanan was a bels as essential to U.S. security. Mr. Buchanan, a columnist and commentator before he joined the Mr. Buchanan's persistence was White House staff in February, particularly evident in the past two weeks on the issue of providing aid also has continued to clash with (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

# northern heartland. The Druze, joining Moslem allies

## From Brooklyn to Cairo To Pray in a Synagogue

Jews Meet in Egypt to Honor Scholar On 850th Anniversary of His Birth

By Judith Miller

New York Times Service CAIRO - At dusk in the old Jewish quarter of Cairo, hidden within a labyrinth of crooked alleys and narrow streets, a small group of Jews gathered at a dilapidated

andria to honor the 850th anniversary of the birth of Maimonides, the philosopher, astronomer, royal physician, jurist, rabbinical scholar and one of the most illustrious fig-

For centuries since his death in the wooden altar upon which 1204, Jews have paid tribute to him etching of Maimonides hung. by studying his works. More re-cently, on the eve of Passover, Maimonides' birthday, some have begun ritual recitations of his writings, especially "The Guide of three chapters a day of the "Mishne the Perplexed" and the "Mishne Torah," which they finished on the Torah," or the restudy of Judaism's Rambam's birthday. holy book, the Torah.

Small groups of Jewish scholars and intellectuals throughout the world celebrate the annual culmination of their study and recitations. But the ceremony in Cairo last week was unusual: for the first time in memory, Jews were able to dled to no more than 250. synagogue that bears his name, the place where he is believed to have worked and proved worked and prayed.

After 18 years of decay and ne-glect, the synagogue called Ram-bam was reopened essentially for the occasion. Rambam, an acronym for the Rabbi Moses ben Maimon, is how Maimonides is known in rabbinical literature.

'In our religion, we know that the souls of the deceased know when their words are studied and spoken," said Rabbi Yosef Hecht. He is a follower of the Lubavitcher Rabbi Menachem Schneerson, who heads of one of the most important Hassidic groups, based in Brooklyn and Israel.

So we know that the soul of the Rambam is here with us today, in this synagogue, for this greatest of rejoicements." Rabbi Hecht said.

If the Rambam were there, he probably would have been intrigued. The ceremony was not advertised, but somehow word of it reached doctors attending an inter-

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national conference here on infectious diseases. So, among others coming to mark the occasion were Charles Greenblatt, a U.S.-born physician who lives in Israel, and his wife and daughter.

Israel's ambassador to Egypt, magogue. Moshe Sasson, also addressed the gathering, in Hebrew, since none of and Tel Aviv. from Cairo and Alex- the Egyptian officials who were invited attended the ceremony.

Egyptian security men, however, were well represented. They watched with bewilderment as five Lubavitcher rabbis linked arms, sang songs and danced in front of the wooden altar upon which an

Rabbi Hecht, sent from Brooklyn to Israel eight years ago, said he and several other Lubavitchers had spent the last year memorizing

Only the first stage of the syna-gogue's restoration has been completed, and Egyptian Jews said they doubted it would ever be fully repaired, given Egypt's diminishing numbers of Jews. Once 100,000 strong, their numbers have dwin-

1970s. The marble bimah, from which services were read, remains broken and cracked.

At the turn of the century there were 5,000 Jews and 10 synagogues in the Haret El-Yuhud, or Jewish quarter of Cairo. Now only five Jews remain; the synagogues are all in disrepair, some barely identifiable as former places of worship.

As a doctor, Maimonides wrote one of the first definitive studies of asthma and an early treatise on blood circulation.

As a philosopher, he was primarily an Aristotelian, who expressed a profound respect for Greco-Arabic tradition. As the biographer, Fred Gladstone Bratton, described him, he was above all an "ethical pragthe 36th Tactical Fighter Wing
matist," a man who insisted on inthere had joined West Germans in telligence in religion.

healer for the ills of all religions. day to be one of national mourning



CURFEW IN INDIA - Women in Ahmedabad, Gujarat state, were allowed out of their houses Sunday to buy food, as curfews remained in force after at least 24

persons died in a week of caste rioting. Elsewhere in Gujurat, rioting was reported in Surat and Baroda. Violence also erupted in Bombay, in Maharashtra state.

# SS Killer Unit Has Graves in Bitburg Bonn Faces

the Bitburg cemetery after the war

has said that most of the 49 SS

soldiers there belonged to the Sec-

ond SS Panzer Division, nick-

named "Das Reich," and the 10th

Panzer Division.

(Continued from Page 1)

First SS Panzer Division, but that they had died before the Malmédy

On the West German side, too, the focus appears to have been on Malmedy, according to a historian who has been doing research on the Bitburg cemetery for the Bonn govemment

"We only looked at Malmedy," the historian said.

The Americans and West Germans had been reassured by the fact that officers of a French garrison in Bitburg and Americans from there had joined West Germans in annual ceremonies at the cemetery But to the Jews at the ceremony. on the second Sunday before Ad-Maimonides was "the doctor," a vent. In 1952, Bonn declared the

In a telephone interview, Adolf Barth, the executive director of the German graves group, the Association for the Care of German War Graves, said that most of the SS

> been gathered from scattered fuses next to the church's commu-graves and brought together in the nion rail and lighted the fuses in an Bitburg cemetery, which is known attempt to suffocate the women as Kolmeshohe and was formally and children. Six of the children opened in 1959.

Mayor Hallet of Bitburg has de-clined to identify the military units

A report by a Vichy government etery belonged, saying that this would lead to a judging of men who

died four decades ago. The Second SS Panzer Division spent the opening years of World man soldiers then began to shoot War II in Poland and in the Soviet through the church windows; they Union. In September 1941, some of rushed into the church to finish off its members assisted an extermination squad in the killing of 920 Jews fire and poured an easily flammanear Minsk, according to George H. Stein, a U.S. historian and author of the book "The Waffen SS:

for the victims of Nazism and the ing hanged 99 men and women in Fallout From public.

The massacre in Oradour-sur-Glane, which is 12 miles (20 kilo-meters) northwest of Limoges, oc-curred June 10, 1944. The was condemned to death in abseninhabitants, including women and tia by a Bordeaux court in 1951, children, were shot or burned to but French attempts to have him death by soldiers of the Second SS extradited from West Germany anzer Division. were unavailing. A building con-The West German war-graves tractor in Düsseldorf, he died a group that took soldiers' bodies to natural death in 1971.

Continuing toward the Normandy front, the Second Division was fired on by snipers near Oradoursur-Glane, a village of about 85 houses. Soldiers of the division's Fourth Regiment surrounded Oradour and, on Saturday, June 10. According to testimony present-

ed to the International War Crimes Tribunal in Nuremberg, the soldiers told the villagers that Ora-dour would be searched for explosives. The men were gathered in four or five groups and locked in soldiers buried in Bitburg died in barns; the women and children fighting nearby in late 1944 and were confined in the village church.

early 1945.

Mr. Barth said the bodies had They put a box containing bomb were less than six months old; one

"Someone succeeded in pulling open the sacristy door so that it was possible to revive some of the choking women and children. The Gerthe last survivors with machine-gun ble liquid on the church floor."

Toward evening, German soldiers stopped a train approaching Oradour, ordered its passengers to At the time of the Allied landings get off and then killed them with

Later that day and the following morning, a Sunday, farmers from the vicinity who came to the village to collect their children at a school there were also shot by soldiers of

The entire population of the vil-

# Reagan Visit

(Continued from Page 1) war and the 40th anniversary of the Nazi surrender.

The historical accounts published by Der Spiegel, a leading weekly, over the last two years would fill a history book. And the page-long commentaries by philosophers and historians printed every week for the last few months in the more introspective Die Zeit, another weekly, may well be published as an important collection of essays on contemporary history.

With few exceptions the national debate has been responsible and moderate. A constant theme has been that the Germans must live with their history as it is because there is no way even its ugliest chapters can be wiped off the

Many West Germans feel that ironically and even tragically the Bitburg controversy has exacerbated their own national debate and reduced it to a level where it should never have been: an impossible choice between collective condemnation and collective innocence, and such meaningless and unanswerable questions as to whether a rticular man buried in a particu lar place had been the perpetrator

of war crimes or a victim. The respected Frankfurter Allge- he said. "are looked at with more meine Zeitung published a letter from a woman who wrote that her consin had been drafted into the Waffen SS as a very young man in When his wife asked to open the coffin after the war she found he was not wearing a uniform but prison garb. A companion later confessed that he was executed because he refused to shoot a child. For Mr. Kohl, the controversy

over the Bitburg visit has been a vere setback. was a mere boy in the dark days of Nazism and he has made it plain

that he is anxious to see the past laid to rest during his tenure. in West Germany when he created the impression that because of his age he felt less responsible than his

predecessors for what had been done in the name of Germany durng the Holocaust.

He was disappointed last year without inviting him. He felt vindi-cated when President François Mitterrand invited him to Verdun

symbolic gesture over the graves of French and German soldiers who had died in the worst battle of World War I. It was a Verdun-like scene that he had in mind when he proposed such a visit to President Reagan in Washington last November, and he must have been persuasive. Some of the things Mr. Reagan has since been saying about war crimes and

and the two stood hand in hand in a

victims sounded familiar to West Germans who had been listening to The White House and the chancellery could have saved a lot of heartbreak in both countries if they had remembered in time that Bit burg is not Verdun and that there are no American soldiers buried in German military cemeteries but a lot of Waffen SS in all of them, a

West German journalist said. Do you know that 17 Waffen SS are buried in the Bonn cemetery where every foreign head of state who ever came to the German capi-tal has placed a wreath?" he said.

# WORLD BRIEFS

**Beijing Protesters Begin Dispersing** 

BEIJING (AP) - The number of protesters at Communist Party headquarters demanding permission to live in Beijing dwindled Sunday to fewer than 100. Police kept foreigners away from the protesters.

"We have orders not to let you in," a police officer told a reporter who approached the driveway of the fenced compound, which also houses the

About 500 Chinese who left Beijing and resettled in impoverished Shaanxi province during the 1966-76 Cultural Revolution began the protest last week, demanding the right to return to Beijing permanently. Their numbers have dwindled in the past few days, and on Saturday police ejected the foreign press from the grounds and photographed Chinese who talked with reporters.

# U.S. to Expel Soviet Envoy in Protest WASHINGTON (WP)—The United States has ordered the expulsion

of an assistant military attaché at the Soviet Embassy here in response to what it called "the unacceptable Soviet position" expressed in a statement Monday on the killing of Major Arthur D. Nicholson Jr. of the U.S. Army in East Germany last month.

Richard R. Burt, assistant secretary of state for European affairs, informed the acting Soviet ambassador. Oleg Sokolov, on Friday that Lieutenant Colonel Stanislav Ivanovich Gromov has seven days to leave the United States. Mr. Burt demanded clarification of the Soviet position on the death of Major Nicholson and insisted that Moscow abide by an agreement reached April 12 between U.S. and Soviet military officials, a

State Department statement said. The State Department said the Soviet side had agreed to take measures to prevent a repetition of the incident by prohibiting the use of force or weapons against members of the U.S. military liaison in East Germany. as provided in a 1947 agreement. Last Monday, however, the Soviet Union issued a statement reserving the right to deal with any "intruder" on an "intelligence mission" according to Soviet military manuals rather

#### Honecker to Leave Post, Weekly Says

HAMBURG, West Germany (AFP) — Erich Honecker will step down next year as head of East Germany's Communist Party but will continue as the country's president, according to an article to be published Monday in the news weekly Der Spiegel.

The magazine said Mr. Honecker, who is 72, will remain a member of

the Politburo. It said he had made the decision because of his age. Der Spiegel predicted that Mr. Honecker would resign at the party's congress next April and that he would be replaced by Egon Krenz, a

#### Chile Arrests 264 at Socialist Rally

SANTIAGO (AP) — Chile's military government has seized at least 264 participants at an indoor rally of the Socialist Party and accused them of plotting May Day violence.
Witnesses said that uniformed policemen entered an auditorium in

central Santiago during a Friday evening program of speeches and revolutionary folk music sponsored by the electricity workers union and ordered everyone to board police buses.

In a communiqué issued Saturday, the Interior Ministry accused participants at the rally of "planning acts to disturb public order" on Wednesday and possessing "subversive literature." General Augusto Pinochet rules Chile under a state of siege that bans unauthorized political gatherings.

#### For the Kecord

A curiew was imposed Sunday on the Nigerian town of Gombe, where religious rioting has left more than 100 persons dead. (Reuters)

Egypt has freed two Britons and two Maltese detained since November in an alleged plot to murder an opponent of Colonel Moamer Qadhafi, the Libyan leader, prosecution sources said Sunday in Cairo. (Reuters)

Prime Minister Brian Mulroney of Canada arrived Sunday in London on for an official visit.

# Reagan to Press at Summit To Boost World Economy

(Continued from Page 1)

interest and respect." But the United States and Enrope now are concerned that the U.S. economy has exhausted the the closing days of the war and that energy that let it grow faster than he was killed and buried in Bitburg. any other country, including Japan. over the last two years and may be decelerating to a growth rate well below the 4 percent that the Reagan administration calls desirable and sustainable.

During the first three months of the year, it grew at a near-recession rate of only 1.3 percent.

The administration assumes that He has often been pointing out the U.S. economy has slowed and is that he is the first chancellor who unlikely to remain the engine of the U.S. economy has slowed and is world growth. It wants other countries to take up the slack.

Against this background, the discussion of exchange rates, trade, On a visit to Israel last year he and growth will be defined in terms provoked bitter criticism there and of differences over the extent to which government action or market forces should be relied on.

French and EC insistence that governments link the values of their currencies. They contend that cenwhen American, British and tral banks should intervene to de-French leaders celebrated the anniferd such linkage — for example, versary of the Normandy landing by selling dollars if the market should push the dollar above its

prescribed limits. At the root of the French position is the view that government management of exchange rates forces governments to avoid the economic excesses, particularly inflation, that cause currencies to

move out of line with others. view, supported by the other sum-mit countries, is that sound management of national economies keeps currencies in line, the administration contends, not management of the currencies themselves.

But the exceptional strength and more recent volatility of the dollar

of foreign goods, the dollar's strength has caused record U.S. trade deficits and forced farmers and companies out of business. Partly to deflect the French, but

also to show support of more active government intervention to prevent disorder in the currency markets, Treasury Secretary James A. Baker 3d earlier this month said that "the United States is willing to consider the possible value of hosting" a multinational conference to explore the question.

Trade issues are equally divisive. The question before the summit meeting is the U.S. insistence on a specific date to begin a worldwide round of negotiations to eliminate obstacles to free trade in agriculture and services, including nontariff devices such as farm subsidies and Japanese measures to block

foreign goods.
"I think that one of the things that is of great importance that we want to be talking about is another The issue of exchange rates round of trade talks to resist the comes down to disputes over protectionism that raises its head every once in a while," Mr. Reagan told a group of foreign correspondents in an interview that the White House released on Saturday.

But the United States is the most openly committed to free trade, and not solely because of its commitment to unregulated markets. Protectionism, in the form of price supports to farmers, increases the government spending that the ad-ministration is trying to reduce.

In return for cutting its aid to farmers, the administration wants to assure them greater access to The Reagan administration's world markets. The reductions in government farm supports could pass Congress late this year, so there is some urgency to the administration's appeal for trade negotiations. "We need a date to discipline the process of getting started with the talks," said Beryl W. Sprinkel, the chairman of the Council of have also worried the administration. By lowering the relative prices get it going in early 1986."

## **Conflict Greets Buchanan**

(Continued from Page 1)
Mr. Deaver, a longtime friend of

that Mr. Buchanan recently arranged for Pat Robertson, a conser-

He prevailed over Mr. Rollins to win control of the public liaison office, and he bested the chief White House spokesman, Larry Speakes, in a contest over who would manage the offices responsi-ble for dealing with out-of-town news organizations.

style increasingly has been evident War II German soldiers and SS troops as "victims" of the Nazis just as surely as the victims in

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sound investment, Available directly from owners: Mr. M. Parnass Em-Ess Management Corp., 118-35 Queens Boulevard. Forest Hills, NY 11375.

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#### Of Producing Nuclear Arms gave the Swedish defense institute (Continued from Page 1)

that it violated the parliamentary

The research culminated in 1972, with 19 small underground plutonium explosions in a defense research

Blueprints for Sweden's atomic arms-producing capability were so complete by 1957 that even the probable radioactive fallout had been measured, the article said. A year later, it said, the government France this summer.

ban because it was carried out for developed the nuclear reactor "nonoffensive purposes." Army officer, told a Stockholm kilograms) of weapons-grade plunewspaperm, "We conducted a certonium a year —or enough to man-

atomic weapons if it would be nec-

# Sweden Denies It Is Capable

The article in Ny Teknik said that Sweden's National Defense Research Institute started its attempts to build a bomb in 1952 and and 1970s, despite the parliamentary prohibition. The program was designed to allow Sweden to build

laboratory in Solna, a Stockholm suburb, the article said.

The article said the institute then Agesta, which was designed to protonium a year - or enough to man-

veloped atomic bomb capability. But, it said, the efforts at production lost momentum in the late 1960s because of rising costs and

nuclear powers would take. Christer Larsson, who wrote the report, said that Sweden built a

MANAMA, Bahrain — King

1957, acknowledged authorizing approval to produce nuclear arms the program but said he doubted on a small scale.

tain research in order to obtain ufacture up to 10 tactical atomic

weapons continued throughout the 1960s uncertainty of the directions other

Fahd of Saudi Arabia accepted Sunday an invitation from the French minister for external relations, Roland Dumas, to visit France, a senior French diplomat in Riyadh said. The king may visit

#### SS Panzer Division. Of the 49, one died before the Oradour massacre, according to dates on the tomb-

By 1965, it said, Sweden had de-

10 bombs a year of the size dropped nuclear-pulse generator that would trigger a warhead. Saudi King to Visit France

Hitler's Elite Guard at War." in Normandy in June 1944, the machine guns and threw the bodies division was in southern France, into the smoldering buildings. The where it had been transferred after men of Oradour had died in the a hard winter of fighting on the flames. Soviet front. The division was summoned to help German security forces in hunting members of the French underground in the Auvergne mountains, and entered the town of Tulle.

There, on June 9, soldiers of the

the Second Division.

# Second Division under the com-mand of General Heinz Lammerd-children, were killed at Oradour.

(Continued from Page 1)

the ancient Phoenician city.

The reports said the Israelis had

cades around the compound.

were seeking to force the Christians into an enclave in the southern Chuf mountains around Jezzine. Tens of thousands of Christians

and Moslem militias, and they were converging on Jezzine.

The refugees began arriving
Thursday, after fleeing Christian
villages overrun by Palestinians
and Moslems who sought revenge
for a monthlong Christian siege of

Christians were climbing the mountain roads to Jezzine in trucks Jiye and Damour, reporters on the and cars piled high with mattresses. bedding, suitcases and other pos-sessions. Militia and political lend-ers reported that food was running

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liberation" of Christian-held terri-

Twenty T-54 tanks, which were given to Druze forces by Syria after Israeli troops withdrew from the Bekaa Valley last week, were seen moving down the highway. The radio stations said that the

Sidon, 25 miles south of Beirut, drove the Christian militia, the Lebanese Forces, inland toward Jezzine. have fled their homes ahead of the . Moslem radio stations said the advancing Palestinian guerrillas militias overran the Christian

strongholds of Madjelyoun and

Moslem forces, pushing east from

The Moslem forces reported 10 of their fighters killed and 30 wounded. Reporters saw the bodies of five Christian militiamen in hills above the coastal highway. Twelve other bodies, mostly civilians apparently caught in cross fire, were on the side of the highway between

■ Murphy Ends Mission

Richard W. Murphy, assistant U.S. secretary of state for Near Eastern and South Asian affairs, left Cairo for Washington on Sunday after briefing Foreign Minister Esmat Abdel Meguid of Egypt on his 16-day tour through the Middle East, The Associated Press report. Drought Emergency in N.Y.

"I cannot say that my journey so far below normal that city reser- became to the White House to take was a failure or was successful," woirs are only 61 percent full when Mr. Murphy said.

The state-run news Middle East
News Agency said Mr. Murphy, I. Koch declared a drought emersaid at Cairo airport that he was gency Friday in New York City and imposed mandatory restrictions on water use by all residents and businesses. Rainfall has been white House since February, when they should be 99 percent full,

the president, over communications strategy. An administration official said

vative religious broadcaster, to in-terview Mr. Reagan on his religious beliefs. Mr. Deaver and other offi-cials, concerned that the interview

voirs are only 61 percent full when control of the presidential speechwriting operation.

Mr. Buchanan's confrontational

in Mr. Reagan's speeches. He is credited with Mr. Reagan's phrase describing the Nicaraguan rebels as "the moral equivalent of the founding fathers" and with the president's characterization of World War II concentration camps."

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# Christians in Lebanon Flee Offensive by Druze, Moslems

that some Israeli forces remained in tory. abandoned their main intelligence headquarters and had leveled barri-

In the fighting in southern Leba-non, the Moslem and Druze forces

Reporters said Saturday that

Moslem-controlled radio stations jubilantly proclaimed "the

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# BRIEFS

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et Envoy in Protes atted States has ordered theory, se Soviet Embassy here in represent the position appreciated market attended in the D. Nicholson Jr. of the U.S. ctary of state for European &

etary of state for European a sador. Oleg Sokolon, on Finds, with Gromov has seven days be added clarification of the Soviet partial of the Moscow shake in U.S. and Soviet military office. ories side had agreed to tile new ories. I produbiting the use of fee.

Last Monday however the control of the Less remaind a newton the state region to deal with any "may, "sing to Service military manuals of

Post, Weekly San FP: — Erich Honecker adjoint. equing to an inche to be puliplege: or, who is 72 will remain a more. et the decision because of hear the decision because of hear Horsesher would reagn at the according replaced by Egyphia

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ets Buchanal

#### AMERICAN TOPICS

#### DAR Is in Step With the Times

The Daughters of the American Revolution, who barred the singer Marian Anderson from their Constitution Hall headquarters in Washington in 1939 because she is black, has been admitting blacks as members since 1977.

The DAR has long aided education, conservation and the preservation of national monuments. Last year it published Robert Ewell Green's "Black Courage, 1775-1783," a survey of black soldiers who fought in the war for independence. It has hired James Dent Walker, a genealogist, to identify members of minority groups who served in the Revolution.

The Daughters retain their conservative outlook. At their 94th annual Continental Congress this month, they passed resolutions supporting the Strategic Defense Initiative, a balanced budget, "freedom fight-ers" in Central America and the government of South Africa.

#### Short Takes

The U.S. Department of Agriculture is spending \$5.3 million a year on research to develop a "safe cigarette." Lynn Kosak-Channing, a departmental chemist, says cross-breeding and gene-splicing are being used to try to develop tobacco "free from harmful compounds." Representative Henry A. Waxman, a California Democrat, said, "I think it is a waste of money."

State and federal prisons held nearly 464,000 inmates at the end of 1984, a record high for the 10th year in a row, the Justice Department says.

Until about 15 years ago, the navy named its submarines after fish. Declaring that "fish don't vote," Admiral Hyman G. Rickover, who was running the nuclear submarine program, started having subs named after members of Congress influen-tial in military affairs, or their hometowns. Now the navy, which already has restored bellbottom uniforms and traditional sengoing terminology, has announced that it is going to start using fish names again, but only for one class of subma-

The Boston Latin School founded a year before Harvard University, observed its 350th anniversary last Tuesday. The oldest public school in the country, its alumni include Benjamin Franklin, John Hancock. Leonard Bernstein and such men of letters as Cotton Mather, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Henry Ward Beecher, George Santayana, Bernard Berenson and Theodore White. It started admitting girls in 1972. Since 1974, about a third of its pupils have been blacks and Hispanics.

#### Notes About People

The president and vice president of the United States have

official residences and now the State Department is looking for one for the current secretary of state. George P. Shultz, and his successors. Representative Thomas E. Petri, a Wisconsin Republican, says that all major officials soon "will hold forth like great lords in grand princely palaces scattered about the city." The congressman said, "Let's stop this residence proliferation before it starts."

More than 100 unpublished letters and 40 first editions by Ernest Hemingway have been donated to Stanford University in California by Charles Field, a San Francisco financier, Carlos Baker, Hemingway's biogra-



**Ernest Hemingway** 

pher, says the collection should prove to be as important to Hemingway scholars as those at the universities of Virginia. Texas, Princeton and Harvard.

#### A Tip of the Hat To Slouch Wearers

Deploring the current disuse of bass in the United States. Douglas Gibboney, writing in The Washington Post, notes that "hats are a tradition with deep roots in American history. Where would we be without Washington's tricorn, Lincoln's stovepipe or Davy Crockett's coonskin cap?"

Mr. Gibboney is particularly disturbed that slouch hats are seldom seen, "Robert E. Lee, George Armstrong Custer, Ted-dy Roosevelt and Humphrey Bogart all favored slouch hats. Can such a diverse group of distinguished Americans be be wrong," he asks.

The writer says that President John F. Kennedy is often blamed for taking hats off American heads because he did not customarily wear one, but in truth, the slouch hat already had begun to hit hard times." Its brim had been sadly narrowed by the dictates of fashion and "stiff construction prevented proper shaping to fit one's personality," he says.

Will the slouch hat make a comeback now that it's being Indiana Jones films? Time will

— Compiled by ARTHUR HIGBEE

#### Estimate of Population Growth in U.S. Puts Half of 11-Million Rise in 3 States

New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Half of the nation's population growth since 1980 has occurred in just three states — Texas, California and industrial crites that have not re-Florida, according to mid-decade covered from plant closings.

nation has gained about 11 million

Most of the remaining growth growth appeared to be taking place was in the South Atlantic states, the Southwest and the Rocky Moun- and in small metropolitan areas as a four-week strike over wages that tain states. The estimates show the Americans continued a trend to- had prompted hundreds of Finns ward "deconcentration," said John people in five years and now has a D. Kasarda, a population expert at hol. The country's 211 liquor stores population of about 237 million, a the University of North Carolina.

#### **Press Cites** Flaws in U.S. **Test of Pool** Reporting

By Bill Keller

New York Tones Service
WASHINGTON - The Pentagon's first test of a system for artanging news coverage of emergen-cy military operations, initially marred by a breakdown in secrecy, was later hampered by a breakdown in communications, partici-pants in the exercise said.

Reporters who were flown to Honduras in the experiment on April 21 said Friday that their reports to Washington were delayed because U.S. Navy technicians were unable to make the telephones work on the helicopter carrier Nassau and because a teletype machine was busy with routine military mes-

Television and radio correspon dents were able to transmit their news only by banding off their material to reporters based in Tegucigalpa, the Honduran capital, a convenience unlikely to be available in a war zone.

The first dispatch from the group arrived 21 hours after it was written Tuesday afternoon.

"The Pentagon failed miserably," said Benjamin Shore of Copley Newspapers, "with the one thing we wanted to make this an effective exercise — that is, the ability to file. I think we could have done a lot better with carrier pi-

Howell Raines of The New York Times said the technical problems were complicated by the reporters' military escorts, who treated the reporters' need to send disputches with, "initially, courteous indifference, and then bostile indiffer-

He described the experience as "the collision point between two professional cultures that don't understand each other very well." A spokesman for the Pentagon, Michael I. Burch, promised a full

review of the operation. The reporters agreed with Pentagon officials that the problems could be remedied and that such press pools were a valuable way of assuring that reporters could witness the mitial phase of a surprise military operation.

The pool of 10 reporters and photographers was rapidly assem-bled and was dispatched, without being told the operation was an exercise, to watched previously announced U.S. military maneuvers off the northern coast of Honduras.

The operation initially went awry April 21 when word of the supposedly secret mission leaked out, and the Pentagon confirmed it to other news organizations.

#### Alfonsín Urges A 'War Economy'

Los Angeles Times Service **BUENOS AIRES** — President Raul Alfonsin has appealed for nasacrifice and a "war econs my" to safeguard Argentina's democracy.

In an address to a crowd estimated at more than 170,000, Mr. Alfonsin vowed Friday that conspiring "political alchemists" would not be allowed to overturn constitutional order.

Saying that a prolonged economic crisis accompanied by runaway inflation required "a war economy," Mr. Alfonsia called on Argentines to become "foot soldiers in the battle we must fight."

#### Finnish Liquor Strike Ends

United Press Internation HELSINKI - About 2,200 employees of Finland's state-run liquor stores agreed Saturday to end to cross into Sweden to buy alco-

In Athens there's one luxury hotel the rest are judged by





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# Jet Loses Engine, but Industry Wins Star for Safety

The design refinement at work on the jet

April 16 was the use of "shear bolts," which

permit an engine to separate from the plane

under certain stresses and thus prevent more

dangerous damage. Engines under wings of

planes such as the Boeing 747 jumbo jet are

similarly attached, to minimize damage dur-

Redundancy, or the use of multiple sys-

tems, is another key to safety. If one engine drops away, as on the 727 flight, the remain-

ing two are more than enough to complete

with one. On a Lockheed L-1011 flight in

1981, a disintegrating engine disabled three

hydraulic systems that operate crucial wing and tail controls. A fourth system, though

Ruggedness of construction, well beyond

damaged, was adequate.

the trip. A twin-engine airliner can continue

By Richard Witkin New York Times Service

NEW YORK - A recent incident in which a rear-mounted engine tore away from an American Airlines Boeing 727 jet over New Mexico has stirred a good deal of interest, but not because of any concern that a similar engine failure could be disastrous. On the contrary, the incident is being viewed as a model of engineers' success in designing safety into aircraft.

There been a dramatic improvement in the overall trend in jetliner accidents in the past two decades, from 59 in 1964 to 12 last year. Until an Eastern Airlines jet struck a moun tain in January, U.S. passenger carriers had gone 30 months without a fatal crash.

These days, the rare crash that does occur can almost never be attributed to a design flaw, such as those that caused crashes of the DC-6, Constellation, Stratocruser, Martin 202. Electra and DC-10 aircraft over the years. Today, the fault usually can be traced to either or both of two hazards for which the industry has not yet found adequate solu-tions; bad weather or human error, by pilots, mechanics or air-traffic controllers.

Dole Urges Nicaragua Trade Embargo as Option By Robert Pear

Robert J. Dole, the majority leader, has urged President Ronald Reagan to "seriously consider" imposing a trade embargo on Nicaragua.

If Nicaragua continues to rebuff Mr. Reagan's peace initiatives, Mr. Dole said Saturday, the United States should consider suspending diplomatic relations with the Sandinist government headed by Presi-

New York Times Service

dent Daniel Ortega Saavedra. The senator's comments came one day after the Reagan administration announced a broad review of U.S. policy toward Nicaragua. Earlier last week, the House of Representatives rejected Mr. Reagan's request for \$14 million in additional aid to rebels fighting the Nicaraguan government.

In a statement, Mr. Dole, a Kansas Republican, said: "Now is the time Congress and President Reagan should seriously consider imposing a trade embargo on Nicaragua. And, after a reasonable time has lapsed, if President Ortega con-

WASHINGTON - Senator amounts to an outlaw regime bent an outcry over Ortega's."

on exporting revolution."

Reagan administration officials have said they would consider a trade embargo in their review of U.S. policy toward Nicaragua. U.S. officials have estimated that

the United States, as Nicaragua's leading trade partner, supplies about 20 percent of its imports and takes 18 percent of its exports. On Wednesday, Mr. Ortega an-

nounced that he would visit Moscow and other East European capitals to discuss economic assistance for Nicaragua. [Mr. Ortega arrived in Moscow on Sunday and was greeted by Deputy Prime Minister Geidar Aliyev, a Politburo member, Reuters reported.]

Mr. Dole said the trip was "proof positive that Congress made a major misjudgment when it rejected aid" for the Nicaraguan rebels.

peace initiatives, I believe we next week, Mr. Dole said, "Demo-goal of "influencing the behavior of should seriously rethink whether crass wasted no time in criticizing the Nicaraguan government." there is a real value in maintaining President Reagan's rimerary in Eu-diplomatic relations with what rope, but there hasn't been much of

the minimum requirements of the Federal turbine or piston, with fewer sophisticated.

■ Variety of U.S. Options Gerald R. Boyd of The New York Times reported earlier from Washington:

The White House spokesman, Larry Speakes, giving details of the Reagan administration's review of possible measures against the Nicaraguan government, said Friday that it would cover a "full family" of economic, political and other measures, which he declined to

clude the use of U.S. military forces in Central America.

Mr. Speakes said the House defeat of the request for aid to the tration hoped to accomplish end to exporting revolution to Nicaraguan rebels had "compro- through the review, he said: neighboring countries, a reduction mised" the U.S. position on Cen-Apparently in a reference to the tral America. He explained the ad-

"Over the next several days," he

Federal investigators are still trying to for the low crash toll. On Feb. 19, a Taiwan-liners. Nevertheless, a crash caused by a

crew tried to regain control. They finally erities contend that a key factor in weather were able to avert a plunge into the Pacific occidents is that while up-to-the-minute occidents. Large chunks of the tail tore away.

determine what caused the engine to tear ese Boring 747 on a flight to Los Angeles lost basic defect is a rarity. Again, the main

but the plane held together.

Specialists believe the sharp decline in accident rates can be attributed in no small

degree to the replacement of piston engines

by jets.
This was an enormous technical ad-

vance," said William R. Hendricks, chief of

the aviation accident division of the National

The use of jets also means airliners can climb above weather fronts that piston

Commuter airlines have lagged behind

their bigger brothers in achieving low acci-dent figures. Still, their safety records have

Most commuter planes are propeller craft,

Transportation Safety Board.

planes cannot surmount.

improved dramatically.

away from the American Airlines jet, which Clying speed and dropped from 41,000 feet to causes are human error or bad weather, continued safely to its destination.

10,000 feet (12.46 to 3.03 kilometers) as the The Federal Aviation Administration.

reviewing the full family of measures that can be taken to influence the situation in Nicaragua. While we will not be specific on the op-tions under consideration, they do include political, economic and other measures."

He added that the administration also would be considering "our own policies toward Nicaragua as well as ways to provide funding for the democratic resistance," or rebel forces.

The review will be conducted by Robert C. McFarlane, Mr. Rea-Asserting that he did not want to gan's national security adviser, and use "scare tactics," Mr. Speakes George P. Shultz, the secretary of said the possibilities did not instate. They are to be assisted, Mr. Speakes said, by all national security officials.

Asked about what the adminis-

to influence the behavior of the of ties with the Soviet Union, Cuba uproar over Mr. Reagan's plan to ministration review as an attempt Nicaraguan government, influence and other Communist-bloc countinues to reject President Reagan's visit a German military cometery to "take some initiative" with the the situation in Nicaragua, to tries.



The Federal Aviation Administration's

ground, the system does not relay it expedi-

tiously to pilots, often because controllers are at their busiest when the weather is bad.

FAA officials contend that pilots frequently

An ambitious improvement program is

Human error is a more nebulous hazard.

After years of sporadic advances - better

training, equipment design, warning systems

and personnel screening — evidence is growing that a sweeping and systematic assault on the problem is under way.

Several airlines conduct intensive pro-

grams in which cockpit crews use simulators

to fly regular airline runs, complete with simulated emergencies and analysis of how

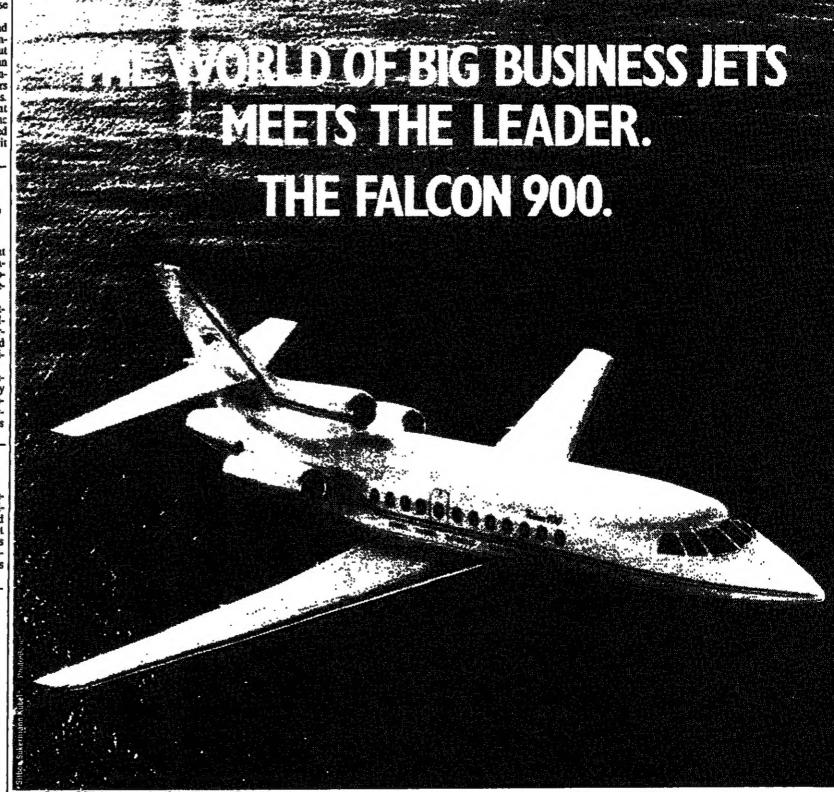
do not pay attention to what is made avail

under way, but under budget constraints.

Robert J. Dole

achieve our policy goals there of a free society, ready to have free elec-

The administration has called on Nicaragua to make a series of changes that include the establishment of a pluralistic democracy, an ough the review, he said: neighboring countries, a reduction in its arms buildup and a lessening



The Falcon 900 demonstrates leadership qualities in every important respect. First, it offers an extraordinary level of passenger comfort. All passengers who flew in it are unanimous to praise the quietness and comfort amenities of a very large cabin (2.34 m wide over 10 m long and 1.87 m headroom).

The Falcon 900 is a Leader in performance, too. With an effective range of 7,000 km (carrying 8 passengers and NBAA IFR reserves), it can easily fly from Paris to New York, from London to Abu Dhabi, from Tokyo to Jakarta. And the Falcon 900 can climb directly to 39,000 ft which puts it above international commercial air traffic. The Falcon 900 can cruise at up to Mach .85 (904 km/h) and has been flown at 94% of the speed of sound in test flights.

The Falcon 900 is also the Leader in efficiency. For long range operation, take-off weight is 20 tons, 10 tons less than its closest competitor under the same conditions and with the same

payload. Thanks to its latest-generation Garrett engines, its excellent aerodynamics and lighter weight, the Falcon 900's fuel consumption is record-breakingly low: some 1/3 less than the above competitor, whose engine consumes almost as much fuel when idling on the runway as that of the Falcon 900 when cruising at Mach.80.

These figures highlight the sophisticated aerodynamic design of the Falcon 900, utilizing Dassault computer technology developed for the famous Mirage fighters - an experience that's unique among producers of business jets.

The Falcon 900 also scores first for safety. In the unlikely event that one engine should fail, the remaining two can easily supply the requisite thrust and maintain operation of the aircraft's critical systems. This level of security obviously cannot be matched by twin-jet aircraft, either now or in the future, whatever the developments in international regulations.

If you would like to know more about the

Falcon 900, please contact us for full information. It will be our pleasure to introduce you to the new Leader in the world of business aviation - the

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Business takes off with Falcon.

# Gorbachev Says Soviet Offered **Mutual 25% Arms Reduction**

By Bradley Graham
Washington Post Service
WARSAW — The Soviet leader. Mikhail S. Gorbachev, has said that the Soviet Union suggested at the Geneva arms talks that both sides reduce their strategic arsenals

But in Washington, Reagan administration officials denied that the Soviet negotiators had made any new initiatives.

In remarks reported by the Soviet press agency Tass, Mr. Gorbachev told his allies Friday at the Warsaw Pact summit meeting here: "We have already suggested that both sides reduce strategic offensive arms by one-fourth as an open-

ing move."

He added: "But we would have no objections to making even deep-er mutual cuts. All this is possible if the arms race does not begin in space, if outer space remains an area of peace."

ended late in 1983 when the Russians walked out, Moscow had ofbombers to 1,800.

The current offer indicates that at least 25 percent and possibly In a warning addressed to Wash-

ington, Mr. Gorbachev said: "If preparations for 'star wars' continue, we will have no other choice but viously including intensification

PARIS - Former world leaders

attending an international seminar

on global issues have agreed that

one of the greatest problems in the world is the U.S. deficit, estimated

They also expressed pessimism Saturday about the U.S.-Soviet

arms talks in Geneva and urged the

two superpowers to find common

ground, such as the environment,

talks. We need to find other areas

where the superpowers can cooper-

ate, like energy or the environment.

eral, Kurt Waldheim. They met for

By Warren Getler

in West Germany since December,

police are taking extra precautions

to ensure that the May 2-4 econom-

ic summit conference proceeds

President Ronald Reagan will

join the heads of government of

West Germany, France, Britain, It-

aly, Canada and Japan at the Bonn

conference. Mr. Reagan, who ar-

rives Wednesday, will stay until

next Monday and then fly to Ma-

Bonn's police force of 1,500 will

be reinforced by more than 10,000

from forces around the country. It

will be the largest police contingent seen in the West German capital since the 1973 visit of Leonid I.

A spokesman at the Interior

Ministry, which is responsible for

combating the terrorism that has hit the country sporadically since

PROGRAM, MONDAY 29th APRIL

BONN - After 40 bomb attacks

and build confidence."

James Callaghan, a former Brit-

Ex-World Leaders Stress

Problem of U.S. Deficit

ish prime minister, said, "My fear is East-West dialogue regardless of

The participants included 30 former heads of state or government bomb." Mr. Callaghan called it a "time bomb." Mr. Schmidt said it "must

two days in Paris under the auspic- was mainly responsible for high in-

es of the InterAction Council, an terest rates worldwide, unemploy-

that the world may be disappointed developments at in the rate of progress at the arms negotiations.

and the former UN secretary-gen- be cut to pieces."

months ago.

and improvement of offensive nu-clear armaments."

He was referring to President Ronald Reagan's plan for a spacebased defense system, popularly called "star wars." Mr. Gorbachev urged the United

States to reconsider its rejection of a mutual U.S.-Soviet freeze on nuclear weapons, denying U.S. claims that such a move would consolidate

a Soviet edge. He called on the Reagan administration to give "more serious and thorough" thought to the an-nouncement April 7 of a Soviet freeze on the deployment of inter-mediate-range nuclear missiles. He also asked the United States

to "display restraint" in stationing new U.S. nuclear missiles in Western Europe, Those missiles are meant to offset the much larger numbers of new Soviet mediumrange missiles already deployed.

In the previous Geneva talks that U.S. Denies Soviet Offer

The Reagan administration said Saturday that Soviet negotiators fered a 20-percent reduction, from had not made any new offers to 2,250 Soviet missiles and heavy reduce strategic nuclear missiles or even put their old proposals back on the bargaining table. The Asso-Moscow is willing to extend that to ciated Press reported from Wash-

> of course, ready to examine seriously any concrete Soviet proposals for substantial, balanced and stabilizing reductions in strategic

international forum created 18

Among those attending were Helmut Schmidt of West Germany,

Takeo Fukuda of Japan, Jacques

Chaban-Delmas of France, Pierre

Elliott Trudeau of Canada and

All expressed concern over the

arms race, Third World debt, arms

purchases, the environment and

world population growth.

But they emphasized the U.S. deficit and the need to establish an

developments at the Soviet-U.S.

"an unmitigated evil" and the

"greatest threat to the world since 1945."

The participants said the deficit

Guerrilla Attacks Make Bonn Wary

Guerrillas of the Red Army Fac-

the bulk of the blasts, as well as for of militant "autonomous" anar-

tion have claimed responsibility for

the killing earlier this year of a

leading industrialist. Ernst Zim-

oner-of-war status for imprisoned

guerrillas; they also say the attacks

are aimed at institutions and indi-

viduals that aid the West's "imperi-

Mr. Kowalski said the number of

hard-core Red Army Faction mem-

bers has grown by 20 to a total of

about 40 since the start of the series

of bomb blasts, many of them aimed at North Atlantic Treaty Or-

ganization facilities.

The pattern of bomb attacks

BROADCASTING TO CABLE COMPANIES

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18.00 THE LUCY SHOW 18.30 GREATEST AMERICAN HERO 19.20 VEGAS 20.10 THE UNTOUCHABLES 21.105 ICE HOCKEY 22.10 SKY TRAX

alist designs."

the early 1970s, said his office had we've seen in recent months has

Mr. Fraser called the U.S. deficit

Malcolm Fraser of Australia.

pression created by press accounts of General Secretary Gorbachev's statement, however, the Soviet Union has made no proposal for reductions in strategic forces in the new Geneva negotiations."

In fact, she said, the Russians had not "gone so far as to resubmit their old proposals made in the 1982-1983 START talks." She was referring to the Strategic Arms Re-

Reagan 'Willing' to Meet

Mr, Reagan said in an interview released Saturday that he was "very willing" to meet Mr. Gorbachev at the United Nations in the fall, despite his disappointment over the Soviet response to the killing of a U.S. officer in East Germany, The Washington Post reported from Washington.

A U.S. Army major, Arthur D. Nicholson Jr., was shot to death by

a Soviet sentry on March 24.

Mr. Reagan said the Russians missed a "great opportunity to achieve some stature in the world" by not admitting that the shooting was a "tragic thing" and apologizing to the officer's family.

But in an interview with journalists from six nations participating with the United States in the eco-A State Department press offi-cer, Sonda McCarty, said: "We are, week, Mr. Reagan said that he wanted to meet the Soviet leader because "people get in trouble when they're talking about each other instead of when they're talking to each other."

James Callaghan

ment in the industrialized West and

the economic crisis in the develop-

lobby for their proposals before the economic summit this week in

On disarmament, the council called for an immediate end to "any arms race in outer space" and

reductions in weapons and arms

chist groups coming to Bonn dur-

ing the summit meeting. The offi-cials said they might turn violent at

planned in the surrounding area.

LISBON - South African

troops remain in southern Angola

despite Foreign Minister R.F.

Botha's announcement that they would be withdrawn by April 20, according to the Angolan press

agency Angop, monitored here.

In a report Saturday, the agency quoted the chief Angolan official

on a commission set up last year by Angola and South Africa to super-

vise the withdrawal of the troops

and the curbing of Namibian na-

tionalist guerrillas based in Angola. The official, Captain Zeca Samu-conga, said a company of South

African troops was stationed near

the Calueque Dam and that South African planes had violated Ango-lan air space since April 15. Five South African military

planes crossed the border Thursday

and flew as far as Calueque in the

Otchikango district, presumably in

support of the ground troops, the agency quoted Captain Samuconga as saying.

Angola Says South Africa

Still Has Troops in Country

Various council members will

ing world.

The letter was published without

Arthur A. Hartman

Soviet Prints

U.S. Envoy's

Plea for Peace

By Seth Mydans

New York Times Service

MOSCOW - The government

newspaper Izvestia has published a

letter from Ambassador Arthur A. Hartman of the United States that

recalls the meeting of U.S. and So-viet soldiers on the Elbe River 40

years ago and that says that the

Diplomats said the U.S. Embas-

sy was taken by surprise by the

appearance of the letter Saturday.

It was submitted to the Foreign Ministry for publication three

United States seeks peace.

A year ago, the Communist Parrelations between the two coun-

The ambassador's latest letter said: "President Reagan has said that a nuclear war 'cannot be won and must never be fought. That view has been at the root of American foreign policy since 1945, and

remains so today."

The message of peaceful intentions runs counter to the picture of an aggressive United States that the Soviet press has been presenting. As the 40th anniversary of the victory of the wartime Allies in Europe approaches, Soviet criticism

has been growing. The letter appeared without comment on an inside page of Levestia under the headline. "About the Meeting at the Elbe." It referred to the linkup of U.S. and Soviet forces on April 25, 1945, in Torgau, in what is now East Gormany, and is considered a symbol of the victory of the anti-Hitler

Mr. Hartman wrote: "As a young airman who served in the Far East, along with thousands of my countrymen and Allies, I well remember the event, and the joy and hope it inspired. Two great — if profoundly different — peoples had at long last linked up in a common cause. In that bright

had also brought positive changes, exemplified by the meeting this week in Bonn of the leaders of the seven main industrialized democramermann. The goal of the attacks, cials said they might turn violent at cies, including the successors of leaflets have said, is to achieve priscies, including the successors of

South African anti-guerrilla,

The truth is that the announced

cavalry and police units also were positioned along the border, the

intentions of the withdrawal from

Angolan territory are not being carried out with the necessary clar-

ity," Angop said.
"All this naturally provokes a

climate of great tension in the south of the province of Cunene,

creating a situation in which fresh

attacks and invasions become im-

South Africa, which invaded An-

gola in 1981, agreed in February 1984 to a phased withdrawal on the

condition that Angola would keep the area free of Cuban troops sup-

porting Angola and Namibian

Later last year South Africa stopped the pullback, saying that guerrillas of the South-West Africa

People's Organization, the Namibian insurgent movement, were still active in the area. (AFP, Reuters)

agency added.

minent," it said,

#### no indication of plans by guerrillas been a series of hit-and-run jobs, for an attack in Bonn itself during with the terrorists choosing isolatspring of 1945, nothing on earth the conference. Hans-Günther Kowalski, the spokesman, said the ministry did not rule out an attack against in the conference. ed targets so as to reduce the risk of their being apprehended," he said. Thus we're not expecting to see similar tactics in Bonn while the emed impossible. "Much has changed since then. The bright hopes of 1945 have been tarnished by postwar realities. The dustrial or military targets outside city is so thoroughly blanketed by a the Bonn area during the meeting. glow of our wartime cooperation has dimmed. We regret this." Police and Interior Ministry offi-But he said the postwar period cials see a more immediate danger

the leader of the major power in the

#### **Byron Essay** Is Found in London Cellar

The Associated Press LONDON — An unknown essay by Lord Byron satirizing

human cruelty and war has been discovered in the cellar of his publisher, the Sunday Telegraph reported. It said the document was found in the cellar of John Mur-

ray by Professor Leslie Mar-chand, a biographer of the 19thcentury poet. The newspaper quoted Mr. Marchand as saying the finding was "a strange composition in Byron's unmistak-able handwriting." The essay, dated March 14,

1816. is about Tamerlane, Mr. Marchand was quoted as say-ing. Tameriane, a 14th-century Turkish conqueror, was known for his barbarity

The Telegraph said the essay would appear May 17 in The Times Literary Supplement.

## Europeans Disapprove of Plan to Visit Cemetery

By Richard Bernstein

PARIS - Western Europeans. including those from countries once occupied by Nazi Germany, watched the furor over President Ronald Reagan's planned trip to a German military cemetery for sev-eral days with little comment or protest of their own.

But in the last few days, as the controversy has grown in the Unit-ed States, a modest swell of comment, most of it critical of Mr. Reagan, has emerged in several countries.

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher of Britain became the only major Western European leader, except for Chancellor Hel-mut Kohl of West Germany, to comment directly on the issue when she distanced herself from Mr. Reagan's plans.

Responding in Parliament on Thursday to a Labor Party member's comment that the president's proposed visit to the Bilburg military cemetery was "insulting and offensive," she said: "I am not responsible for the activities of the United States. I have considerable sympathy with what you say."

Diplomats in several countries said there had been considerable reporting by European journalists in the United States on the intense opposition the visit has aroused there among Jews and others, including members of Congress.

But they said both reporting and commentary had generally beenty newspaper Pravda did not print overshadowed by other foreign po-a letter from Mr. Hartman marking the 50th anniversary of diplomatic relations between the two com-

A Dutch newspaper, NRC Han-delsblad of Rotterdam, said: "The White House and the chancellery have walked into a political and psychological minefield."

The paper expressed the view that Mr. Reagan was refusing to alter his plans because he did not want to "allow a diplomatic affront to take place.

In Britain, The Observer newspaper said: "Nothing Ronald Reagan has done in his four and a half years as president of the United States has been as inept as his stubborn insistence that he will visit a German war cemetery where SS troops lie buried."

"Hastily adding a concentration camp site to his itinerary — 2s if this were a matter of balance or 'equal time' - merely emphasizes the president's grotesque insensitivity." The Observer said. "Mr. Reagan's blithe remarks last week that German soldiers were victims just as surely as the victims in the concentration camps further demonstrated the limits both of his in-

tellect and his imagination." In France, newspapers have given attention to the issue as it developed in the United States. A headline in the leftist daily Libération said: "Reagan: Zero in History."

Le Monde said in an editorial. referring to the good relations between the Germans and their former foes: "The reconciliation that has, in fact, existed for some time, cannot be justified if it rests on the

scattered cinders of forgetfulness. "To switch the roles formerly played by the victims and their exe-cutioners," it said, "is a vice already reaching to too many minds for us not to worry when it is practiced by

#### North Korea had given priority to the possibility of taking over South treaty commitment to come to their By Bernard Gwertzman New York Times Service WASHINGTON - President Korea by force, but was now being Ronald Reagan and President Chun Doo Hwan of South Korea compelled to consider a peaceful Hickam Air Force Base, Hawaii, tarized zone in recent months, confor an overnight stopover before returning home. United Press Inhave expressed concern over the continued forward deployment of North Korean troops closer to the demilitarized zone separating the ternational reported from Hawaii.] But after a White House meeting

By Koreas Toward Reconciliation

Mr. Chun pledged to Mr. Rea-gan that he intended to carry out his promise to retire from office in Friday, the two leaders also said that they were encouraged by steps toward reconciliation being made

President Reagan and President Chun of South Korea and their wives at the White House,

Reagan, Chun Encouraged by Steps \*

1988 and allow the peaceful accesbetween North Korea and South sion of a civilian government. There has never been a peaceful A senior administration official change of government in South who took part in the meeting said Korea, U.S. officials said that Mr. that although North Korea's mili-Reagan, in the meeting praised Mr. Chun for his "historic" pledge tary moves and its agreement to meet next month to hold talks on and for recent changes that had trade relations seemed contradicopened up the political scene to tory, they probably reflected North

Korea's uncertainty over how to achieve its longstanding goal of The security situation in Korea was the most important aspect of The official said that in the past the visit for the South Koreans.

many opposition figures.

defense as a major deterrent to another war with North Korea.

The North Koreans have reorganized their forces along the demililery in offensive positions, U.S. of-

Mr. Reagan said: "The ties linking the republic of Korea and the 3-United States are many and strong. Our security ties, which I reaffirmed today, remain the linchpin of peace in Northeast Asia."

Mr. Chun replied that he was convinced that the United States would "resolutely cope with any military adventurism or terrorist attacks of North Korea against the peace of this region."

The United States has about 40,000 combat troops in South Ko-

#### Rebellion in Sudan Unsettles Region Regime May Shift from Pro-U.S. Stance to Quash Revolt Sunday that the Libyan leader, Colonel Moamer Qadhafi, had

By Jonathan C. Randal Washington Post Service

Korean unification.

KHARTOUM, Sudan — The re fusal of the leader of the southern Sudanese insurrection to negotiate with the new government has aroused fears of major changes in the political balance in the strategic Horn of Africa.

Not since once pro-American Ethiopia switched sides to the Sovi-

#### **NEWS ANALYSIS** et Union in the mid-1970s has the

stage appeared set for such a poten-tially momentous restructuring of power and influence in the region, according to diplomats and Sudanese analysts.

At stake is a possible shift by Sudan away from its orientation toward the United States and Egypt to closer ties with Ethiopia and Libya, which are backed by the Soviet Union, in an effort by the new government in Khartoum to eliminate the rebellion in the country's south. Sudan, whose control of the waters of the Nile is vital to Egypt, receives more U.S. aid than any other country in sub-Saharan

Three weeks after President Gaafar Nimeiri was deposed, analysts have tentatively concluded that John Garang, leader of the Sudan People's Liberation Army, seems determined to bring down the fledgling military transitional

Far from from ending his twoyear-old insurrection after the overthrow of his old enemy, General Nimeiri, Mr. Garang has warned that his forces will soon expand the war by fighting in the north as well as the south.

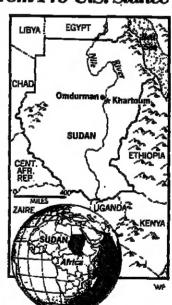
He also gives every indication of maintaining his refusal to deal with the transitional military council or the civilian cabinet. The council appears determined

to force Mr. Garang into negotia-tions by initiating high-level con-tacts with Libya and Ethiopia, which previously had been hostile to Sudan, in hopes of persuading them to end financial and military support for the rebellion. Analysts predicted that Libya would press for a major change in

#### 79 Are Killed in a Fire At Argentine Hospital BUENOS AIRES - Seventy-

nine people died and 247 were in-jured when flames swept through a private mental hospital, according to the federal police. Police and fire department inves-

tigators said Saturday that the cause of the fire Friday at the St. Emilienne Neuropsychiatric Institute in the suburban neighborhood of Saavedra has not been determined. The hospital's director and administrator were in custody until they could be questioned by a judge investigating the cause of the fire.



Sudan's pro-Egyptian and pro-

American policies in return for

helping the Khartoum authorities.

The Marxist government of Ethio-

pia is expected to make similar de-

mands and to ask Khartoum to restrict the Sudan-based activities

of separatist rebels from Ethiopia's

A top-level Sudanese delegation

left for home Sunday after a visit to

Ethiopia, including a meeting with the leader. Lieutenant Colonel

Mengistu Haile Mariam, seeking to

improve relations. The Associated Press reported from Addis Ababa.

Brigadier Osman Abdullah Mo-

Tigre and Eritrea provinces.

southern Sudan, Reuters reported from Doha. The minister said he expected that better relations with Libva and Ethiopia "could help end the rebellion in southern Su-Many Sudanese believe that Mr. Garang, an American-educated

.08 H

former army colonel, holds the key to solving the country's major problems — improved relations with its neighbors, renewed work on oil and water projects interrupted by the fighting, and the estimated \$500,000 to \$1 million daily cost

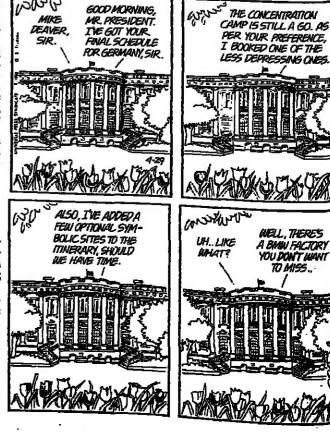
Yet few northerners appear to have understood the message in his daily broadcasts from a clandestine radio station in Ethiopia in which he says he is prepared for a long struggle to reorder power in a future socialist Sudan.

General Nimeiri's introduction of sharia, or Islamic law, in the non-Moslem south after he took power in 1969 was a key factor in the resumption of the rebellion.

Some foreign analysts say Sudan rapidly is becoming so exhausted by famine, financial crisis and the war that Mr. Garang's "black power" dream may for the first time be within his grasp.

"Six months ago I would have said it was impossible for a southerner like Garang to take power." a European diplomat remarked "Now I think it's possible but only [Sudan's new defense minister, after the Sudan goes through a Brigadier Osman Abdullah Molong, painful process of unravel-harumed, said in Doha, Qatar, on ing."

#### DOONESBURY



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ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK



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has always supported the private sector - when such

Development Fund lending since the program began in 1973. The promise of the much heralded "Asian Century" has yet to suggest itself strongly in South Asia and 12 to 20 per cent of all their grant content aid from multilateral institutions comes

year. In other words, in the view of ADB staffers, the donor

Bank's role as Honest Broker

The Asian Development Bank plays the honest broker among

many competing interests. There are 45 member nations rep-

resented by a dozen "constituencies" whose representatives sit

on the Bank's Board of Directors. It evaluates which countries

are eligible for the concessionary lending - since 1973 this has

included 20 countries - finds and fund projects, monitors their

progress, evaluates their results and enters into policy dialogues.

The Bank sees US\$5 billion as the amount required to keep

its recipient countries moving toward ecomomic independence

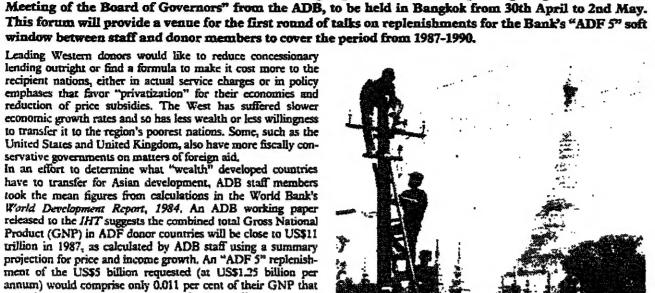
in the "ADF 5" period. If history is an index, most of this money will go to five South Asian countries: Bangladesh, Pakis-

tan, Burma, Sri Lanka and Nepal. According to Bank sources,

they have already been the beneficiaries of 87 per cent of Asian

with recipient government leaders and administrators.

countries can still easily afford to support "ADF 5".



Burma Electric, Lineman of the Electric Power Corporation install a transformer in Rangoon.

clude that the "Asian Century" has arrived and they can start to reap some of the benefits from investments they've sown, or at least cut the cost of continuing planting.

Receivers meanwhile, enforce economic self-disciplines many Western states would find unthinkable and often gain or lose ground in the absence of stable Western development. Examples would be the "oil shock" of the 1970s, which caused developing Asian countries to spend up to 60 per cent of foreign exchange earnings on imported oil. Now there is a glut and things have somewhat improved, but this is recovery rather than progress. In the same way, real dollars of aid from multilateral donors to the ADB have shrunk against the US dollar, but exports have improved because of devalued Asian currencies.

#### Advocate for the Region

The ADB is by definition an instrument of advocacy for the region's growth - as a "region". Having concluded Asia's poorest nation's need US\$5 billion for growth (actually even this figure assumes a shortfall), the staff members must now Donors see the strength of Asian growth indeces and confight for its allocation from the Western donor countries.

We think there's only one economics, and it applies to all countries, and all peoples. is something that has no place in the formulation of econ-

The U.S. is currently taking an internal review of its policies towards these things and certainly will actively push these policies. I think that you'll see over the next four years of the second Reagan administration a much more forceful move in

ducts its lending program. Currently Bank staff go out and find a project and then sniff around to see if there are any policy changes possible within the leverage of that project. The United States would like to see a change, so that we would go out into the field looking for those policies which are detrimental to economic growth. Then send into the country a technical munity' completely rejects the assistance project, which would help identify why those Representatives of 45 as 'development economics'. Continued overleaf

The issues and arguments will go public in Bankok, but sabers have been rattling since early this year, when the Bank sponsored a conference on privatization policies, methods and procedures in Manila. Late last year, the Reagan administration appointed a "supply sider economist", Joe O. Rogers, formerly with U.S. Congressman Jack Kemp's staff, to replace a Carter appointee on the ADB board. The Bank's quiet office cubicles have been abuzz with reactions to what have been viewed by some staff and other board members as his brash assertions about public sector ineptitude and naive assumptions about achievable changes in the policies of recipient nations.

Although the ADB President, Masao Fujioka, was noticeably guarded about prospects for ADF funding requests in a recent interview, the Bank's Vice President of Finance and Administration, S. Stanley Katz, has been quietly presenting the case for replenishment in the United States and publically using "The Asian Century" theme as a way to chide Western donors into increased financial support.

In a recent IHT op-ed article, Katz contended that multilateral lending institutions like the ADB are beliweathers of Western participation in Asia, "But the continent's move toward the center of the world economic stage is hardly reflected in Western policies and programs."

In an oblique swipe at tied bilateral aid favored by the Reagan administration, he extolled the sweet side of the classical "guns or butter" economic equation arguing that, "As a first step, they must realize that ecomomic development, not military hardware, is Asia's top priority... Whereas U.S. officials who visit Asia usually leave behind mutual security agreements, Japanese officials leave behind lines of export credit."

#### The United States will pay its arrears

A press analysis early this year suggested President Fujioka has been too accommodating to pressures from Washington, and that the United States has stayed in arrears on its promised payments to the ADF from earlier periods as an instrument of policy. In an IHT interview, Fujioka stated that he has no reason to believe the Reagan administration is intentionally not paying its soft window bills, a view confirmed by various staff members and the U.S. representative, Joe O. Rogers.

The United States has promised to pay its arrears amounts without prejudice to the "ADF 5" negotiations, according to Bank spokesmen. That means, in addition to whatever the Reagan administration is willing to support in the next cycle, it will have to pay up US\$28 million it still owes from "ADF 2" (1976-1978), another US\$63 million it owes from a payment tranche due in 1984, its 1985 payment tranche of US\$130 billion (both from "ADF 4").

The reason the U.S. failure to pay its bills was viewed as a policy lever is that its payment tranches are triggers for payments from other donors. Consequently late payments have also held up a US\$65 million payment from Canada. The argument was that the U.S. dragged its feet on payments intentionally to lock the payment triggers and starve the Bank into submission to its will on matters of policy.

Fujioka's US\$5 billion request suggests anything but timidity.



For instance, the "ADF 4" replenishments were whittled down from an ADB request for US\$4 billion to an eventual final commitment of US\$3.2 billion. This reduction was precipitated by the inability or unwillingness of the U.S. administration to prise more money from its Congress.

The U.S. contribution to "ADF 4" fell from its usual 22 per cent of total lending to about 16 per cent. Japan, meanwhile, increased its share from its usual one-third to about 38 per cent. The U.S. broke with a tradition of rating its contribution as a percentage of the total and instead presented the Bank with a flat dollar figure, from which it would not budge.

According to Daud Ilyas, financial advisor to the Bank's Treasury Department, the Reagan administration did not anticipate the shortfall, which resulted from maneuvering in Congressional committees, and that they've promised to restore the usual percentage relationships rather than rely in future on such financial fait accompli.

Whether by Congresssional acceident or Administration design, the end result of the U.S. position was to cause a 2.7 per cent decline in ADF lending in 1984. The pressure for replenishments is made greater because it is anticipated that by the end of 1986 there will be no ADF resources left for any further loan commitments. This has made observers jittery and given the Reagan administration a whiphand in this year's negotiations, since the United States is the second largest donor, a later payer and its current Administration is no friend of untied foreign aid.



April 17, 1985

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# Joe Rogers Tells All

**ADF Replenishments.** 

Wanted: Five Billion Dollars to Launch

'The Asian Century'

t takes about two years for representatives of the donor members, developing country members and

staff of the Asian Development Bank to hammer out their four-year replenishment programs for the

Asian Development Fund - the 'soft window' or grant content lending arm of the Bank. For that rea-

son alone, there is likely to be more heat than light generated at the impending "Eighteenth Annual

# **What America wants in Trade**

Ithough the United States is not the largest lender nation to the you to do is to take on a very Asian Development Bank, it's become the most obstinate - and thereby the one to watch in the upcoming Board of Governors meeting in Bangkok. Supply-siders in the Reagan administration believe America has a new and better way to export the ideology of private property, by arguing for its role as the only successful generator of economic growth. Following the so far politically successful application of the formula in the United States, they now mean to undermine state-run economic institutions overseas and force their divestment

into private hands. Using a combination of running criticism for all public sector involvement in the provision of goods and services, an absolute faith in the necessary superiority and efficiency of the private sector. and the "magic of the marketplace" as the only workable determinant of what's in the public good, Reagan administration government appointees have been most notable for their efforts to divest their departments and agencies of funds and authority - in effect to reduce the scope of or eliminate their own agencies and jobs. Joe O. Rogers, director of the U.S. constituency to the ADB Board of Governors,

In his mid-thirties, Rogers is an economist who was formerly chief of staff with Congressman lack Kemp. In the six months since he's been at the Bank's Manila headquarters, he's been an outspoken critic of current Bank priorities and has probably had a lot to do with its impulse to schedule a spate of conferences and internal reports focused on issues of privatization, developing capital markets, strategies for assistance to the private sector, raising national savings rates, bank lending without government guarantees, and domestic preference policy for procurement. Rogers wants future aid tied to policy promises by recipient nations that assure a program of state divestitures, and he wants the Bank's measures of success on projects tied to the same

has brought that winning,

combination to Asia.

divestment to the private ADB's president, Masao Fujioka, asserts that the Bank it as a successful application

Rogers feels the Bank has remained too much of a neutral instrument and should be an advocate for private sector development for the same reasons Fujioka cites as traditional limitations.

support was made possible by nations and about 600 staff the presence of entre- members work in the day-topreneurial institutions and day world of ADB, which absorption capacity in a means they are often as starv- more strongly in areas of what recipient nation, but this has ed for information about each some people call 'privatizanot often been the case, other's views as the world at tion', but that's really a spirit, President Fujioka, know what America wants in two-hour interview with the



catalytic to change and to tell them: growth in the developing world, but Fujioka reflects the more moderate view that a necessary tension does not equal a necessary opposition between private and public sectors. In other words, that assistance which makes the public sector more efficient is as useful an instrument of

sector. Rogers might accept this as an interim compromise, but would never see of Bank lending policy.

Manila headquarters of the Asian Development Bank. Both see the Bank's rôle as IHT Joe O. Rogers was keen

to Policy Changes . . . idea that there is such a thing

On Project Aid tied

"The main thrust of U.S. participation in the Bank is to bring to the ADB as well as to the other multilaterals, that same kind of economic philosophy and changes in economic policies which the change as one that favors President's been pushing for at home. The U.S. unlike some of the other constituencies and certainly unlike the so-called 'development com-

The notion that you have to do something different in countries because they're poor omic policy. What that leads that you purport to help. Our view is that all people react to economic incentives in the same way. The purpose we have is to move all the countries forward to a democratic-capitalist framework,

The ADB is just one institution within a whole framework of international policies that we're looking at. So we have moved much large is about theirs. In that misnomer. What we're looking for here is a dismantling of ADB staff and other country state ownership of the producrepresentatives are keen to tion of goods and services. We're not looking at the pretrade for its Asian aid. In a sent time for this to spill over into all the traditional utilities that countries have operated, though we think that is certainly one of the longer term target areas: to also place those in private hands. As a first effort, you have to stop giving money to state-owned enterprises. To show you're serious about having them sell off the ones they own, you have to stop funding the ones

that exist.

We are looking for a change in the way that the Bank con-

#### 18th Annual ADB Meeting to be held in Bangkok

The 18th Annual Meeting of the Bank's Board of Governors will be held at the Dusit Thani Hotel, Bangkok, Thailand, from 30 April to 2 May 1985.

More than 1,000 participants, including Governors and their advisers from the Bank's 45 member countries, observers from international organizations, leaders of the international banking financial and development community, and the press corps, are expected to attend the meeting, which is considered Asia's most important financial conference of the year, according to a Report in the ADB Quarterly Review for January 1985.

The occasion will provide an opportunity for the Governors to discuss the economic problems of the Asian and Pacific region, to review the Bank's progress and to guide its future

operations. The Board of Governors is the Bank's highest policy-making body. All the powers of the Bank are vested in the Board of Governors, which may delegate its power to the Board of Directors except on certain matters such as admission of new members, change in the authorized capital stock of the Bank, election of Directors and the President, and amendment of the Charter.

The Chairman of the Board of Governors is the Governor for Thailand. The Vice-Chairmen are the Governors for Denmark and Indonesia.

Following is a listing of the 12 Directors and their corresponding constituencies. Constituencies are formed on a voluntary basis among the 45 member Nations. ADB president Masao Fujioka chairs the Board which as of 1st February 1985 included:

the board which as	Of 1st replicaty 190	os incidaça.
Director	Alternate	12 Constituencies and Countries Represented
Sofjan Djajawinata	R.C.W. Hamilton	Cook Islands, Fiji, Indonesia, New Zealand, Tonga, Western Samoa
Alan F. Gill	Palle Marker	Canada, Denmark, Finland, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden
K.J. Horton-Stephens	Ralph Hillman*	Australia, Hong Kong, Kiribati, Solomon Islands
Le Duc Van	Ronnie Weerakoon	Dem. Rep. of Afghanistan, Lao People's Dem. Rep., Maldives, Dem. Soc. Rep. of Sri Lanka, Soc. Rep. of Viet Nam
John Machin	Hans Martin Schmid	Austria, Federal Republic of Germany, United Kingdom
Tunku Abdul Malek	Kawee Keereepart	Burma, Malaysia, Nepal, Singapore, Thailand
Alejandro Melchor, Jr.	N.M. Qureshi	Pakistan, Philippines
Paolo Nardi	Gino Alzetta	Belgium, France, Italy, Switzerland
Minoru Ohashi	Yukio Saruhashi	Japan
G. Ramachandran	K.F. Rahman	Bangladesh, Bhutan, India
Joe O. Rogers	Donald R. Sherk	United States
Sung-Yong Wei	John Natera	Republic of China, Republic of Korea, Papua New Guinea,

Vanuatu

are from the Asian region and fourteen from Western Europe and North America.

ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

The ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK is an international finance institution based in Manila,

Philippines and established for the purpose of lending funds, promoting investments and pro-

viding technical assistance to developing countries and generally, for fostering economic

growth in the Asian region. Its membership comprises forty-five countries, thirty-one of which

The Bank offers challenging opportunities to highly qualified and experienced professionals

who seek employment on a career or fixed term basis. Applications are invited for the follow-

## Thai International celebrates twenty years of profitability

Prime candidate for 'privatization'

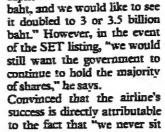
hen Thai International's Chairman Air Chief Marshal Prapan Dhupatemiya lays the foundation stone for the carrier's new 22-storey headquarters tower on May 1st, its 25th anniversary, he will be inaugurating a significantly new chapter for the national airline. Twenty consecutive years of top profitability for Thai, in an industry that has been beset by more than its full share of woes, have earned accolades for the airline as an acknowledged leader in the field of aviation in Asia.

"Thai's rapid expansion in the last decade has more than paid off," says its Executive Vice President/Marketing Chatrachai Bunya-ananta, pointing with pride to the airline's "blue chip" credit rating among international bankers for once. For a fledgling national carrier in the developing world, whose origins were sometimes shrouded in controversy, Thai's remarkable turn-around can be directly attributed to its efficient management policies.

Today, the 100 per cent stateowned enterprise - the Finance Ministry holds 84 per cent, with the remaining 16 per cent in the hands of the Communication Ministry and the local carrier, Thai Airways - is without a doubt one of the country's most profitable, next to the Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand (EGAT), and a prime candidate for "privatiz-

Thai International's President Air Chief Marshal Janya Sukontasap says he welcomes "the decision to sell shares on the Securities Exchange of Thailand (SET) as this is very much in line with the present Government's policy." However, the formula for privatization, he explains, is still under study by the airline. "The fact that the management of Thai recognise that the airline's fiture growth is dependent on improving the present debt/ equity ratio, is behind much of the privatization discussions now going on," says Mr Chatrachai, admitting that this is a very positive move considering that the government, under the present existing economic constraints, cannot afford to inject and more capital into the stateowned enterprise.

Thai has had to survive on its own strength," he says,



capitalization is 1.4 billion

success is directly attributable to the fact that "we never sit still, but are always looking to make improvements," Mr Chatrachai admits, he welcomes privarization because it will forcibly inject more commercial thinking into the organization. "The airline business is a highly competitive one and the simation for the industry will not get better, it will only get worse. We will have to be more efficient, more innovative and more forward looking if we are to hold on to our present market advantages and expand on them." he says.

By February of next year, Thai International's aircraft fleet will number six advanced Boeing 747's, 16 Airbusses and 2 DC-10's, though "we are still looking for new aircraft capable of making longer distance direct flights," says Mr Chatrachai.

#### Bangkok: Gateway to the Far East

Thai's regional route network - "second to none" - has confirmed Bangkok's position "and to not inhibit its future as the "gateway to the Far East", he says, adding that it is an "advantage we intend to keep at all costs." The marketing strategy on its international routes that stretch from North America to Europe and south to Australia, and for non stop

direct flights to major destinations; "where the business is," he quips. "The days of 'Hopalong Cassidy' travelling making many intermediary the day. Thai's present stops on a long-distance flight

- are a thing of the past, whether you are a passenger travelling for business or pleasure.

In line with Thai International's "forward-looking". have been the airline's entry into such related, self-sustaining activities as; in-flight catering operations and services, wide-bodied aircraft maintenance, back-up transport services, and most notably, several hotel joint ventures. Whether there will be more, Mr Charrachai says, he isn't sure right now, it will all depend on what proves to be "commercially viable", the key word today in the airline's operational planning. It is too early to say with

any assurance just what effect



Executive Vice-President/ President of Marketing, Thai Airways International.

the recent November devaluation of the Thai currency has had on Thai's current profitability picture, but according to early estimates, he believes it will be minimal. "With the 17.2 percent devaluation, it will automatically push our debts up, but revenue-wise we are running way above target.

"Our problem," he says, "is that by law we are not allowed to revalue our assets, so we are still carrying on the books, our big aircraft expenditures at the same old rate."

For fiscal year 1983/84, which ended on the 30th of September, Thai recorded its highest-ever pre-tax profit of 2,126.7 million baht (US\$93.3 million at the then existing exchange rates). Outstanding yield and revenue improvement was realized systemwide, with passenger traffic credited with earning the major share, 80 percent, 15 percent from cargo operations and 5 percent from other airline activities.

The number of passengers carried had increased by 5.2 percent over the previous fiscal year, to reach a total of 2,635,392. Total traffic carried measured in revenue ton-kilometres (RTK) was 1,195.4, an increase of 8.7 percent compared with 1982/83. Thai has a total staff of 9,623.

In reflecting on problems affecting the airline industry, Mr Chatrachai pointed to the increasing costs of aircraft. "Even though we have learned to "hedge" our purchases, opting in many cases for a lease-back arrangement and in a 'basket of currencies', we are still feeling current economic restraints. Privatization," he adds, "might be a welcome move in helping Thai to get around some of the problems."

To talk of merging both

Thai Airways, the local carrier, and Thai International, Mr Chatrachai says: "in principle this has already been agreed to. We are just waiting for the 'green light', but the government has to give it."

European countries have asked

Continued from previous page

Air Chief Marshal Janya

Sukomasap, President, Thai

Airways International

growth, it is important to be

able to seek outside capital."

In order for the national car-

rier to seek funds from the

public sector, it will be

necessary for the government

to enact a new law, but this is

not expected to be a problem,

"The most likely scenario,"

adds Mr Chatrachai, "will be

to convert all retained profit

into equity and revalue the

net worth of the company on

in his view.

#### What America wants

ere. At that stage we would begin looking at projects where you can effectively leverage change in those policies. Now it can only be done concurrent with the proiect. It is always the case that the project has been chosen by some of the more insistent Board members. The technical assistance gets tacked on to the side of an existing

project. We'd like the technical assistance and definition of policy requirements made first. The project line would then be used for leverage or a 'sweetener' to bring about policy change; and make that assistance contingent on having the policy changes in pro-- and begin tying not only loan effectiveness but loan disbursements to continued progress in the policy area. As you know, we believe it's the policy changes that drive the economic growth. Resource transfers that can come through a multilateral institution are so small that, if you don't have the policy changes, they won't matter. So they are only important insofar as they are the mechanism which you use to achieve policy reform."

On how the only good State Enterprise is one divested or defunct...

Q. If a state enterprise existed that was doing a better job than the private sector, would support for it be construed as a positive catalyst to growth?

"That's a pretty farfetched ssumption. I don't know where ever that's been the case or would be the case. What you'd have to look at

policies are in place, what can there is if there are other combe done to change them, petitors in the marketplace. In determine what the barriers most cases where you see state-owned COPPORTUONS they've also been granted monopolies. You almost never find that there is a stateowned corporation in competition with the private sector where the state-owned corporation has done better. Inherent inefficiencies and the political allocation of capital just renders them impotent in the marketplace. So there is

> goods and services that should be funded in any case. If there is no private sector alternative, it's usually due to one of two reasons: It's not a good use of resources, therefore the government shouldn't be in it either. Or the government has put up policy barriers to keep the private sector out of that activity if it does give a proper

no state-owned provider of

return to capital. The things we're looking most closely at right now are the big industrial infrastructures: steel mills, iron mills, agribusiness processing

On Replenishments of ADF Grant Content Loans . . .

"As it states in the budget, at this time we are not planning funding for any additional replenishments. It is currently under review. That review will consist of a hard look at whether the institutions that have concessional lending can alter the way that they run their programs, so as to warrant additional funding by U.S. taxpayers. At the same time, we're really tightening down on the budget.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors at which we discussed the ADF 5 paper

that the management of the Bank had brought forth, I read a long recitation of the kinds of policy changes that the United States would insist on before it would entertain participating in ADF 5.

We're going to be looking for a hardening of the terms, to a point where we're at least charging an interest rate which is the equivalent of the average inflation rate across the currencies that we have to deal in; possibly go into a floating rate on the loans to make sure that the grant element is constant for the life of the loan.

We're also going to take a very hard look at the way funds are being used. An analysis by my staff indicates that in 1983-1984 all of the firmds that went out under ADF were for state-owned enterprises. That is something we're certainly not going to entertain for the fifth replenishment.

Another thing we think is very important is the length of the replenishment. One of the problems we have in all of these institutions is that we're constantly negotiating replenishments and the management of these institutions have very little time to spend on policy changes. We want to get some changes of the rules in place and then have perhaps five years to evaluate them; at present they're four years.

If the policy changes are not forthcoming, you can expect to see the United States on the sidelines." Q. Should that occur, would

the United States also alter its traditional parity with Japan in the capital base of the ADB and reduce its presence altogether? "That's something which is still under consideration. Should

that contingency occur, we

have to take a look at it at that

time. As you know, some of the

for a selective capital increase. The Japanese are looking for a similar increase. This all ties in very closely with the admission of the People's Republic of China to the Bank. These things are all up in the air at the same time right now. But all options remain open at this time.

The taxpayers in the United States are less and less willing to pay for programs that they don't believe in. They have shown no inclination to cut funding from those things they do believe in. I think if the institutions are willing to alter their role so that the American taxpayers see that it's beneficial to remain in, you will see

SUPPORT Many of my colleagues say, especially on policy issues, Well, this is how we run our governments. This is how our people like to do things. It's of course our sovereign right to do that. Therefore if we want to spend the money that way we should be able to."

U.S. reaction to this is always very consistent: We completely recognise everyone's sovereign right to run their country any way that they wish, but the U.S. taxpayer also has the sovereign right not to pay for it. So that's the tradeoff that you have to make.

At the same time we recognise that there are foreign policy interests other than just the absolute transfer of resources and people working in these institutions are all trying for the same goals. So you don't want to be taking too strident a position. You do have to do some of these things incrementally.

Many of these changes we're looking for are so fundamental that we think we have to take a much harder Continued facing page

potential equity investments and assessing all its aspects and maintaining expert knowledge about venture capital operations and developments. Candidates should have a university degree in banking, finance, accounting, commerce or economics. An advanced degree in the aforementioned fields and/or a professional qualification in public accountancy is preferred. Work experience must include at least five years of

senior level professional assignments preferably in

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a developing country.

**INVESTMENT OFFICER** 

\*Effective 1 February 1985

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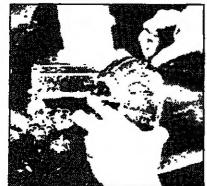
The successful candidate will be responsible for Project development work, including the determination of sectoral priorities in member countries, identification of suitable projects for Bank financing, and the processing of such projects with responsibility for all related documents. Additional responsibilities will include monitoring of Project implementation activities, and other such duties related to the above as may, from time to time, be required.

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"Out problem," he says, and by law we are not allowed. by law we assets, so we at revaile our assets, so we at still carrying on the book of big aircraft expenditure. the same out rate.

For fiscal year 1480 s.

which ended on the 30th.

September, That recorded, highest ever pre-tay profit.

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Continued from previous page

#### What America wants

look at this time. We think the for us to assume that extra institutions have been beneficial, but not nearly so beneficial as they could have been. in some areas where they have been harmful, we want

to see absolute changes. One area where this has been so is in policy. Institutions such as the World Bank, ADF, all of them have put money out for state enterprise and have put out massive funding for the creation of state agencies, state bureaucracies, to manage the economies. With the monies that have come from institutions, we have created a generation of bureaucrats in many of the poorer countries, who have been tasked with economic decisionmaking on a day to day basis. What we've done as a result, is to create a climate in which a political skill is much more valuable a skill than an economic one, even when operating within the economic sphere. We want to see that turned around. We want to see funds being cut off that support these state planning agencies and state bureaucracies. We want to see allocation of resources. those funds going into There are many projects leveraging policy changes and, where appropriate, into helping out with the creation of a more vital free enterprise.

One of the things necessary for that is a removal of the restriction on state guarantees. So we can begin putting money into some private sector projects, without the state having to be the guarantor. So long as the state is the guarantor, it's very difficult to get a real free market allocation of capital and to remove

the political controls. That increases the risk to the Bank, but we're not in this business to be free of risk. The World Bank and ADB also loudly tout that they've never had a default, but that's because the governments have guaranteed the loans. Many of the projects have been disasters, and defaulted and never earned a nickel. What we're saying is that the institutions agreed to projects that didn't work, and governments had to use scarce resources to pay them back anyway. We believe the institutions can be reformed adequately enough

In one case, since I've been

here, we created a new stateowned enterprise with additional funds going out to bolster the bureaucracy to support that enterprise. That was definitely a mistake. We fund training components with many of our loans to go out and increase the capability of the bureaucracies to administer, rather than using the same funds to provide institutional changes to turn those enterprises over to the private sector. Right now the ADB is wasting huge sums of money on developing econometric models of South Asia. In one case even for India, which is not even a loan recipient. It is doing all sorts of studies out of the economics office which no one appears to have approved or agreed to. Yet we're putting resources into that when the Board is told time and time again that we don't have the expertise to evaluate private sector alternatives. That's something we think is definitely a mis-

implemented that are still in plenty of trouble, from an economic return standpoint. Semi-annual reports on troubled projects show you more about implementation problems. We had a project early this year where the Bank was going for desalinization of some land in Pakistan, under an irrigation project. It turned out that the problems had been created by a previous ADB project. The previous project may never have shown up as a problem, since it's fully implemented. Whether it showed up as a failure by ruining all the land it was meant to help I don't know. With the kinds of changes the United States wants, you'd get a different review mechanism altogether. If the project to be used as policy leverage was to build a dam, and what you're hoping to get out of that is a freeing up of agricultural prices, the dam may be completed and providing water but the policy changes may have been put in place and then reversed. Our review of

the formal management review might show that they'd been very successful - the dam was completed, and is not falling apart.

#### On the Preference for Bilateral Aid Programs . . .

It is very accurate to say we have a preference for bilateral over multilateral aid programs. President Reagan has campaigned in two elections on that item. It's in the 1984 Republican Party platform. If you look at the distribution in our foreign aid programs you clearly see that. I think that's a recognition that the U.S. is looking for different policy changes than some of the others. We feel we get more leverage in many cases with the bilateral programs.

On the economic growth side of bilateral aid, I think you'll find the United States has not engaged in tied assistance to the extent that most of the others have. The closest tied assistance that we actually have is the export/ import bank program, but that has been shrinking in importance over the last few years, if you look at the disbursements and reduction of funds

On ADB Efficiency... In the United States ADB is considered the most efficient of the multilateral development banks. I'm sceptical of that. Remember that view is from a distance of 10,000 miles away. Traditionally, the Bank's efficiency has been measured as a ratio of the number of loans to the size of the staff (At present ADB has about a 1:1 ratio of loans to its 600 staff members). We would like to see policy changes within the countries to be a mark of success. Within each of the projects, have you achieved at least one fundamental

say you're doing irrigation in a rice planting district. Did you get the market price of rice on the producer, wholesale and retail level freed up? We're not talking about getting the 'administered' price adjusted; that's

hadn't worked out. Whereas tilizer project, we might look at whether we've gotten the government out of the fertilizer business.

We believe making policy

the criterion of loans will

You can't impose your views. You've got to get 50% of the vote to do anything. We have about 13%. We have no veto on what this Bank does, I guess if the U.S. feels strongly enough about policy changes that it's willing to cease to be a participant in their absence or reduce its participation, the other countries have to evaluate that for themselves. We're just saying this is the way we want to see things done.

change?

Now in agricultural loans, the project would show it not a policy change. On a fer-

require a change in the composition of the staff of the Bank, and a massive change in the way the staff are compensated. We would like to see private sector orientation on the part of the staff; maybe bringing in people from the corporate sector. We would also like to see remuneration of Bank staff changed, so that stuff working on loan implementation are rewarded for policy changes which they leverage and those working on loan funding receive some reward for the amount of cofinancing they bring in.

You get suggestions that we may be pushing too hard from inside the Bank, but not necessarily inside the countries. In general I find the countries of the region far ahead of the ADB. One of the problems is that the ADB is intellectually fairly sterile. You don't find the ADB as a great generator of ideas. For instance, President Fujioka created the Resource Center but you don't see the ideas developed there come into the project area at all. We want to bring ideas about privatization

ready looking into privatization. Our effort is to bring the Bank into lockstep with what the countries already want to

and so on that come up in

roundtable discussions into

the project stream. Many of

the region's countries are al-

The Bank is not providing them the expertise to make the changes they need. Countries are looking at divestiture as a means of generating more capital and getting out of the drain on their current account budgets. We ought to be responding to that."

#### Management for Stability

#### Bangkok Bank Chairman says ADB has proven value

ooming global debt and rising protectionism, coupled with the economic uncertainties d brought on by fluctuating interest and exchange rates are some of the constraints troubling the ASEAN region's economic managers, says Bangkok Bank Chairman Dr. Amnuay Viravan, acknowledging that the new "Scenario" is one calling for management for stability rather than for growth.

"In the past, ASEAN's ability to finance its own growth was helped by the high rate of domestic savings and capital investment, but even this has been jeopardized by the current economic un-certainities." For the multilateral funding agencies, like the Asian Development Bank, he averts, the constraints are somewhat similar: "They have to pay more to get less."

ADB, he adds, has proven its value to the region. Thailand, as one of the major recipients, has put the money to good use, realizing great development benefits. But, generating resources for the development countries in the region is a problem that is

becoming more acute. This "opening up of new windows", providing financing for corporate business similar to what the World Bank's International Finance Corporation is doing - is a welcome move, says Dr. Amnuay, former Thai Finance Minister and now Executive Board Chairman of the largest bank in Southeast Asia, especially in view of the fact that many countries in the region are recognizing the necessity for privatization.

#### Privatization

As an advocate "privatization", a view he has held for sometime, Dr. Amnuay says; "It provides tangible evidence of the cooperative process engendered between the public and private sectors, somewhat like the 'fruits of the process'." In this, he says, Malaysia is taking the lead in the Region, though "the Thais are talking a lot about it." "Privatization," as a con-

one objective: "increased efficiency and better utilization of the national resources." Adding that at the heart of the privatization process "is the belief that market systems of allocation, sharpened as they are by the forces of competition, are more efficient than non-market

cept, he says, points to only

However, he counsels, efficiency and productivity should be the government's primary concern, not ownership." And, between the public and private and public sectors - "between state control and free market competition - the ideal balance will vary for any given economy at any particular stage of its development."

#### Region's largest Bank

As the region's largest and most powerful bank -Bangkok Bank is more than twice the size of its nearest Thai competitor; lending more then a third of all commercial credits and financing more than 45 per cent of the country's exports - Dr. Amnuav says it is deeply involved in the privatization process, both in terms of financial capacity, relative to Board Chairman, Bangkok Bank.

"The economic engine of

the country is the private business sector and the development process can only be effective if it can be allied to private initiative and investment, and private production activities," says Dr. Amnuay, conceding that in lieu of the current global economic restraints, this is the "reality" of the situation in Asia today.

the industry, and in pro-

motional efforts.

#### Development-orientated approach

Bangkok Bank, he continues, will concentrate on a developmentorientated approach. "We have identified a number of areas where we can strongly advocate and mobilize resources for direct assistance." One area is export promotion in which the bank is already heavily involved in financing. A second area, "privatization", will require working closely with the government on project formulation as well as providing financial resources support, The third area is agriculture, savs Dr. Amnuay: "better utilization of resources, not just expanding acreage: but more intensive agricultural development."

#### ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK YOUNG PROFESSIONALS PROGRAM

The ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK, an international finance organization, was established in 1966 to assist in the planning and financing of high priority projects in the developing countries of Asia and the South Pacific Its stockholders are the governments of 45 countries of North America, Western Europe and the Asian Pacific region, Its headquarters is in Manila,

The Bank's Young Professionals Program is designed to recruit a small number of excep-tionally well-qualified young men and women to the professional staff. We are looking for graduates under 30 years of age who have superior academic credentials but who lack the minimum experience normally required for the Bank's professional staff

The work is tough and challenging. The Bank will give you that experience through structured work assignments, complemented by developmental activities and formal training programs. Your professional progress should lead you eventually to higher staff positions and to a challenging, rewarding and warled career.

The Bank's Young Professionals Program offers attractive salaries, normally free of tax in the Philippines, in addition to a broad range of benefits and allowances. To qualify, you must be a citizen of a member country of the Bank and have

Either a Master's degree or its equivalent or a Bachelor's degree with at least two years

Proficiency is oral and written English

Dr. Amnuay Virgean, Executive

Candidates should have advanced training in economics, finance, management, administra-tion or other fields relevant to the work of the Bank. Applicants with training in law, engineer-ing, operations research or computer systems may also be considered. Relevant work experience should be in areas such as banking, financial analysis of projects, planning and analysis of investments, budgets, accounting and country or sectoral planning. If you meet these requirements, please send in your application in English, quoting IEF: YP86, with your curriculum vitae and copies of academic records and transcripts to:

REF: YP86 Head, Employment and Staff Relations, Personnel Division Asian Development Bank P.O. Box 789, Manila, Philippines

Applications for the 1986 intake in this Program should reach the Bank no later than 31 July 1985.



When Thai became airborne in 1960, our philosophy was simple. Only the best of people would run the airline. Only the best aircraft would make up the fleet.

And the standard of service would

be of the gracious, traditional kind. Thai's Royal Orchid Service took off and hasn't stopped climbing since. Our pioneering spirit has flourished, too, since we opened up Kathmandu and Bali in the late 1960's.

We were one of the first to establish a special business class.

We introduced the first non-stop flights to Europe. And established a north-west gateway to America. Served by an ever-expanding fleet of



magnificent 747Bs and wide-bodied A300s, Thai's route network now includes over 40 cities in 32 countries across four continents.

Many happy returns, many happy departures.

# Stretching the ABM Treaty

The Reagan administration is taking some heat for saying it intends to stick within the terms of the 1972 anti-ballistic missile treaty as it continues its work on a missile defense system in space. From the left, it is accused of cynically planning to exploit technicalities and loopholes in the treaty to be able to say it is testing within its terms. From the right, it is faulted for failing simply to renounce the treaty, which, its critics maintain, was either flawed from the start or has been effectively trashed by Moscow's violations of it.

These grumbles are predictable: This is an administration that believes that the old arms control agreements undercut U.S. interests and that the Russians are untrustworthy negotiating partners. On this basis, President Reagan set out to search for a defense that would render obsolete not only nuclear weapons, as he has declared, but also the very need for negotiated arms agreements. Meanwhile, however, Mr. Reagan entered ambitious negotiations. So he was bound to have to answer to arms control's traditional friends and foes.

Traditional arms-controllers regard the ABM treaty as the high-water mark in the attempt by the two superpowers to master jointly their nuclear destinies. It helps to recall, however, that the treaty was never regarded as the be-all and end-all of American security. The text provided for research, the sure engine of change, and for amendments, review and even withdrawal. The two powers were serious about the treaty, but they made it warily. They wanted restraints, not a straitjacket.

It is no surprise, then, that there is heavy

sources well foreseen: technology and distrust. For years the two countries have been conducting research on space defense. They have also accused each other of violations.

The matter of violations is key. The Kremlin can go so much further than any American administration in pressing beyond what treaties allow: It has no public or opposition to call it to account. This puts a special burden of policing the ABM treaty on Americans. Here it must be said that American conservatives, though they can go too far, have been attentive to issues of Soviet treaty compliance. The Pentagon is right to be troubled by the emergence of a double standard that forces Americans to be faithful to agreements that Russians compromise. The traditional friends of arms control need to be no less attentive. It could not fail to give the Kremlin extra incentive to satisfy American anxieties about, for instance, its Krasnoyarsk radar - a large and troubling violation - if the traditional arms controllers took the lead in complaining about it.

Meanwhile, it is better that the Pentagon reshape its testing to stay inside the ABM treaty than that it test outside. Americans who think this is twisting words can go to the political arena, as they are. Russians who believe the Pentagon is stretching the ABM treaty can go to the consultative body set up to handle these issues. There they can raise questions about suspected violations - and they can address the questions about their own enterprises that are on Americans' minds.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

# Vietnam and Nicaragua

To the cry of "No More Vietnams," America has tied itself into knots over Nicaragua. The president wants a virtual declaration of war against the Sandinists - no more piecemeal humiliations by Soviet proxies. Congress, in a stunning demurral, says no more piecemeal investments of prestige in a war we are unwilling to send American boys to finish.

Some of the Vietnam echoes are evoked by the calendar. It is 20 years since American ground troops went into battle in Vietnam, and 10 years since their final ignominious withdrawal. But there is a simpler explanation for the present ambivalence: ignorance. Americans, even those in authority, are unsure about the conditions and stakes in Nicaragua. Where the facts seem so perplexing, how much easier to try the case by analogy.

For Congress, the overriding lesson of Vietnam is do less: Sign no blank checks for warmaking. It is not convinced that the Sandinists pose a threat justifying war. If they did, it sees no plausible plan for ousting them.

For the administration, the lesson is do more. Here it is, as rendered by Secretary of State George Shultz: "Broken promises. Communist dictatorship. Refugees. Widened Soviet influence, this time near our very borders. Here is your parallel between Vietnam and Central America." He says the failure in Vietnam not only betrayed the people of Indochina but led Congress to hobble the president's authority, thus emboldening the Russians and "destabilizing" the globe.

ings of history or irrelevant. But they are woefully oversimplified. Americans did not need Vietnam to learn the nature of communism. They did not go into Vietnam to diminish Soviet influence but what they ignorantly thought was China's.

Nicaragua is closer than Vietnam, and arguably a more vivid U.S. interest. But it is in no sense a Soviet power. Precisely because it is nearby, the United States could quickly snuff out any real security threat. Nicaragua's Marxists may yearn to spread revolution, but their opportunities to do so depend more on American behavior than Soviet ambitions. Like Vietnam, Nicaragua may be too heavily armed for its size, but it has had much more reason to fear invasion.

The ultimate lessons of Vietnam should be evident. The United States will not effectively wage war unless it understands the reason for the pain. Even a hesitant resort to force creates uncontrollable imperatives. It soon requires exaggerating the stakes, then destroys the balance between ends and means and finally forecloses diplomacy and compromise. When America stands in peril, that price has to be paid. Where less than vital interests are at stake, the path away from force needs to be as clearly marked as the path in.

Mario Vargas Llosa, the Peruvian novelist, offered an astute appreciation of America's interests and dilemmas in Nicaragua in a report for the New York Times Magazine.

"The kind of massive, and bloody, military intervention that will be needed to overthrow the Sandinists will not result in a democracy." be says. "Only a dictatorship can impose order in a country devastated by terrorism and civil war. To maintain the existing fragile freedoms under the present regime, the only choice for the opposition is to reach some kind of an agreement with the Sandinists. Although the regime has traveled far down the road toward totalitarianism, the challenges and difficulties it faces are an inducement to compromise."

That may be wrong. So may be the author's judgment that the Soviet Union has decided against paying the price of taking Nicaragua revolution looks a lot like Mexico's. But where are the comparably clear-eved analyses by the U.S. government? Where are the lists of American demands, distinguishing between intolerable threats to U.S. security that justify war. and lesser interests to be sought with lesser sanctions or rewards?

The lesson of Vietnam is that, when in doubt. look a dozen times before leaping. Congress, which cannot have its own diplomacy. has not rejected a president's policy. In its justified confusion, it asks him to produce one.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

#### Other Opinion

#### The Cost of Import Curbs

Japan's latest and somewhat hazy new "market-opening" program, announced in response to continuing American charges of discriminatory trade practices, is likely to fall well short of placating an impatient Congress. As a result, the risk remains high that congressional frustration over the massive U.S. international trade deficit could be translated into some form of specific anti-Japan retaliation, Senator John C. Danforth, Republican of

Missouri, a leader of the retaliatory forces, is demanding action to inflict "at least some economic pain" on Japan.

Steps to restrict Japanese imports or to raise their costs by imposing tariffs might indeed cut into the profits of Japanese producers and jeopardize the jobs of Japanese workers. But

U.S. consumers would end up paying for this exercise of pique, as prices of products that they want to buy rose and as the choices available to them declined. In addition, Japan could reduce its purchases of American goods.

#### - The Los Angeles Times. Shooting at 'Star Wars'

The fact that [Mikhail] Gorbachev is now prepared to propose deep cuts in Soviet missiles shows that (a) Mr. Reagan was right to launch the "star wars" program, because this is now the main pressure on the Soviet Union to negotiate seriously; but also (b) the Soviet leader is intelligent enough to make an offer that could split NATO down the middle.

— The Sunday Times (London).

FROM OUR APRIL 29 PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO 1910: London to Manchester, by Air PARIS - Accustomed as the world has become to almost daily exploits with aeroplanes, the news that M. Paulhan had accomplished the journey from London to Manchester [on April 28) within the allotted twenty-four hours caused all men to marvel. Nothing quite so remarkable has so far been accomplished. This aeroplane was brought from France packed in cases. It was put together in eleven and a half hours, and at once started on its long journey, without preliminary trial. During the voyage the aviator had the nerve-racking experience of passing over densely populated country. By emerging successfully from these severe tests the flying machine affirms its right to be

classed among the practical means of locomo-tion in the economy of modern life.

1935: Did the Irish Discover America? PITTSBURGH - Dr. Vilhjalmur Stefansson, Arctic explorer, asserts that the Irish discovered America six or seven centuries before the voyage of Christopher Columbus in 1492. The explorer told the Pennsylvania Historical Association the Pope had documents to support this claim. "We'll probably never know the name of the man who discovered America," he added, "but we may be positive he was an Irishman." Stefansson described a paper written by an Irish monk in 820 A.D. telling of colonization of Iceland by the Irish and sa Vatican records showed that the Pope, in 1126, made Greenland a separate bishopric which had an unbroken line of bishops until 1528. He

added that the Irish should be recorded as the

discoverers of the [North American] continent.

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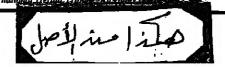
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# Eradicating African Famine: The Next Step

R OME — Fifteen years from the 21st century, in a world of artificial hearts, reusable spacecraft and high-speed computers, famine is

killing thousands of Africans.
Africa's history has not recorded a catastrophe
of this magnitude. In some drought-stricken areas, even the vultures have left. One in every five people in these countries is threatened by hunger. We must ask ourselves what went wrong in Africa and how we can put it right,

Immediate relief of human misery is the first priority. This year, seven million tons of food aid s needed for 21 countries, more than double last year's amount. The response has been gener-ous: Pledges equal almost three-fourths of total need. We must urgently make up the difference.
But food aid only eases today's hunger. It

cannot prevent tomorrow's starvation. We must help Africa to rebuild its ability to feed itself. Along with the bags of wheat we must unload fertilizer, pesticides and seeds. Unless we do. emergency aid will only perpetuate dependency. The United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization has designed a \$108-million recovery program to boost African food production over the next three years in the hardest-hit coun-

tries, Many of the proposals, which were recently presented to donors at FAO headquarters in Rome, are aimed at getting supplies in place before the next planting. This is not a charity operation. It gives the poorest peasant a fair chance to work for his daily meal, a shift from being a dependent to a producer. The problem is that most donor coun-

tries plan for long-term development or for food emergencies. Rehabilitation falls in between. It is a budgetary orphan. Recently the United States led the way in approving funds for recovery and rehabilitation

am urging other nations to follow suit. We can beat this crisis. Stage one is food relief. Stage two is recovery. But famine could reappear if we do not press ahead with stage three - a new

projects in Africa. This is an encouraging step. I

agenda for long-term development.

Today's food crisis should not blur the fact

By Edouard Saouma

The writer is director-general of the UN Food and Agriculture Organization.

that African agriculture has been on a slow collision course with catastrophe. The recent three-year drought merely aggravated it.

For two decades, food production fell behind the world's fastest population growth. Over the last 15 years. Africans have been eating less and iess staple foods — 180 kilograms (396 pounds) per person a year in 1984 compared to 220 in

#### We must help Africa rebuild its ability to feed itself. Along with the wheat we must send

fertilizer, pesticides and seeds.

1970. Widespread poverty and malnutrition have dragged down life expectancy to an appallingly low level of 49 years.

To prevent future famines, we must tackle the root causes of today's crisis — technical, devel-opmental, economic and political. There is a technical crisis because farming in

Africa is difficult and underdeveloped. Only one-fourth of the land is suitable cropland, yet only a quarter of that is cultivated. Only 2 percent of arable land is irrigated, and irrigation development is likely to cost two to three times more than in Asia. Fertilizer use in Africa is less than one-tenth of that in the West.

Unfortunately, neither the "Green Revolu-tion" technology of Asia nor the capital-inten-sive methods of the West are appropriate. Africa needs research to produce drought-resistant, high-yield food crops and to reduce pests and diseases. It needs new farming practices to protect the fragile soil, fertilizer and irrigation.

The keys to the development crisis are popula-tion and government policies. Africa will speed

headlong to disaster unless it slows the pace of population growth. And governments must find the right trade-offs to develop other parts of the economy without punishing farmers. Farmers cannot be expected to produce surplus for the cities without a fair market price. In the development agenda, agriculture must come first.

Economic and political crises are choking off Is Reagan

On a Path

**Downward?** 

By Tom Wicker N EW YORK — Less than 100 days after his second inaugura-

tion, it is plausible to speculate that Ronald Reagan's power in Congress may have peaked and turned down

No exact method for measuring such

In the face of adamant congressional opposition, he has had to yield

on military support for the insurgent army he had hoped would overthrow

the Sandinist government in Nicara-gua — clearly "the bone in his throat." And it is unlikely that Con-

gress will be more willing to finance

the insurgents six months or a year from now, with the 1986 elections

Mr. Reagan and his aides have turned what ought to have been a minor triumph — his visit to the

summit conference in Bonn - into a

nightmare. The outrage of so many

Americans may be no worse for him

politically than the stunning evidence

of so much bad planning, personal insensitivity and political ineptitude.

A month ago. Mr. Reagan won the latest MX battle only by the nar-

rowest of margins in the House of

Representatives, and only by the de-

liberate claim — deeply resented by many Democratic and Republican

members - that arms control talks

might well fail if 21 MX missiles were

not approved. The chances are slim-

to-none that Mr. Reagan will be able to talk Congress into financing more

of these costly weapons.

• Meanwhile, the president has milked all the benefits he can from

sending a new arms negotiating team

to new arms control talks in Geneva.

Whatever brief euphoria that may

have produced has faded swiftly into

the dull prospect of long, hard, acri-

monious negotiations that may prove

fruitless for years to come.

• And now Mr. Reagan is involved

in a bruising struggle over the budget,

in which he is attacking programs that benefit the middle class, advo-

cating restrictions on Social Security

cost-of-living increases, and insisting

on more military spending than many

members of Congress think necessary

or affordable. Some of his strongest

congressional supporters are telling

him he cannot win his whole package

of cuts and program eliminations;

others say that unless the entire pack-

age is approved some of the parts

most important to him will be defeat-

German debacle, and the tight

squeeze on the MX also damage the

president for the budget battle. Such evidence of vulnerability tends to be

cumulative. Like sharks smelling

blood, opponents sense it and close for the kill when a political leader's

The setback on Nicaragua, the

that much closer.

has confounded prediction. Still:

things exists, and Mr. Reagan often .

reform. Agricultural exports only earn half of what they did in 1978. Countries are strangled by an \$8 billion debt-service burden that is projected to double over the next two years. Political

tension and war, in addition to hunger, have made one of every 200 Africans a refugee.

Forever famine? Yes — unless we plunge ahead with a new agenda for development. It must be led by Africans themselves. No file cabinet full of proposals can do it. Why can't the head of state also be the minister of agriculture? African ministers, in the Harare Declaration of 1984, resolved that the burden of agricultural development rests with them. But Africa cannot go it alone. The task is monumental.

Donors should stop financing white elephants that do not work. More bilateral programs must be channeled into agricultural projects that reach the vital small producers. And it must be recognized that the future is trade, Trade brings in 50 times more than aid.

International and nongovernmental organizations must also contribute. The FAO now devotes almost half of its resources to food produc-

tion in Africa, and its recovery projects are linked to long-term agricultural development. The road is long, and famine may again threaten. We must sharpen our ability to detect it and react. FAO's global information and early warning system succeeded in giving ample warning, but in the end, for Ethiopia, that was not enough.

We are exploring ways to improve the system. For all the scientific accomplishments of our century, it should also be within our ingenuity and resources to halt the recurring human torture of hunger. While we explore space, let us not

forget our fellow men and women on Earth. International Herald Tribune.

# 1985: A Year of Opportunity in Superpower Relations

GENEVA — East-West, and more particularly, Soviet-American interactions are visibly moving forward again. The first round of the new nuclear arms control talks has come to an end, albeit an end marked by some sharp words. A meeting between the leaders of the two countries appears likely. But the relationship is beset by many obstacles and uncertainties.

One senses, nonetheless, a growing realization that a way must be found for the two sides to meet half-way. Only thus can the nuclear arms race be curbed, gradually paving the way toward the ultimate elimination of nuclear weaponry. And progress in arms control would give the green light for progress in other fields.

Despite a recent chill in Soviet-American relations, the situation is not altogether bleak. The so-called Helsinki process seems to be slowly gathering strength: Progress has been made at the Conference on Securityand Confidence-Building Measures and Disarmament in Europe, held in Stockholm. Another CSCE gathering on human rights and human contacts s to be held next month in Ottawa. A "cultural forum" is to gather in Budapest in mid-October. There is also an upward trend in political contacts

and consultation between individual signatories of the Helsinki Final Act. In the economic sphere, East-West trade is expanding despite the many obstacles. But it remains low, particularly Soviet-American commercial exchanges. If a condition of relative trust and stability were achieved, there would be much wider scope for a mutually profitable expansion of trade and cooperation.

It is gratifying to record that under the auspices of the UN Economic Commission for Europe (whose members include the Soviet Union and the United States) effective regionwide cooperation in the control of cross-border air pollution is going forward - a remarkable, if littleknown East-West success story. Yet, such cooperative actions cannot in themselves end political and military

tensions between the two powers. In the sphere of Soviet-American links, many existing channels of com-munication and cooperation (several of which were established during the 1972 Nixon-Brezhnev summit) have gone virtually unused. There are now some signs of resumption of activity.

Contacts between academic institutions and also between influential American and Soviet personalities

WASHINGTON — Mikhail S. Gorbachev is wrong when he suggests that the United States is not

really looking for an agreement in the

arms control negotiations in Geneva. The Soviet Union seems deter-

mined to prevent American research

on strategic defense - research of the

sort the Russians themselves have long been conducting. In fact, our immediate goal at Geneva is to reach

agreement on deep reductions of all

nuclear arms in a way that strength-ens deterrence and enhances stabil-

ity. Our strategic defense research is a crucial part of that effort.

Moscow should be joining us in

dealing with the here-and-now — re-ducing the large numbers of offensive

nuclear arms that exist on both sides

and exploring the potential benefits that can accrue from effective de-

fenses. We have already placed sever-

al attractive arms reduction propos-

As for strategic weapons, we of-fered in October 1983 to trade offen-

sive systems, which concern the Rus-

sians, for Soviet offensive systems,

which concern us. Specifically, we

offered to trade advantages in our

heavy-bomber capabilities for some

comparable reductions in the advan-

tages they enjoy in long-range ballis-

our preference is for zero on both

sides. As an interim proposal, we

have offered to agree to any equal

level between zero and 572 interme-

diate-range missile warheads. This

On intermediate-range weapons,

als on the table.

By Evgeny Chossudovsky

are on the rise. Important high-level consultative meetings among parlia-mentarians headed by leading Soviet and American statesmen have recenttaken place in the two capitals. Would it not be sensible to hold such meetings periodically?

As to the possibility of a summit meeting, agreement on goals, scope, format, venue and timing will first have to be reached.

The last Soviet-American summit took place six years ago. This gap is abnormal. The Soviet Union has always sought regular, and preferably institutionalized, personal contacts between itself and other countries. A number of accords with Western countries on regular high-level consultations (e.g. with France and Canada) have proved valuable.

A new summit presumably would aim to give a boost to the Geneva arms control talks, but also would address the question of improving Soviet-American relations as a whole. The psychological and political effect of such a meeting could be considerable, especially if concrete results. American statesmen would use these. He contributed this comment, which were achieved toward a progressive normalization of relations.

LET'S INVITE GORBACHEV

TO A SUMMIT!

"VISIT"?

Pershing-2s if the Russians would

agree to an equal worldwide limit on

warheads of their SS-20 and other

In short, one desired outcome of

the Geneva negotiations is mutual

and verifiable reductions. Were we to accept the latest Soviet proposal for

an across-the-board moratorium on

strategic, intermediate and space

weapons, we would, to take only one

example, be locking in the large ad-

vantages created by the Soviet de-

ployment of more than 400 triple-warhead SS-20 missiles. This

proposal would give the Russians an

8 to 1 advantage in intermediate-range warheads. It would divert the

talks from the priority task of achiev-ing a real reduction in offensive nu-

clear systems. And it would prevent

One often hears the question,

"Why should Moscow reduce its of-fensive weapons while we're pushing

defense research?" First, we are not

alone in efforts to explore the feasi-

bility of ground- and space-based de-

fense against ballistic missile attack.

Long before President Reagan's

speech in 1983 outlining the Strategic

Defense Initiative, the Soviet Union

was engaged in a large-scale defense

Further, the Russians have been

our research on defensive systems.

intermediate-range missiles.

A move toward normalization could be underpinned by making arrangements for ongoing consulta-tions; a Political Consultative Commission could usefully meet at least rwice a year.

Ideas worthy of post-summit ex-ploration include joint studies on a Soviet-American code of conduct that would set practical guidelines for international behavior (derived large-ly from existing treaties and accords); and, in the scientific field, consideration of carefully selected, but largescale cooperative research programs on such globally vital subjects as acid rain, cancer and fusion energy (see "To Fuel Summitry, Try Fusion Energy" by Flora Lewis, IHT, April 13).
What else could be done to lessen

tension? The current year includes three notable anniversaries: the 40th anniversary of the end of World War II, the 40th anniversary of the entry into force of the United Nations Charter, and the 10th anniversary of

the signing of the Helsinki Final Act. One would hope that Soviet and occasions to solemnly declare (and reflects only his own views, to the support their words with actions)

HOW ABOUT A

"MEETING"?

"Summit"?

NO.WED BEST

NOT. IT WOULD ONLY RAISE EXPECTATIONS.

TOO UNSUBSTANTIAL.

WHAT WE NEED IS AN INFORMAL

SESSION WHERE YOU COULD JUST RELAX AND BE YOURSELF.

America, Mr. Gorbachev, Is Serious on Arms Control

By Edward L. Rowny

The writer is special adviser to President Reagan on arms control.

limit would apply to American violating the anti-ballistic missile ground-launched cruise missiles and treaty. Given the pattern of their

many activities in strategic defense, we are concerned that they may be

establishing the basis for a nation-

wide ballistic missile defense capabil-

ity. Such a move, combined with an erosion in the offensive balance,

Finally, as both sides have ac-knowledged, research is not verifiable

and hence not negotiable. But the Russians seem determined to contin-

ue their own research while trying to

stop ours. The freeze they propose on offensive forces would simply codify

We seek a more stable relationship.

One way to achieve this, if our re-

search bears fruit, would be through a

greater reliance on defenses as a key

component of deterrence. What we

are trying to discover is whether, over

time, we can move away from offen-

sive retaliation as the sole basis for

deterrence - away from "mutual as-

sured destruction" and toward mutu-

10 years whether our research will

pan out. Even if it does, these defen-

sive systems must meet three de-

manding tests. First, survivability:

They will need to be robust enough to

withstand direct attack. Second, cost-

effectiveness: The deployment of de-

fense systems must, at the margin, be

We cannot know for some eight to

existing Soviet advantages

ally assured security.

would have severe consequences.

that humanity shall never be subjected to a nuclear conflagration, nor to the horrors of another conventional world war. And the signatory states to the Helsinki Final Act should reiterate their commitment to détente.

Nobody denies that the East and West blocs are and will continue to be divided by fundamental differ-ences. But ideological differences must not be allowed to cause or perpetuate confrontation. Konstantin Chernenko, in one of his last speeches, stressed that today's

fundamental issue was not simply a choice between the Soviet Union and the United States but "a choice between survival [and] destruction of our civilization. The pivotal role of the Soviet-American relationship in world af-

fairs requires careful, but also imaginative and accommodating management by all concerned in a spirit of equal partnership. The writer, a Soviet citizen, is a former senior official of the United Nations and now a fellow of the UN

THAT'S BETTER, BUT IT STILL

SOUNDS A LITTLE STUFFY.

cheaper than the offensive systems

they would be defending against. An additional laser pulse, for example,

must be cheaper than an additional

missile or warhead. Third: The de-

ployment of these defensive systems

must at each stage contribute to an improvement in the stability of the

One argument we hear against our Strategic Defense Initiative is that it

will induce the Russians to undertake

a further offensive buildup so as to overwhelm the defense. Through dis-

cussions in Geneva, we hope to make

clear to them that because we seek

defensive systems that are cost-effec-

tive and stabilizing, an effort to over-whelm them will be impractical and

prohibitively expensive.
We should not allow Moscow's

public attacks on our defense re-search to divert us: We must press

ahead for sizable reductions in the

offensive nuclear arms of both coun-

tries and for discussion of the future

role of defense. The Russians say they share this goal, We hope they do,

and that they will join us in the search

for equitable, verifiable agreements.

The New York Times

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Letters to the

Editor" and must contain the writ-

er's signature, name and full ad-dress. Letters should be brief and

are subject to editing. We cannot be responsible for the return of

unsolicited manuscripts.

overall strategic balance.

strength is fading or shows itself to have been overestimated — as Mr. Reagan's may have been after his landslide re-election. Institute for Training and Research. The botch of the German trip and aid to the "contras" - together with Mr. Reagan's ever-wilder rhetoric on International Herald Tribune.

ed singly.

Nicaragua - also suggest that the revamped White House staff is not yet as alert and effective as was the old staff under the astute and experienced James A. Baker 3d, now secretary of the Treasury. And Mr. Reagan's foot-in-mouth disease is not belping; members of Congress, for example, are laughing at him for say-ing that it was "immoral" to schedule the vote on aid to the Nicaraguan insurgents as early as last week. The White House may also have missed the opportunity to push

through major tax reform in time to take credit for it in the 1986 campaign. Mr. Reagan has promised a bill in May but may not get it to Capitol Hill before June; then extensive hearings will be held in the House Ways and Means Committee, only after which will the Senate Finance Committee formally take up the measure. That makes action unlikely this year or next, since Congress will be reluctant to get into taxes in an election year. That year is drawing ever nearer in

political time. Its arithmetic favors the Democrats; only 12 of their Senate seats are at stake, but 22 Republican senators must face the voters and the party holding the White House usually loses seats in a midterm election. With the economy slowing. Mr. Reagan's faltering per-formance and the approach of 1986 will stiffen congressional opposition; defeat in the budget battle would be the most serious setback yet.

Any confident report of the president's political demise, of course, would be greatly exaggerated. But when the bloom is off the rose, in politics as in nature, it is hard to restore its glory.

The New York Times.

#### LETTERS

#### Reagan on Nicaragua

In an opinion column by Anthony Lewis on Nicaragua (April 22), President Reagan is quoted as having said, "Somoza was bad, [but] the Sandinists are infinitely worse." Worse for whom? Nicaraguan peasants? The United Fruit Company?

ROLF HAMBURGER Neuilly-sur-Seine, France.

#### Income Under Ozal

Regarding "Turkey: The Generals Are Still There" (April 17):

As deputy prime minister under the military government and prime minister since 1983, Turgut Ozal has presided over a decline of per capital income from \$1,300 a year to an officially estimated \$987 per capita last year. The figures for a capita last year. year. The figures for per-capita income published by the Institute of State Statistics of Turkey are: \$1,346 in 1979; \$1,313 in 1980; \$1,308 in 1981; \$1,168 in 1982; \$1,080 in 1983; \$987 (estimate for 1984).

PETER BROWNE Ankara.

Is Reagan For a Path Downward

By Tom Wicker EW YORK Lex the sion, it is plausible to special may have peaked and under things exact method for meaning sexists, and Mr. Reast, has confounded prediction, is in the face of additional opposition because in the single proposition because the single proposition and the significant of the signific In the face of adaman of sional opposition he has had be siona: opposition ne has hately on military support for the large army he had hoped would with the Sandmin government in the home of the home.

the Sandmai government of gue — clearly the bone of throat. And it is unlikely the gress will be more willing to the insurgents are month of from now, with the logs of that much closer that much closer

Mr. Reagan and his age, turned what ought to have to mirror triumph — his vary summer conference in Beat and magazinare. The outrage of a Americans may be no words positionary than the summer. Americans may be no words to positive and than the stronger of so much had planning active motivity and polineal new a mouth ago. Mr. Reactive in the latest MN battle only but margins in the latest of margins in the latest. robert of margins in the last Representatives and only a horac clar, -doph for

many Democratic and Res members — that arms some might went failed 21 MX most not approved The charge. te-nerts that Mr. Reagange. to talk constraint into finance. of these costs weapone Meanwhile the present the benefits he at SEDGINE A DESCRIPTION OF THE to ben time could by the Muricial Mist anbhous & have produced has labeled the dult propert of begins the state of the s And now Mr Regards in a housing truggle with that therefor the middle day cating re-tractions on Serie & ecol-di-media member bio and provide according to members of Congress that & or affordarie Some of the rengrass has supported to here he cannot wo he show

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British Caledonian flies to the British Calegonian

# B.CAL reveals its full potential

British Caledonian will bring new standards of comfort and service to the North Atlantic route both in the air and on the ground when it launches its new London/New York route on May 1.

The airline is offering a complete round-trip 'Door-to-Door' service for First and Super Executive passengers comprising free limousine transfers from home or office to Gatwick and to five other major UK airports; free travel on the Gatwick Express and free

airport parking.
In New York free onward helicopter transfers to four heliports are available together with complimentary limousine transport to Manhattan.

B.CAL already holds 100,000 bookings for its new daily service between London Gatwick and JFK Airport, and Alan Deller, the airline's Marketing Director is confident that the route

will be a major success.

Said Alan Deller: "Our unique 'Door-to-Door' service for the business traveller has been carefully designed to differentiate B.CAL's service on the London/New York route from that of our competitors.

"Research has shown that regular travellers on the North Atlantic consider that airlines' responsibilities for a smooth journey should go much further than just in-flight He added: "To meet this requirement we

are introducing a highly attractive service that will deliver the traveller from his office or home to his final destination in New York, for the price of a normal business class or first B.CAL's comprehensive "Door-to-Door"

ground service for first and business class passengers offers: A chauffeur-driven car to Gatwick for passengers starting their journey within 40

road miles of the airport;
• Free transport to Manchester, Glasgow, Edinburgh and Birmingham airports for those starting their journey within 20 road miles of

these airports; For those using the train and checking in at B.CAL's Central London Air Terminal at Victoria; free First Class return travel on the

Gatwick Express; • For those who choose to drive to the airport, B.CAL is offering free car parking for up to five days at Gatwick, Manchester, Glasgow, Edinburgh and Birmingham airports.

And in New York, where similar arrangements are available for both arriving and departing passengers, the following is offered: · Free helicopter transfers to and from La Guardia or Newark Airports or to World Trade

Center and East 34th Street Heliports.

Or limousine transfer to or from any point within a 40 mile radius of Manhattan.

Complementing B.CAL's new "Door-to-Door" ground service is an upgraded in-flight service designed exclusively for the Boeing 747 B.CAL will introduce on the route from

747 B.CAL will introduce on the route from Two new seats for First Class and B.CAL's Super Executive business class cabins will be

introduced.

introduced.

A new mini-sleeper "Sky-Recliner" seat with an integral leg and foot rest will be fitted in a two-by-two layout to the upper deck and main deck Super Executive cabins.

There will be 16 seats on the upper deck and 20 on the main deck, in a 40-inch seat pitch.

Thirty-one "Sky-recliner" seats will be straight to be DC 10 which will operate the route. fitted to the DC-10 which will operate the route for one month from May 1. B.CAL claims that with its improved leg-

room, Super Executive on the 747 will be the most comfortable business class service on the

To further improve comfort, B.CAL is introducing a new sleeper-seat in First Class. Twenty-one new First Class seats will be fitted to the 747 from mid-July in a 56 inch seat pitch. As an introductory offer, First and Super Executive class passengers will be given two free theatre tickets to any Broadway show and Economy Class travellers will be handed a \$20 youcher to use at one of six international restaurants in

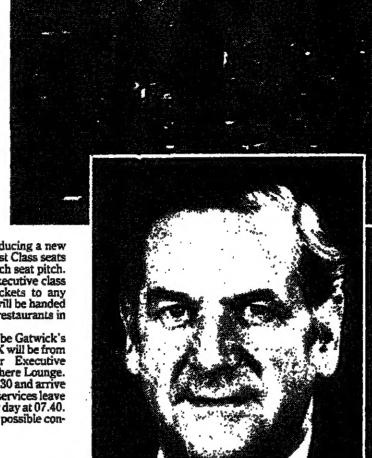
B.CAL's new daily service to New York will be Gatwick's only link with JFK Airport. Departures from JFK will be from Eastern Air Lines' Terminal where Super Executive passengers will have access to Eastern's Ionosphere Lounge. The flight will leave Gatwick every day at 11.30 and arrive in New York at 14.10. In the opposite direction, services leave JFK at 20.00 and arrive at Gatwick the following day at 07.40.

Services have been timed to provide the best possible connections at both ends of the route. For further information, contact:

Caledonian House, Crawley

West Sussex RH102XA

Corporate Press & PR Office Tel: Gatwick (0293) 27890



'The world business community legitimately demands a distinct brand of airline service, tailored to its very special requirements. British Caledonian's pledge is that we will not only continue to give priority in providing the style and scope of servicing which the business traveller seeks, but we will also remain dedicated to continuous improvement.

> Sir Adam Thomson C.B.E. Chairman, British Caledonian Airicays

# We never forget you have a choice By Ray Watson, Executive Travel, U.K.



The air waves across the North Atlantic have for years been as restless and tumultuous as the sea below, the skies glowing with false dawns full of hopes of fat profits, and storms that have brought casualties, none more spectacular than that of Freddie Laker.

Now there is another rough-and-tumble scene about to begin with British Caledonian becoming the fourth major carrier on the New York-London run from May 1.

Passengers will sit back and enjoy the benefits of promotional fares, special gimmicks and improved service as B.CAL's rivals react to the newcomer in time-honoured custom, while B.CAL itself will march from its hangar led no doubt by a Scottish pipe band, streaming banners and its famous if controversial "B.CAL Girls", each smiling as broadly as any model cover girl and revelling in

the spotlight. The passenger will also see, or be persuaded to see, a David and Goliath situation. For B.CAL is justly called the underdog in British civil aviation - it is not merely the nation's No. 2 airline, but is way behind British Airways in size — and we know that the Brits love the underdog. Americans, in contrast, love a freewheeling, pugnacious entrepreneur. Oddly, B.CAL matches that description too.

It has had to fight to survive, using its own cash and no one else's. It has had to live with some unglamorous routes and learn the hard way. clawing its existence and new image from its cheap-and-cheerful charter airline origins. In both aviation and business terms there is a distinct parallel with "Roots" - lots of hardship and tears over the years, linked with a doggedness and determination that has

brought success.

British Caledonian takes the New York stage, the all-singing, all-dancing Big Apple of the civil aviation world, with an enviable reputation for service and performance that has been wrought over the years in the heat of battles to survive and to grow under tough

Almost for the first time, passengers have a choice of two British airlines to New York. Laker was hardly an alternative since he was primarily interested in the cheap end of the market. Now British Airways, TWA and Pan Am have a serious rival which will compete for the high-yield, high-profit First and Business Class passengers as well as those "down the back".

B.CAL has its own tour operators to feed in package tourists and will be pushing hard to grab its share of that market. But it is the full fare economy passenger and, more impor-tantly still, the frequent business traveller traffic that it will be after. This, after all, is what colours the bottom line black - or red. It is worth reflecting that even Laker, arch disciple of low fares, introduced a business class cabin in his wild thrashings just before in-

Like the other transatlantic competitors. B.CAL considers itself well off in the race to attract the frequent traveller. It was one of the first airlines to introduce an executive cabin, and its reputation on long-haul routes such as Los Angeles, Houston, Atlanta, Dallas and Hong Kong has been won on the quality of its First and Executive Classes.

London-Houston in fact is an intriguing example of how the little guy can creep up and deliver a knock-out blow to a giant. Few gave B.CAL much of a chance when it took on Pan Am. But before the American carrier had chance to notice, its British rival had walked away with the business, and Pan Am withdrew from the route, badly mauled.

However, the point of the story is that is was not just the Brits who supported their own airline; more importantly, it was Texans who voted with their money. The oilmen shifted from Pan Am in droves, filling B.CAL's flights upfront to such an extent that the airline was obliged to increase the size of both First and Executive cabins - no doubt laughing all the

way to the bank as it did so.

Now B.CAL has to turn on that expertise once again in the tougher New York market. Its experience in opening up other US cities is a help, and so too is its flair for promotions — I was in Atlanta once and you would have thought that the airline had bought the city centre for the amount of promotional activities it had going on. However, it will need also to convince sceptical New Yorkers that its

service is better than the rest.

But, this is the Big One, the Big Apple, and once more B.CAL will stir up the transatlantic run into another of its wild and unpredictable storms. As a passenger, I'll just sit back and enjoy the spectacle.

THE CITY OF NEW YORK OFFICE OF THE MAYOR NEW YORK, N.Y. 10007

The City of New York has pleasure in officially welcoming British Caledonian Airways with the start of its daily service between John F. Kennedy Airport and London, Gatwick Airport on May 1. Your venture represents a further strengthening of the long established business and commercial links between our two great cities. On behalf of the City of New York, I wish you every success and prosperity for the future. every success and prosperity for the future.

> Cordially, Edward 1. Koch

# Competition makes the world go round

From: Gerald A. Fernback President UFTAA & Chairman GBTA

With the inauguration of the new service by British Caledonian from London Gatwick to New York J.F. Kennedy, the balance across the Atlantic in terms of international airlines is restored. For too long, two major American airlines have only had to compete with one major British airline on the London-New York route but, with B.CAL now proudly flying the route, the battle of the giants is firmly established. Not a battle to cause dismay to the traveller, but rather joy, for competition is the greatest benefit which can befall the international

As B.CAL launch their service with the accompanying ballyhoo necessary to start such a service the other three major carriers on this route will have to look to their laurels. polish up their service, tighten their time keeping and generally seek to provide all the services which are so often found lacking. B.CAL will be providing the first service from Gatwick to Kennedy. They will be offering an alternative British carrier; they will be offering a class of cabin service which has become famous, and those smiling Caledonian girls will cause the other major international airlines flying out of London to distribute more toothpaste to their own cabin crew and provide those basic services which are sometimes so difficult to obtain. It is a perfectly natural, commercial characteristic that competition improves service to the customer.

As the reader will see from the above credit, as well as being a leading business travel agent from my own company, I am also the Chairman of the Guild of Business Travel Agents. This is the most professional grouping of travel agents in the United Kingdom, and fiftythree company members handle seventy-five percent of the business travel ticketed out of the U.K. To these members and their clients the introduction of the London-New York service by B.CAL is a major plus. B.CAL have always gone out of their way to look after the travelling businessman, and their schedules and services reflect this.

There have been very considerable changes over the last four years in the operating procedures of most of the international carriers; changes which have been forced upon them by the sliding economy around the world.



It is no secret that most airlines have had acute cash problems which have necessitated extensive re-structuring of management, reassignment of equipment and, in many instances, the purchase of new, expensive but more economic operating aircraft to meet the problems of the eighties and nineties. Fortunately most of the world's carriers have now completed, or virtually completed, this reorganisation and in a few instances are even coming back into recognisable profit. Airlines have beome more aware of the need to seek. listen to and observe the wishes of the travelling public. This has led to the opening of many new routes with substantial changes in the style of operation and the emergence of a recognised form of routing, known as the hub system.

Commerce does follow the airways and though the London to New York route is undeniably the most extensively served route in international aviation, nevertheless this additional service providing as it does so many more integral link-ups to so many parts of the world will serve to provide a stimulus for commerce; a stimulus whose ripples will spread far beyond the three thousand miles of the actual route.

# At 35,000 feet, haute cuisine in high style

by Carol Wright Travel Editor, House & Garden magazine

Airlines too often play safe with bland "international" foods as memorable as the "international" hotel room and made even less impressive by the biological fact that passengers lose 50% of taste appreciation in a pressurised jet.

One airline with true character in its meals and excellent presentation is British Caledonian. Stewardesses dressed in tartan kilts serve many Scottish dishes underlining the airline's ancestry. They are fortunate in having world-loved quality produce from Scotland - smoked and fresh salmon, seafood, Aberdeen Angus beef, venison, pheasant and other game, scones, shortbread and Dundee cake, kippers and marmalade for breakfast; not to mention whisky

and Dramonie.

The tartan taste is highlighted above the clouds on special anniversaries like Burns Night, complete with haggis, but the airline serves Scottish foods with lightness and less than traditional causes. Scottish than traditional sauces. Scottish lobster comes with a Marie Rose cocktail sauce, salmon with cucumber salad in yoghurt dressing, baked sea trout with dill and lemon. quail paté en croute, turkey with haggis stuffing, and meals have begun with Highland clear game soup or cock-a-leekie (chicken and leek) served with cheese straws made with Orkney cheese.

Traditional British meals - breakfast and afternoon tea - are very popular with international passengers. Breakfast into London to allow maximum sleep may often be Continental style but on early morning business flights from London to Scotland and Europe there are full hot breakfasts, and from the States local ideas such as hash brown potatoes, hot poppyseed rolls, and Danish pastries are added. Flying routes to Hong Kong from the UK, middle-ofthe night departures call for an "early morning refreshment" not quite breakfast, not as heavy as brunch or supper for time-confused stomachs, and imaginative ideas like chicken and mushroom pancakes. hot quiches, spring rolls for First Class and open sandwiches for Executive Class are served.

In 1884 the first tea rooms were opened in Glasgow and 101 years later, British Caledonian serves traditional afternoon tea on transatlantic routes serving scones, shortbread and fruit cake. Into the States they often offer what is known in the UK as "high tea", originally served to

"high" at 35,000 feet, it is satisfying enough for time-change passengers not to need dinner having arrived in the States. A current Farmhouse High Tea menu in First Class opens with Scottish beef and oyster pie with Dauphinoise potatoes, continues with salad and sour cream and chives dressing, and proceeds with hot scones, clotted cream and strawberry jam, traditional Dundee cake with "selected English fancies" with tea or coffee. If a businessman wants to sleep or work through the main meal, the hostess can later assuage his hunger with such a meal.

Ideas are also taken from the

The airline's admirable catering standards were early set by a Scottish lady, Katie Wilde, who was then the UK's only woman airline catering manager. Many of her family recipes were converted to airline use with Mrs. Wilde always flying herself with batches of new ideas to see how they reacted in flight. One of her creations



was breast of chicken with hazelnut sauce and still served is her way with potatoes (another great product from Scotland) layering them thinly with mushrooms flavoured with garlic and baked in cream and topped with a

little cheese. Marriott now caters for British Caledonian and reports the airline insists on perfect presentation. Plain white and gold Wedgewood bone china is used on royal blue linen. Senior stewardesses change to full length kilts and white, jabot-fronted blouses to serve dinner, and on African routes local girls wear traditional flowing cotton robes and

Though one of the regrettably few airlines to automatically offer iced water with a meal, British Caledonian's wine lists are among the air is most impressive. Each appropriate is most impressive. Each passenger is given the chance to study the selection at leisure, not just have a basket of bottles whisked past. Both

First and Executive Class passengers have individual booklets of wines and drinks available handed to them to study. First Class meals can be preceded by a choice of three sherries as well as cocktails and end with a 12-year-old Chivas Regal, the 12-year-old Glenlivet (malt whisky) or a Jack Daniels, and with the food comes Krug champagne, Chateau Kirwan Margaux claret; Gevry Chambertin, white burgundy, or Moselle, Rhine and Californian wines. And if malt whisky is not your ligrary, then another fine Scottish liqueur then another fine Scottish habit is a port, in First a 20-year-old Sandeman is offered.

In the silver-covered Super Executive list sherries, old whiskies, maits, bourbon and ports are offered and among the wines. Louis Roederer champagne, beaujolais and chablis 'house wines' and a Muller Thurgau estate-bottled. Lamberhurst, an English wine.

# In-flight selling: the future

by Miles Kington

To a businessman, an in-flight trolley represents two things. It means a blockage in the aisle, necessitating finding a longer route to the toilets. But even more important, it represents what businessmen call "slack capacity". Well, that may not be what they call it, but it's certainly what I call it.

Let me give you an example. My local filling station recently started selling potatoes by the sack, because a nearby farmer had noticed a large empty space just inside the door. The potatoes sold very well, so the filling station manager decided to sell fresh flowers as well. These too are selling well, so he has now expanded into groceries, glassware and household goods. The last time I spoke to him, he was thinking of phasing out the oil and petrol side of his business.

Now, for many years the trolleys that trundled up and down the aisles of aeroplanes dispensed nothing but meals and drinks, which is an unprofitable undertaking especially if they are given away free. Most of the time, anyway, the aisles were trolley-free. Eventually the airlines tumbled to the fact that they could also sell duty-free goods from trolleys, but sales have so far been modest. In filling station terms, they have just reached the

To fill this slack capacity, two paths are open to the airlines. They can adopt a more aggressive duty-free selling policy, by stressing that their goods are much cheaper than what you buy at the airport. "Cheaper than Schipjol", "To Hell with Heathrow" — this is the kind of crusading slogan they should adopt. They should also convert part of the plane to a small duty-free mart, in order to increase the variety of their stock, and to keep the aisles free for the second prong of expansion -franchising of trolley space.

What do I mean by this? I'll tell you what I mean by this. I mean hiring out trolley space to entre-preneurs who will pay well to be able to get at a large captive audience of businessmen, stockbrokers, lawyers, doctors, advertisers — all of whom would leap at the opportunity to turn a time-wasting long-distance flight into real business.

Imagine a stockbroker sitting for seven or eight hours, condemned to watch a Burt Reynolds movie that even Burt Reynolds didn't want to the broker ten rows down.

walkers and travellers by farmers' wives. Certainly and Drambuie.

> cuisines of destinations served. On Hong Kong routes, First Class main courses parallel roast beef of Old Caledonia with Yorkshire pudding with barbecued loin of pork with ginger and soy sauce; in Executive Class, Sussex beef in old ale contrasts with Peking chicken with walnuts and peppers. Out of the States, Hawaiian shrimp cocktail, carrot cake and American ice cream are

make, when he could be moving up and down the plane with his tickertape trolley, selling shares while the stock markets of the world slept. Why, even one good transaction would make his flight worthwhile. Imagine a lawyer finding the one client on board who needs a lawyer like him, specialising in punitive damages for being sold dud stock by

Doctors, too, hate being on planes waiting for the odd chance of a small child developing mumps. How much better for them to cruise up and down, looking for the ulcer or back strain that is looking for a doctor. And psychiatrists, too — why not? A couple of patients treated in-flight between London and New York between London and New York would more than make up for the price of the flight. Antique dealers, real estate agents, computer salesmen - all should be encouraged to get up and bustle at 35,000 feet.

The advantages for the airlines are endless — increased revenue, easing of pressure on over-worked cabin crew, cancellation of unwanted movies, and so on. The businessmen who took out a franchise on aisle space would also be able to claim their ticket against tax - indeed, they would be able to claim their share of the plane as working premises and write it off against tax. Even the passengers would benefit, especially those who left Heathrow with a bottle of vodka and arrived in New York with an antique clock, an oil painting, a house in Florida and a miraculously cured migraine.

The only possible disadvantage would be that for seven hours it would be nearly impossible to get to the toilet. But all progress involves paying a price - in any case, it should not be beyond the wit of the airlines to invent a toilet trolley.

It only remains for some airline with vision to capitalise on my idea. They are welcome to it, at an agreed

# Driusii Caledonian announce their businessmans

From May 1st, British Caledonian will be offering a unique door-todoor service on their New York-London route.

The service is for First and Super Executive passengers at both ends, and all the extras are included in the fare.

We'll pick you up from your home, hotel or office within a 40 mile radius of central Manhattan and drive you to JFK. (If you'd like to be picked up from further afield, we'll be happy to do so for a small excess mileage charge.)

Alternatively, you can take the helicopter direct to the airport from a choice of 4 departure points: central Manhattan, The World Trade Center, Newark or La Guardia.

At the other end, we'll drive you from London Gatwick to your destination, anywhere within a 40 mile radius of the airport.

Or we'll drop you off within 20 miles of the airport at Glasgow, Edinburgh, Manchester or Birmingham, just as long as you're connecting with our British Caledonian Commuter service.

Naturally, the transport will be in keeping with British Caledonian's reputation for comfort.

There'll be limousines for both First and Super Executive passengers to collect you in Manhattan.

At the other end we'll lay on large saloons for Super Executive passengers, while if you're flying First Class you can look forward to the luxury of a chaffeur-driven limousine. British Caledonian's London flights depart daily from JFK at 20.00,

arriving at Gatwick at 07.40 the following day. Coming back, they depart daily at 11.30, arriving 14.10 - with the same collection and delivery service.

So next time your business takes you to New York and London, let British Caledonian take you - door-to-door.

See your travel agent or British Caledonian Sales Office for details.

British Caledonian We never forget you have a choice.



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**B.CAL** routes span four continents

London Gatwick and New York Kennedy, B.CAL becomes one of Europe's major North Atlantic carriers. B.CAL already has well established services to Houston. Dallas/Port Worth, Atlanta and Los

Angeles.

B.CAL's route network is centred on London Gatwick, the capital's

most up-to-the-minute airport.

The airline has been designated by the British Government as the UK flag carrier to West and Central Africa and to parts of North Africa.

Services to Africa cover routes to Libra Traisis.

and Zambia

Libya, Tunisia, The Gambia, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Gabon, Nigeria, Cameroon

The airline's prime African routes are those flying to Nigeria where both Lagos and Kano are served up to nine

Lagos and Kano are served up to nine times weekly in each direction.

B.CAL is also the British flag airline to Saudi Arabia and flies six times weekly to both Jeddah and Dhahran. The UK government has granted B.CAL a licence to fly to Riyadh and is negotiating rights for this additional service.

In the Middle East B.CAL flies daily to Dubai as part of its daily service between London and Hong Kong. B.CAL is currently seeking

Government authority to begin a new non-stop service over the Soviet Union to Japan and Korea.

Within Europe B.CAL operates high frequency services on the prime routes, including those between London and Paris, Brussels, Amsterdam, Frankfurt, Geneva and Genoz and plans to start service soon Genoa and plans to start service soon to Milan. Associated commuter carriers offer services also to Antwerp and to Rotterdam.

B.CAL's UK domestic network is scheduled to provide acres connected.

scheduled to provide easy connec-tions at Gatwick. Services operate up to four times daily to and from Glasgow, Edinburgh, Manchester and Jersey. Commuter airlines feed into the B.CAL network from many other points, including Birmingham, Newcastle, Bristol, Cardiff



# **B.CAL** pampers bottoms

what every airline wants. So it is surprising that so few have got it right when it comes to pampering the travelling executive's

As with all its plans for the London-New York route, B.CAL went out to its markets to find out what its. potential customers really wanted.

According to B.CAL Marketing Director Alan Deller, there was still great demand for the right kind of seat. "Some were just too wide, some were too narrow, and some were all right, but not spaced properly. The room around the seat is just as important as the seat," Deller says.

B.CAL set to work with a UK-based company, Flying Services, and used its research to design what it believes is the definitive seat — which will duly be put in the correct amount of space.

Referred to technically as a "W" seat — B.CAL has branded it "Sky-Recliner" — it has been developed very closely by user and manufac-turer. "Our research and develop-ment manager talked directly to the people who were making it," says

Of course, with any seat, the proof of the padding is in the sitting — but B.CAL believes its Super Executive passengers will quickly recognise it as the most comfortable across the



# WHEN TIME COUNTS COUNT ON US. A de luxe hotel, directly connected to lundon's Garwick Airport terminal, under thirty minutes by non-stop rail from the city centre. With day use offices, indoor pool and gymnasium to help you stay on schedule. For reservations call the botel direct on (0293) 518080, your Ticavel Agent, any Hilton International botel or Hilton Reservation Service - London number 631 1767 and elsewhere in the C.K. Freeform 2724.

GATWICK HILTON INTERNATIONAL

WHERE THE WORLD IS AT HOME"

# Beefeater and B.CAL travel overseas together



When glasses are raised in toast aboard B.CAL's first jet to JFK on May 1, in celebration of the inaugural flight's successful take off, you can be sure that more than a few will con-tain ice-chilled Beefeater martinis. No cocktail is more closely associated with the international jet set than the martini, composed largely of Beefeater London Dry Gin.

"Beefeater, by definition, is a drink that travels," says Edward Palmer, one of Beefeater's export directors. "Other firms manufacture many of their gins locally. All Beefeater is made in London and exported; we're the world's largest selling exported gin and have been selling fine gin for over 170 years,

which helps to explain why just a few days ago our firm won the Queen's Award for Export Achievement for an unprecedented fifth time. Since we last won it in 1976, our exports to

170 countries have trebled.

The brand's popularity makes it an international best-seller. A recent survey of the brands sold in duty free shops worldwide showed Beefeater

to be the only gin ranked in the top ten in distribution and sales. Climbing rapidly in sales is a second brand in the James Burrough plc stable: Burrough's English Vodka. In B.CAL First Class, this is the vodka served to passengers. Just as the Beefeater name and reputation spread worldwide through its identification with the beverage preferences of the travelling public, Burrough's English Vodka is expected to increase its market share through tie-ins with B.CAL and other

Hertz is B.CAL's car rental partner

. . and would you like a Hertz car when you get there?" is the sign-off question being asked by B.CAL's busy reservations staff these days, the result of a unique partnership between the airline and the world's rental leading car company.

By linking the two firms' reservation computers, it's possible for a B.CAL passenger to reserve a Hertz hire car in any of 5000 locations in over 130 countries. B.CAL's Marketover 130 confines. B.CAL SMarket-ing Director, Gordon Davidson, enthuses, "With its more than 400,000 vehicles available world-wide. Hertz offers our passengers a superb array of fly/drive opportu-nities. Hertz has the same kind of global reputation for quality and service as B.CAL, and our link-up enables us to provide a really signifi-cant extra for passengers."

Hertz leads the industry in

providing unique and valuable new services to its business traveller

customers, including:

• Membership in the No.1 Club which means swift, preferential service when taking out and dropping off a rental car and the elimination of detailed form-filling because all the driver's details are stored in the Mega Hertz computer for swift printout.

• Free, fast, computer printouts in seven languages of the swiftest route to the client's destination, complete with important phone numbers, indication of driving time and suggestions

of sights to see on the way.

• Mobile telephones installed in the luxury car end of the Hertz rental range so that busy executives need not lose touch.

 Customer care packs including tissues, sewing kits, scented hand towels and other personal grooming items passed out to renters in a number of countries.

No. 1 Club lounges for renters at certain European airports, permitting them to wait for their planes

in quiet and comfort. Links with national railways in several countries so that hire carpick-

ups and dropoffs can take place at well over 700 railroad stations.

"Hertz has always pioneered services and products for the business traveller," explains John Hambly, the firm's Vice President and General Manager for Europe. "We're delighted to be associated with B.CAL as it expands its routes across the Atlantic while Hertz, at the same time, expands the services if same time, expands the services it offers to its ever-growing international clientele."

#### BEING KNOWN AS A NUMBER CAN BE A VERY PERSONAL THING

Look, for example, at the individual registration number on the back label of your bottle of Beefeater Gin. If it were JF 1222146, it would tell you that your Beefeater was distilled Thursday, January 7, 1982, under the supervision of Thomas Bowman, Master Stillman, and that the distillation was approved personally by Mr. Norman Burrough, a direct descendant of our founder, before it was allowed to leave the distillery.

Does it help to know all this? Yes. That number is a vital part of Beefeater's quality control. Because the number is Mr. Bowman's personal signature. And Mr. Burrough's as well.
And any artist is at his best iwhen he has to sign his work.







When British Caledonian start their new direct service to New York, Jetsave will be with them all the way. Every day.

#### lessave and British Caledonian

Atlanta
 Dallas

HoustonLos Angeles

New York

... and connections throughout America.



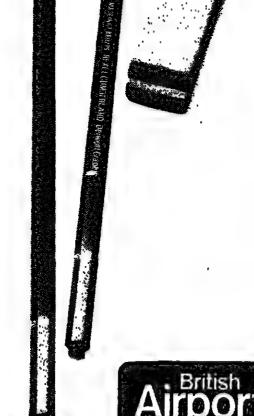
East Grinstand: (0342) 27711 Manchester: (061) 499 2244 Glasgow: Fresphone Jetsave

# RUEOR

THE WORLD'S 4TH BUSIEST INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT IS GATWICK.

True | False |





ANSWER: IRUE

THE WORLD'S MOST SUCCESSFUL INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT SYSTEM

HEATHROW-GATWICK-STANSTED-GLASGOW-EDINBURGH-PRESTWICK-ABERDEEN

# Flyaround Yorkina meroiro tor under

The new Gatwick to New York flight starts on 1st May. So does the new Hertz flydrive from Kennedy Airport.

Hertz and British Caledonian have got together to arrange a Ford Thunderbird at the special rate of \$44.90 per day (a saving of some \$18).

Just pre-book through your travel agent or through B. Cal, and

then you can take off as soon as you touch down.





# The Gatwick gateway

British Caledonian will offer the only service between New York's JFK Airport and London's Gatwick Airport — Britain's most modern — when it begins flights on May 1.

Gatwick, which started as a grass airfield 55 years ago, is the fourth busiest airport in the world for international travellers and last year handled 13.98 million passengers and 140,000 aircraft movements.

The start of the new B.CAL service will provide Gatwick with its 121st scheduled destination.

Gatwick has repeatedly proved most popular of London's international airports because of its easy-to-follow layout and its fast and simple access to both central London

and many other parts of Britain.

Non-stop trains, specially designed and built, operate the

Gatwick Express between Gatwick and Victoria, right in the heart of London, every 15 minutes during the day and take only 30 minutes.

Ten helicopter flights in each direction daily provide fast links with London Heathrow Airport and a new motorway is nearing completion which will provide road links right round the outside of London for travellers to the North, West and East of the capital.

Gatwick has massive multi-storey and open-air car parks and is the nucleus of a network of coach services in all directions.

## Chopper service

Heathrow Airlink helicopter service at the two airports to provide the fastest, easiest link possible.

Operated by a 26-seat Sikorsky S61 helicopter, the service provides ten flights every day in each direction. timed during morning and evening peak periods when most flights arrive and depart.

Passengers holding tickets on long-haul flights and transferring from one airport to the other can

travel on Airlink free of charge. Other passengers can buy tickets for the Airlink at the special Airlink desks at the two airports for the one-way fare of £22.

# Hilton's at the heart of the hub

Horst Angelkotter, Chief Executive of the Gatwick Hilton International, despite an entire professional lifetime in the hotel and catering industry can claim the past three years as a truly unique experience in management

The Gatwick Hilton was completed in December 1981 and, it is believed, can claim to offer the only hotel facility at an airport of its kind in the entire world.

Its 333 rooms, extensive lobby restaurants, swimming pool and health club together with a wide range of other facilities and comforts are literally within walking distance, all under cover, from the central terminal at Gatwick.

London's second major airport,
Gatwick, is fast growing in importance for international business and
leisure travellers. A growing hubpoint for connecting long distance
flights stretching from Africa, and
the Far East to America's West Coast

... and beyond. Thus an opportunity to spend a night, or even day, between flights is a service superbly

provided by the Gatwick Hilton International, literally unrivalled by

Another feature to be immediately recognised as invaluable by the seasoned air traveller is the British Caledonian check-in desk within the lobby complex at the Gatwick Hilton. Thus you can shed yourself of your checked luggage straight from your room and stroll to the flight boarding point burdened only by your bag tags and boarding pass. Our reporter in a recent interview

with Mr. Angelkotter sought his reactions after three years of senior management at this unique hotel facility, as near to an "hotel in the sky" so far attempted. "In many ways a complete fulfilment of an hotelier's role in life," replied the Gatwick Hilton's top executive. "Having spent most of my professional life at hotels around the world. I now appreciate that here at Gatwick. I now appreciate that here at Gatwick we are providing rest, recreation and an opportunity to relax at the most essential time they are needed by the traveller." He added, "Air travel is



marvellous but when a break occurs we are able to offer all that is needed to make a journey truly comfortable

The Gatwick Hilton has enjoyed somewhat predictably, great success from the outset. To many thousands of the world's air travellers it is now a familiar rendezvous and oasis; its banqueting facilities are in constant use also by a wide range of busi-nesses and industries.

# country house hotel

Only seven minutes from Gatwick Airport terminal by luxury shuttle coach, the Copthorne is B.CAL's own four-star, country house, inter-national hotel.

The Copthorne, nestling in over 100 acres of woodlands and built around a 16th century farmhouse, is unique as an airport hotel.

Built throughout in farmhouse

style on two floors only and with country garden outlooks, it is nevertheless of international standard and provides the standards and services required by the travelling business

Two radio-controlled courtesy coaches to run a shuttle service every 15 minutes between the ground level coach station at Gatwick and the

But the Copthorne is more than just another — however unique — airport hotel.

It has a fine classical cuisine restaurant, a competitively priced coffee shop with buffet service, several bars and a range of conference and function rooms suitable for every-thing from a board meeting to a full



# B.CAL

Caledonian has chosen to tie-up with Eastern Air Lines, one of America's biggest carriers and believes the B.CAL-Eastern link will prove a

Flights will initially arrive at the JFK International Arrivals Building and depart from the Eastern terminal. The US carrier is currently installing its own arrivals facilities; when these are finished in July. B.CAL believes it will have access to the best facilities at JFK.

B.CAL's Marketing Director. Alan Deller, says the terminal is a major boost for the whole service. "It has the shortest walk-time from the

has the shortest walk-time from the curb to the aircraft of any at JFK,"

he says.

Deller points out that it is also a very quiet and under-used terminal, providing a calm, hassle-free atmosphere, as well as some good connections with smaller carriers

B.CAL will have six check-in desks with its own corporate identity.

So keen is Deller on the terminal and its contential at IFK that he its unique potential at JFK that he doesn't rule out "permanent investment" in it by B.CAL in the future.

Eastern's Ionosphere lounge, described as "excellent" by Deller, will be available to Super Executive customers.



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B.CAL delivers the goods

B.CAL will be offering greater flexibility for cargo requirements when it introduces its Boeing 747 Combi on the Gatwick-New York IFK route on lune 1.

JFK route on June 1.

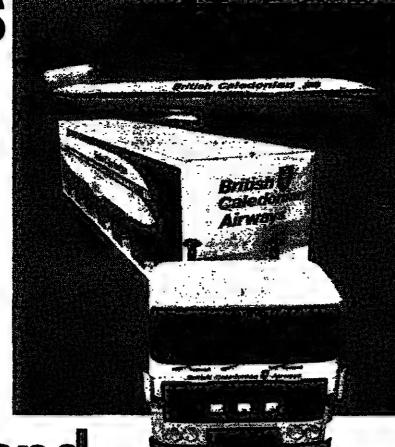
For the airline will be the only passenger carrier on the route offering main deck cargo space and the volume to carry outsize loads which need not be split.

which need not be split.

The Combi's 123 ins. by 134 ins. freight door enables the aircraft to carry up to 25 tonnes of cargo in the rear of the main deck.

It will be the only British scheduled service aircraft capable of accommodating 10ft, high pallets. In addition a further 15 tonnes of cargo can be carried in the under-floor holds.

David Coltman, B.CAL's Deputy Managing Director, said: "The new aircraft will strengthen dramatically B.CAL's position as a specialist cargo carrier and, with a weekly capacity of 560 tonnes, will enable us to develop new levels of service for forwarders on both sides of the Atlantic."



# B.CAL and the business traveller

British Caledonian was the pioneer of business class travel on the North Atlantic in 1978 when it introduced the Executive cabin on its London-Houston route. Rival carriers followed suit:

riers followed suit:

But B.CAL has since gone one
better with the introduction of Super
Executive, a self-contained cabin
tailored for business travellers.

And the acquisition of a Boeing 747 for the New York route marks the introduction of a Sky Recliner seat designed specifically for the airline.

The seat features padded legrest, footrest and tilting seat cushion. Easy-to-operate, press-button controls ensure the highest standard of comfort for passengers. Seat reclineand legrest angle are controlled independently while there is also a simple legrest retract mechanism.

Emphasis is on space with just a 2-2 seat configuration at a pitch of 40 inches. This allows larger central armrests with pull-out mini-tables.

B. CAL's Boeing 747 includes two Super Executive cabins with 16 seats

B.CAL's Boeing 747 includes two Super Executive cabins with 16 seats on the upper deck and 20 on the main deck. Each cabin features a distinctive decor in shades of brown and beige.

Among the special amenities are linen headrests and cushions and large cellular blankets.

Passengers are offered a choice of meals, served on china. All drinks are free with a comprehensive selection of wines and spirits.

Super Executive passengers also receive toilet packs containing tooth-brushand paste, shoe horn, eyemask, slippers and comb.



Free in-flight entertainment can be enjoyed with the aid of luxury padded, electronic headsets. There is also a wide range of newspapers and magazines. Super Executive also allows advance seat selection at time of reservation, separate check-in and priority disembarkment. Passengers have access to Eastern Airlines' Ionosphere lounge at JFK.

# Take the train to the plane

British Caledonian's unique Central London Air Terminal, right in the centre of Victoria Station, enables passengers to check-in and hand over their baggage before taking the Gatwick Express to the airport.

The terminal is close to the Gatwick Express departure platforms and has its own bridge linking it

It is only a few minutes walk from the London Underground station, from the bus stops for Victoria Station and from the taxi drop-off points. B.CAL's Central London Air Ter-

B.CAL's Central London Air Terminal provides passengers with a comprehensive flight check-in facility:

A complete check-in service up to 12 hours before aircraft departure on the day of a flight leaves passengers free of their baggage until they reach their final destination.
 Reservations and ticket desks, seat selection facilities and boarding

cards are available from CLAT requiring no further check-in formalities at Gatwick to contend with.

 Up-to-the-minute flight information...a licensed bar for hot and cold snacks, beverages and drinks and a comfortable departure lounge area are among other facilities offered.

 Passengers are escorted to their train via a private walkway to the platform by uniformed B.CAL staff.

CLAT also features, in common with the other major route airports on the B.CAL system, a private Clansman Lounge for First Class and British Caledonian Chieftain Club members.

Combined with British Rail's Gatwick Express service to Gatwick, with departures every 15 minutes each day during the peak period, CLAT offers business travellers a

unique passenger service.
Gatwick Express provides a nonstop service between Gatwick and Victoria every day between 05.30 and 23.30.

At night services are operated by regular trains and run every hour.
Gatwick Express journey time is only 30 minutes, 12 minutes faster than the original time using normal trains.

trains.

The Gatwick Express was specially designed and produced for the airport link and offers adjustable seats, air-conditioned coaches and ample space for bags and cases.

For arriving passengers at Gatwick, British Rail has its own enquiry desk in the arrivals hall and supplies tickets for both Gatwick Express and its services to anywhere in Britain.

# More than just an airline

British Caledonian Airways is a member of one of the UK's leading travel, tourism and engineering groups, the Caledonian Aviation Group plc, which last year recorded a turnover of more than £526 million.

British Caledonian itself earned

British Caledonian itself earned almost £414 million and carried 2.1 million passengers. Its overall revenue load factor was 63.9 per cent. Other members of the Group

 CHM Hotels which owns or manages 17 properties in Europe, Africa and the Caribbean, with a total of 3,550 rooms and is currently handling several new hotel developments in Britain.

ments in Britain.

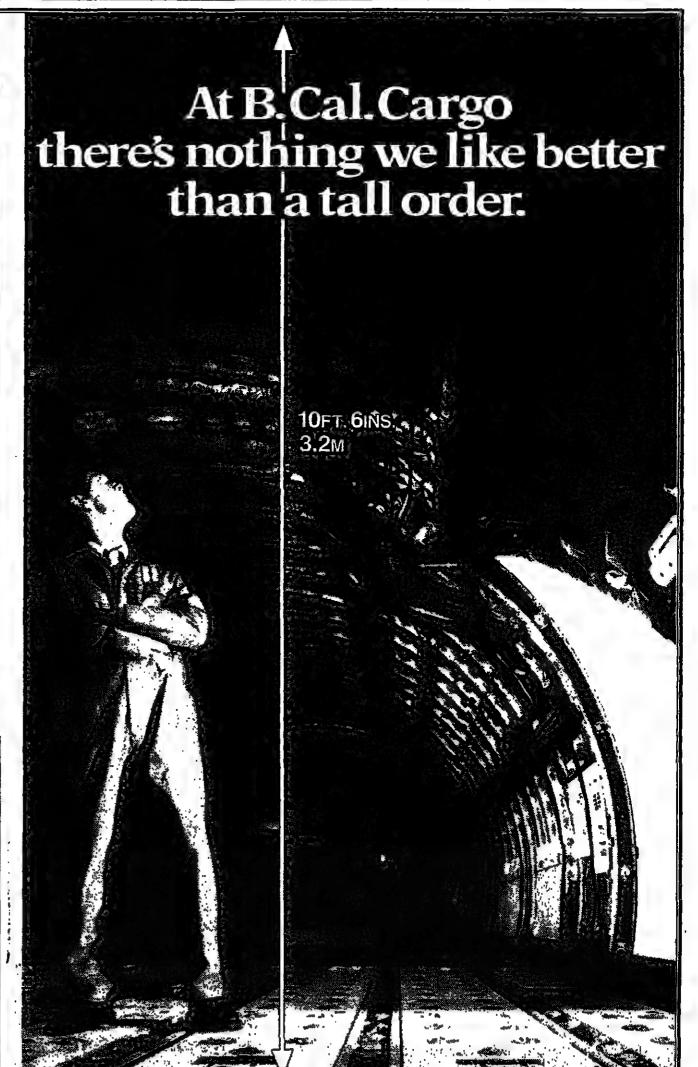
• Jetsave is a British tour operator which specialises in holidays to North America but also has growing programmes within Europe and to the Far East. This year it will carry more than 100,000 passengers.

• British Caledonian Travel

 British Caledonian Travel Holdings operates an inclusive tour firm, Blue Sky Holidays, which concentrates on holidays in Europe and North Africa and this year will carry some 200,000 passengers, and Blue Sky Travel which has 25 retail travel agencies in England.  Caledonian Airmotive is a hightech engineering firm based at Prestwick Airport, Glasgow, which has one of the most advanced aeroengine test plants in the world and last year was given a Queen's Award for Export Achievement.

 British Caledonian Helicopters is based at Aberdeen, Scotland, and concentrates on support flying for the North Sea offshore oil industry.
 British Caledonian Aircraft

 British Caledonian Aircraft Trading provides specialist services for airlines in the sale and purchase of aircraft and in the provision of consultancy contracts.



From June 1st British Caledonian will be flying cargo at a new height...10ft.6ins.

That's the height of Cargo we can accommodate on the upper deck of our new Boeing 747 Combi. It's a specially equipped aircraft that divides the passenger deck to accommodate cargo.

To keep up with the future demands of the air cargo industry we are thinking big, so our first 747 Combi starts from June 1st, flying seven days a week to New York's JFK airport.

By thinking big we're adding extra capacity, extra height and extra tonnes. In fact any container or pallet in the cargo industry can be accommodated in our Combi, as well as large volume shipments such as vehicles, boats, helicopters, even heavy machinery.

Thinking big hasn't made us big-headed. But we are proud to say that there's one thing which sets us apart from other airlines, and that's our people. Their dedication, care and commitment have made B.Cal Cargo one of the world's leading carriers.

So when you give us a tall order we welcome the challenge, because we know our people come up to the mark.

B.Cal Cargo, with our new Combi and the best people, we've got a big future.



Our people make us better

#### Page 14 Mid Ave Price Mat Life Carr 11:00 12.65 1.60 11.77 7.23 12.54 12.22 17.64 13.21 17.64 75.61 11:11 12.17 75.6 12.77 12.65 8.64 13.77 11.37 8.64 12.79 72.56 11.52 **International Bond Prices - Week of April 25** 8 38 Jun 8 49 Aor 11 49 Jul 9 89 Aor 84 37 Jun 11 93 Jun 11 93 Jun THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O Eurofred Eurofred Eurofred Eurofred Eurofred Eurofred Inter American Inter Int 4 SAME TO A STATE OF THE STATE OF Provided by Credit Suisse First Boston Securities, London, Tel.: 01-623-1277 Prices may vary according to market conditions and other lectors. UNITED STATES AMERICA 14 Stock of the second of the RECENT ISSUES Activate Alexandrication of Alexandrication of American Brands American Adelical Initiation American Soungs American Soungs American Februaria American Fromaca Artsona Pr. Co. Artsona Pr. Co. Artsona Pr. Finance Artsona Olis Finance Astrona Olis Finance Astrona Olis Finance Astrona Pr. 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| 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 ### FOF 11% VA MOR ### 17.55 | FOR | 11% VA MOR | 10% | 11.55 | GERMANY | 10% | 10% | 11.55 | GERMANY | 10% | 10% | 11.55 | FOR | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 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Hivero-Electric Quertes Pravince Quertes Pravinc JAPAN 102:3 945 103:4 10.32 97:5 10.75 96:1 481 104 7.43 105:2 7.40 100:1 17.13 97:4 11.42 107:4 10.73 10.12 10.29 10.39 10.44 7.53 11.69 11.69 11.40 11.40 10.63 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 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#### Eurobonds

#### **Budding Rally Is Shattered** By Rate Rise, Volcker Talk

By CARL GEWIRTZ

ARIS — A rise in short-term dollar interest rates last week coupled with tough talk from Paul A. Voicker, the chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, about the need to keep U.S. interest rates high shattered a budding rally in the Eurobond market.

The rise in rates was hardly sharp — 1/4-point in one-month Eurodollars to 5/16-point in one-year funds. But it was enough to erase almost half of the dollar's 14-percent decline against the Deutsche mark seen in the previous seven weeks, leaving speculators, investors and borrowers in stunned confusion over future trends in the bond and foreign-exchange markets.

Operators in both markets had read the sharp slowdown in

first-quarter U.S. economic growth as a signal for lower interest rates and, as a result, a declining dollar. But Mr. Volcker's comments in effect alerted the markets that

slower-than-expected growth in one quarter does not automatically mean a marked down-

**Eurobond Yields** 

For Week Ended April 24 U.S.5 to term, int'i Inst. ..... U.S.5 tong term, ind. .....

ECU long term

EUA long term

FLx in term, ini'i msi,

FLx in term, ini'i msi,

Coiculated by the Luxembou

Market Turnover

For Work Ended April 26 (Million in U.S. Dialors)

11.97 %

ward revision in forecast growth for the year. The rate of expansion this year has U.S.S long term, Ind.
U.S.S medium term, Ind.
Con.S medium term
French Fr. medium term
Sterling medium term
Yen medium term, Int'l Inst.
Yen ig term, Int'l Inst.
ECU short term
ECU medium term been expected to slow to about 3.4 percent from the 6.8 percent recorded in 1984 and international experts confirmed last week that the disappointing first-quarter figures were no cause to revise their projections for

In addition, officials are cautioning against expecting a sharp flare-up in U.S. infla-tion when the dollar does start to decline. Very low rates of inflation in West Germany, Switzerland and Japan and declining rates in

Tatel Ootige Registration (Cede) 15,578.30 12,660.10 2,918.20 Euroclear 31,420.90 28,680.30 2,740.10 Britain and France in face of very sharp currency depreciations against the dollar are now being interpreted to mean that exchange-rate changes have less of an impact on domestic inflation rates than in the 1970s, primarily because monetary policy is more firmly linked to money supply

All this means that U.S. interest rates may not be about to plummet and that a decline in the dollar may well take the shape of the "soft landing" officials hope for rather than the havocmaking collapse speculators are prepared for.

It also means investors have stopped rushing to buy non-dollar securities in the expectation of big currency gains and have stopped nibbling at dollar bonds on expectations of capital gains if interest rates fell. Light demand for paper has never stopped issuers from trying to force the market, but there was little of that last week. Borrowers themselves are not sure whether cheaper financing may not become available when a clearer picture of economic trends comes into focus after this week's scheduled reports from Washington on housing starts, factory orders and

leading economic indicators.

Also weighing on the market is this week's announcement by the Treasury on its quarterly refinancing plans and the outcome of the delayed Senate vote on President Ronald Reagan's budgetcutting proposal.

The few issuers who dared to tap the dollar market fared poorly. Anheuser-Busch's \$100 million of eight-year bonds at par bearing a coupon of 11% percent and Tokai Asia's \$100 million of 10-year bonds at 111/2 percent were shunged. Bankers noted that clients who want dollar paper can find much better yields in the secondary market.

Nestle Holdings, the U.S. affiliate of the Swiss company, offered \$100 million of 9%-percent, three-year notes, which may be extended to eight years, and did better thanks to the magic of the name and the scarcity value of its paper. Its first dollar issue (same amount, same terms) was made in February.

small new issue of \$30 million for Transamerica bearing a coupon hi-point over the six-month London interbank offered rate.

The FRN market is weighed down by large amounts of unsold paper, particularly issues using the mismatch formula of monthly fixing of coupons based on the six-month rate. At the height of its popularity, the formula allowed banks and other institutional investors to pick up an additional 14 percentage points of income due to the difference between their one-month financing costs and the six-month coupon rate.

But that spread has collapsed. Early this month the one- and six-month rates were identical. The market has become a bit more comfortable now that the spread has widened to haif a point, but (Continued on Page 17, Col. 1)

#### Last Week's Markets All figures are as of class of trading Friday

	Washington a second	A		·			_
	Stock	Ind	exes		<b>Money Rates</b>		
	United State	s			United States	Last Wil.	Prev.Wk.
		ast Wk.	Prev.Wk.	Chies	Discount rate	8	
	DJ Indus	1275.16	1264.45	+0.74%	Federal funds rate	8Va	734
	DJ Util	154.75	155.21	-0.32%	Prime rate	10/2	101/2
	DJ Trans.—	58A.25		+0.22%		.073	1072
	5 & P 100	176.96		+0.40%	Japan		
	5 & P 500	192.18		+0.55%	Discount	5	5
	NYSE CP	105.52		+0.48%	Call money	Ā	57%
	Source: Prodenta				60-day intertrank	614	614
	Source: Properties	POLK X	LEE PLACES		West Germany	•	•
۶.	We be to				West Germany		
٠	Britain				Lombord	6.00	6.00
	FTSE 100	1294.30	1299.60	-0.41%	Overnight	57a	5.50
	FT 30	970.30	990.40	<b>—1.03%</b>	1-month Interbank	5.75	5.70
	' '				Britain		
	Tf Vone				The straight		
	Hoog Kong				Bank base rate	121/2	1272
	Hong Seng	1506.50	1474.21	+219%	Call money	1244	1314
					3-month Interbank	1234	123/16
	Japan						
				+240%	Dollar Lestw	PL Prev.Wit	Ch'se
	Nikkei OJ	2405.10	12114.80	T 240 %	Bk Engl Index N.	142.70	_ 04
							_ ,=
	Wed Germa	my			Gold		
	Commerable	1235.70	1223.00	+1.03%	London p.m. flx. 5 323.5	0 327.00	-1.07%
	Source: James Cor			,	Rate and poid date iron Criban		
	SOURCE: MITTERS LOS		LEADIL .				

#### **Currency Rates**

Late interbank rates on April 26, excluding fees. Official fixings for Amsterdam, Brussels, Frankfurt, Milan, Paris. New York rates at

	4 P.JVI.				Porm
*	5 Amsterdom 3.5835 Brussets(d) 63.47 Frenshurt 1.1527 Lendos (b) 1.217 Allian 2011.50 New York (c) Poris 76kyo 252.40 Zurich 26175	76.17 3.777 2.417.10 1.2155 11.553 304.20	D.M. F.F. R.L. 113.185 * 37.08 * 0.1775 20.1303 * 6.607 * 3.1533	* 17.901 — 24.135 25.073 * x 85.36 * 4.769 * 119.53 * 1.247 * 2 4.3075 24.79 1.1765 307.30	Christine Chien, an analyst at Prudential-Bache Securities, projected that orders this year would surge to about \$3.75 billion from their 1984 level of \$2.9 billion. That would still be far below 1979, the peak year for the industry when new orders totaled \$5.6 billion.
	1 ECU 0.7081 1 SDR 0.982179	0.5896 0.82036	2,2319		"The industry was at its lowest
	S Currency Gauly. 0.6426 Austration S 0.045 Resigna Re. from 0.7126 Concellon S 0.8880 Domisk brook 0.1525 Fisnish brook	Per . U.S.S 1.5092 g 22:20	Dollar Values  S Carrency Equiv. By S Irish E Bill isroel shekel 13936 Kowalil dinor 2,400 Audev, rinopit 0,1111 Narw, krone 0,5542 Phil. pase	Per 5 Currency U.S.3 Ecolv. 3.48 Singunore 3 2272 972.70 0.517 S.African rand 1.942 0.0012 S. Karean web 844.50 0.0012 S. Karean web 844.50 0.0012 S. Span, pepere 172.00 9.00 0.1105 Span, pepere 9	point ever, so anything now is go- ing to look good," said James A. Gray, president of the industry as- sociation. Mr. Gray reiterated the industry's call for a temporary gov- ernment-imposed quota to limit
ŧ	0.0074 Greek druching 0.1284 Hope Kone S	134,80 7,7895	0.9057 Pert, escudo 6,577 Saudi riyal	174.00 0.0362 Theilbeht 27.405 1.6105 0.2723 U.A.E. dirtem 1.6725	To Our Readers

Sources: Banque du Benelux (Brussels); Banca Com Nationale de Paris (Paris); IMF (SDR); Banque Arab (dinor, riyal, dirham), Other data Irara Reviers and AP.

# Plan Set To Rescue Refinery

Big Curação Unit Of Shell at Stake

Restors

CARACAS — Venezuela and the Netherlands have agreed tentauvely on a formula to save Royal Dutch/Shell Group's 320,000 barrel-a-day refinery on the Dutch Ca-ribbean island of Curação, according to the Dutch special envoy, Emile van Lennep.
The formula is intended to per-

suade Shell to drop its demand that the Netherlands Antilles government buy a majority share in the refinery, he said Sunday after three days of talks with Venezuelan lead-

The two sides had agreed to set up a mechanism (or regular consultations on the economy of the

Netherlands Antilles.
This would give Shell the political backing of Caracas and The Hague to continue operating its re-finery on the island, Mr. van Len-

He said some form of Venezuelan government involvement with the Curação refinery was essential to persuade Shell to keep it open. Venezuela had made clear that it would supply sufficient quantities of crude to enable the refinery to operate at a profit, he said.

But at the same time, the Vene-zuelan government had ruled out buying a shareholding in the refin-ery, which had a loss of \$62 million

Curação's economy for more than 60 years, Mr. van Lennep said. He planned to fly to Curação for

more talks with the Netherlands

Antilles government. He and the Venezuelan foreign minister, Simon Alberto Consalvi. said the proposed regular consultations between Caracas and The Hague would deal with diversifying the Netherlands Antilles's economy as well as matters related purely

to the oil refinery.
For its part, the Netherlands Antilles government would have to modify taxation of the refinery and agree to a cut in its work force and labor costs if it is to remain open, he said.

This was a reference to Shell's demands for a 25-percent cut in its work force of 2,000, wage reduc-tions and the abolition of a minimum annual tax of \$16 million on the refinery's operations.

■ Ecuador Clears Expansion Ecuador's state oil company,

Japan's Sumitomo-Chiyoda con-

said that the contract for the \$120-

Chiyoda Chemical Engineering and the United States has a growmice Engineering as percent of the project, which would raise Engineering to the project, which would raise Engineering as population." percent of the project, which would raise Esmeraldas's output to 90,000

NEW YORK - The U.S. ma-

chine-tool industry, continuing a

gradual comeback from several disastrous years, reported healthy gains in new orders and shipments in March.

The National Machine Tool

Builders' Association said that net

new orders in March for American-

made metal-cutting and metal-forming tools climbed 17.6 percent over February's orders, to \$279.3 million. Orders surged 34 percent

Shipments of tools increased

36.9 percent from February, to \$227.65 million, the trade group said. That represented a jump of

Analysts said the gains were en-

couraging but noted that the in-dustry is still far below its pre-recession sales levels and that it

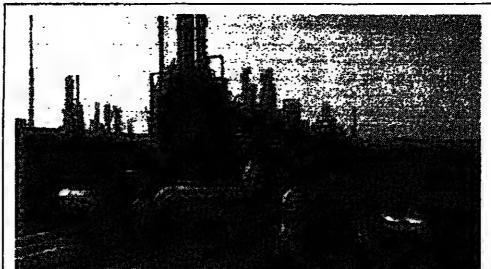
continues to lose ground to im-

20.3 percent from a year ago.

over March, 1984.

**U.S. Tool Makers Helped** 

By Surge in Domestic Orders



An Esso refinery in Italy, where First Arabian is banking on an industry comeback.

#### Arab Oilmen Take Gamble in Italy First Arabian Corp. Pins Its Hopes on Deregulation

By Bob Hagerty International Herald Tribuna PARIS — Pumping gasoline in Italy is not everyone's idea of a

particularly attractive business, Losses on oil relining and marketing have been so stagger-ing over the past decade that a half-dozen international oil companies have pulled out of the market. Despite the exodus, Ital-ian refiners still operate at only 50 to 55 percent of capacity. As for the government's price-control system, the head of the industry association, Unione Petrolifera, last year described it as "unhearable."

But First Arabian Corp., a Luxembourg-registered holding company owned by Arab investors, is betting on a turnaround. In 1983, the company agreed to acquire the Italian refining interests and gasoline stations of Standard Oil Co. (Indiana), now Amoco Corp., for an estimated

agreement with Chevron Corp. Assuming the Chevron sale goes through, First Arabian's Tamoil Italia unit will own 2,500 gasoline stations and control about 8 percent of the Italian oilproducts market, making it No. 3

\$275 million. Last February,

First Arabian made a similar

"If one can take the long haul it's just fairly solid business sense," Matthew Steckel, a First Arabian director, said in a recent interview in Paris. Mr. Steckel, a New Yorker who serves as the right-hand man to First Arabian's Lebanese chairman, Roger E. Tamraz, argued that the industry is starting to recover and that there is still room for cost-

Mr. Tamraz predicted that the Italian government would soon (Continued on Page 21, Col. 1)

# Japanese Quotas **Are Said to Favor Small Car Firms**

By Susan Chira New York Tunes Service

TOKYO - Japanese automakers with ties to U.S. car companies appear to have been favored in the government's alloument of quotas for export of vehicles to the United States, according to industry

The new limits, not yet officially published, generally are at the ex-pense of the largest Japanese auto makers, auto-industry officials

According to these sources, General Motors Corp. and Chrysler Corp. will be able to more than double the number of cars they import from their Japanese affiliates. These affiliates are Isuzu Motors Ltd. and Suzuki Motor Co., for GM, and Mitsubishi Motors Corp., which is Chrysler's, Isuzu and Su-zuki also sell cars in the United

States under their own names. Ford Motor Co. does not currently import from its Japanese affiliate, Mazda Motor Corp., which also sells cars under its own name. GM and Chrysler had both asked for large increases in the cars they import and market under their

Makoto Kuroda, director general of the international trade policy bureau of the Japanese Ministry of international Trade and Industry, said that GM and Chrysler would

receive a total of about 314,000 cars from Japan this year, more than twice the 134,000 they receive now. The companies had requested a to-tal of 534,000 cars.

These "captive exports" make up about 40 percent of the increase in Japan's exports to the United States, Mr. Kuroda said,

In Detroit, GM, Chrysler and Ford declined to comment, saying they were awaiting official word. A spokesman for Chrysler said it ex-pected to receive a letter from the Japanese trade ministry notifying it of the allotment

Neither ministry officials nor automakers would release a breakdown of the number of exports for each automaker. Press reports quoting approximate figures from anonymous sources, however, indicated that the largest automakers received the smallest increases.

Although specific estimates varied, most reports put the increase for Toyota Motor Corp. at 11.8 percent; Nissan Motor Co., 11.7 percent; Honda Motor Co., 14.1 percent; Mazda, 30.3 percent; Mitsubishi, 69.6 percent; Fuji, 39 percent; Isuzu, 142 percent, and Suzuki. 211.8 percent.

Toyota would therefore be able to export about 617,000 cars, up from 551,790 in 1984; Nissan, about 545,000, up from 487,040; Honda, about 425,000, up from 372,340; Mazda, about 226,000, up from 173,470; Mitsubishi, about 208,000, up from 122,610; Fuji, about 106,000, up from 76,250; Isuzu, about 120,000, up from 49,500, and Suzuki, about 53,000, up from 17,000.

Last month, the trade ministry announced that it would hold total Japanese car exports to the United States to about 2.3 million cars, an increase of 24.3 percent, or 450,000 vehicles. Essentially the quotas only affect cars; truck shipments are not limited and Japanese shipments of mini-vans, while included under the car quotas, are small,

Because President Ronald Reagan decided not to press Japan to continue its quotas on auto exports, the trade ministry believed that holding the total to 2.3 million cars would avert trade friction. In-(Continued on Page 17, Col. 2)

# Venezuela had also made clear it would oppose any move by Shell to sell a majority stake in the refinery, which has been the main pillar of Curacula sense that the resinery and the sense that the resinery which has been the main pillar of Curacula sense that the sense sense sense that the sense sens

By Leonard Silk

New York Times Service FRANKFURT — Despite U.S. pressure for European governments to stimulate their economies, the president of West Germany's central bank said be sees little room

for maneuvering.

Karl Otto Pohl, president of the Bundesbank, said in a recent inter-Consumer prices in France are

rising faster than the govern-ment projected. Page 21,

view: "We have the strongest interest in keeping our economy on track and expanding as much as we can. But the question is how much we can expand. Have we already reached our limits? Have we any additional room for mancuver?"

On Thursday, the U.S. Treasury secretary, James A. Baker 3d, said that President Ronald Reagan would seek a pledge at a meeting of non-Communist leaders in Bonn this week to stimulate their econoepe, has approved a contract with mies to offset the U.S. slowdown.

Mr. Pohl conceded that West sortium for expansion work on the Germany's growth rate, estimated Esmeraldas refinery, Reuters re-ported Saturday from Quito.

The deputy minister for natural dards. But he said one should take resources, Fernando Santos Alvite, account of the different structure of the cobnomies,

imports to 17.5 percent of United

Imports, primarily from Japan, held 41.6 percent of the market for metal-cutting tools at the end of 1984. Mr. Gray said the import share was even higher in other seg-

"The American market for ma-chine tools is good," Mr. Gray said. "The question is where those ma-

chines are going to be built."

Analysts said United States com-

panies were suffering from the ef-fects of a strong dollar and more efficient production of machine

tools by the Japanese.

Mr. Gray said the Japanese were

gaining a crucial advantage in two

types of tools — known as numeri-cally controlled machining centers and numerically controlled turning

machines - that are integral parts

of modern, automated factories.

"What they want to do is drive out

of business the American companies that are making those prod-

The improvement in March was

most pronounced in orders from

Orders from domestic compa-

nies for metal-cutting tools, which constitute the majority of the in-dustry's sales, rose 36.9 percent from their February level and 53.7

percent from their year-ago figure.

Shipments of metal-cutting tools to domestic companies climbed 41.8

percent from February and 24.9 percent from a year ago.

and shipments to domestic manu

facturers, the group said.

ucts," he said.

raise Esmeraldas's output to 90,000 he said, is decreasing not only for barrels a day from the current demographic reasons but also because foreign workers are leaving.

If the shrinking labor force is considered, he said, "our growth rate is slightly higher." and partly because of a weakening of the dollar.

Mr. Pohl said West Germany private investment, because we

West Germany, he said, is also more dependent on exports than the United States. West Germany has particularly benefited from U.S. sales in the last year. About 10 percent of West German exports go to the United States, Mr. Pohl said, and last year they climbed by as much as 43 percent, with "enormous" increases in profits for Ger-

Mr. Pohl said he expected these benefits to taper off, partly because of a slowdown in the U.S. economy

man industries.

had contributed to the well-being of the world economy by keeping its inflation down, by maintaining its balance of payments, by achieving its profit objectives and by renewing its economic growth.

Mr. Pohl predicted there would be a strong rise in private invest-ment in West Germany. Capital investment surveys indicate that spending on new plants and equip-ment will rise 12 percent this year in nominal terms and 9.5 percent after adjustment for inflation.

He said said policy makers did

private investment, because we think this is the only way to create more jobs Mr. Pohl said he considered ris-

ing unemployment, now at more than 8 percent, as his country's most serious problem. But he is against taking fiscal actions to stimulate the economy on the ground that they would widen the budget deficit.

He noted that West German interest rates were lower than those in the United States. The yield on 10year West German Government securities is currently 7.25 percent,

April 1985

All these Bonds have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

**NEW ISSUE** 



#### **EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK**

Swiss Francs 150,000,000 6% Bonds 1985-1995

Kredietbank (Suisse) S.A.

Soditic S.A.

Banque Gutzwiller, Kurz, Bungener S.A.

Nordfinanz-Bank Zürich Clariden Bank Lloyds Bank International Ltd. Amro Bank und Finanz Bank Cial (Schweiz)

Armand von Ernst & Cie AG Banco di Roma per la Svizzera Banque Générale du Luxembourg (Suisse) S.A.

Algemene Bank Nederland (Schweiz) American Express Bank (Switzerland) AG BA Finanz (Schweiz) AG Banca Unione di Credito Bank Heusser & Cie AG Bank Leumi le-Israël (Schweiz) Bank Oppenheim Pierson (Schweiz) AG Bankers Trust AG Banque Bruxelles Lambert (Suisse) S.A. Banque Kleinwort Benson S.A. Banque de Participations et de Placements S.A.

Crédit Commercial de France (Suisse) S.A. Samuel Montagu (Suisse) S.A.

Banque Nationale de Paris (Suisse) S.A. Internationale Genossenschaftsbank AG J. Henry Schroder Bank AG

Banca di Credito Commerciale e Mobiliare Banca del Sempione Banca Solari & Blum S.A. Bank in Huttwil Bank in Ins Bank Langenthal Bank in Langnau

Banque Indosuez, Succursales de Suisse Banque Morgan Grenfell en Suisse S.A. Caisse d'Epargne du Valais Fuji Bank (Schweiz) AG Gewerbebank Baden Handelsfinanz Midland Bank Hypothekar- und Handelsbank Winterthur Maerki, Baumann & Co. AG Sparkasse Schwyz

Banque Scandinave en Suisse Chemical Bank (Suisse) Citicorp Bank (Switzerland) Compagnie de Banque et d'Investissements, CBI Crédit des Bergues First Chicago S.A. Great Pacific Capital S.A. Hottinger & Cie Manufacturers Hanover (Suisse) S.A. Morgan Guaranty (Switzerland) Ltd. The Royal Bank of Canada (Suisse)

Bank Neumünster Bank Rohner AG Banque de Dépôts et de Gestion Banque Louis-Dreyfus en Suisse S.A. Crédit Lyonnais Finanz AG Zürich Grindlays Bank p.l.c. E. Gutzwiller & Cie Overland Trust Banca Rüegg Bank AG St. Gallische Creditanstalt Società Bancaria Ticinese Solothurner Handelsbank Spar- & Leihkasse Schaffhausen Volksbank Willisau AG

To Our Readers

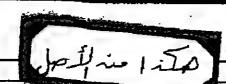
Because of the return to a six-hour time difference between New York and Paris this past weekend, most closing U.S. financial market data will again be available in all editions daily. This means that all editions will again carry closing New York stock prices and indexes.

#### **International Bond Prices - Week of April 25** 1 9144 105 . 22 5. 11/6 15 : 12 Provided by Credit Suisse First Boston Securities, London, Tel.: 01-623-1277 Prices may vary according to market conditions and other factors. TO CATOLOGY OF THE PROPERTY OF #HITCHHIJ4#37#G39HIRHNINKHHHHHHHKEYKS Continued from Page 14) (Continued from Page 16) (Continued from Pag | 11.55 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.56 | 12.5 **DM STRAIGHT BONDS** 115 101 12 101 1 852229 67.105 77.70 77.70 857.72 67.70 67. AUSTRIA 8 23 Sep 14 30 Jet 6 1 30 Jet 6 1 70 Jet 6 1 70 Jet 6 1 70 Jet 6 1 95 Nov 8 71 Nov dm 80 dm 100 dm pencil inii 7. 4 Feb W: re Finance 7. 19 Jan 946 sch-Hospiri 1- 38 Ass ET se Gesune 8- 30 Det 1834 sellamen 1- 3. 19 Det 1834 sellamen 8- 30 Det 1834 sellamen 8- 30 Det 1834 sellamen 1- 3. 19 Det 1834 sellamen 7.72 8.14 7.73 8.52 7.73 8.67 8.67 SWITZERLAND Fall Mar 94 BELGIUM 10'5 189 Jun 11 '91 Oct 100 to 101 to 100 to 10 ICELAND 74 97 Apr 1001: 745 1334 7.71 94 92 Jun 1079: 7.53 9.60 100 to 10 104 c 104 c 104 c 105 c 105 c 723 734 754 774 778 778 DENMARK 6'4 78 Jun 103 1.14 2.01 6': 77 Jun 103'4 7.37 7.38 2.37 6 77 Jun 177: 810 8.17 8.04 6'4 78 Mar 103'4 7.21 8.43 7% 84 Feb 100% 4.78 7% 87 May 100% 6.84 **CONVERTIBLE BONDS** EUROPE \* That's the date the rates go up. By subscribing to the International Herald Tribune now, at our special introductory rates, you will save nearly half the newsstand price on a one-year subscription (48%, to be exact, in most European countries). More important, you'll never miss an issue. This special introductory rate is 25% less than the regular subscription rate and is applicable only the first time you sub-scribe. So check the 12-month box below for maximum savings. There is no risk. You can cancel your subscription at any time and receive a full refund on all unserved copies. But don't delay. Order now! Save up to To: Subscription Manager, International Herald Tribune, 181, Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neuilly Cedex, France. Telephone: 747.07.29. Telex.: 612 832. Yes, I would like to accept your special offer. Please send me the International Herald Tribune for the time period and at the reduced price circled on this

UNITED STATES AMERICA HIGHEST CURRENT YIELDS On convertibles having a conversion premium of less than 10%. Explanation of Symbols

### APP 14 CONT 12 CON

75, 90 Jul 100 7.34 315 74 Dec 97% 3.40



#### **New Eurobond Issues**

İssuer	Amount (millions)	Mat.	Coup.	Price	Price end week	Terms
FLOATING RATE N	OTES					
Transamerica	5 30	1990	*	100	99.67	Over 6-month Libor Noncollable, Fees 0.30%.
Escom	8CU <b>50</b>	1990	1/4	100	98.13	Over 3-month Libor Collable at par in 1986 and exchange able for fored-rate paper insted below on any of the first four intenst payment dates. Fees 1976.
RXED-COUPON					-	
Anheuser-Busch	\$100	1993	11%	100	97 00	Collable at 101 in 1990.
Nestle Haldings	\$100	1991	9%	100	98.63	Collable and redremable in 1988 at par, when new terms may be set.
Takai Asia	\$100	1995	11%	100	96.63	Noncofable
Council of Europe	DM 150	1995	7½	160	98.50	Collable or 101 as 1993. Sinking fund to start in 1992 to produce on 8.5-yr overage life
Finance Institute for Industry and Labor	Dm 50	1992	7 <del>%</del>	100	98.50	Noncaliable private placement.
Portugal	DM 150	1992	74	99%	98.75	Noncotlable.
Dow Chemical	£ 300	1997	zero	29	27.88	Proceeds £100 miltion.
Escom	ECU 50	1990	10%	99%	98,00	Noncolloble
Privatbanken	ECU 75	1992	10	100%	99.50	Callable of 100½ in 1990, increased from 50 million ecus.
Ryoba	ECU 20	1990	орел	100	98.88	Coupon indicated at 914%. Noncallable, Terms to be set May B.
Westpac Banking	FCU 50	1992	9%	100	98.38	Noncollable.
New Brunswick	CS 75	1995	11%	100	97.50	Noncoliable
Mortgage Bank Denmark	y 10,000	1992	7	99%	97,75	Noncolable,
Woolworths	Aus\$ 30	1990	13%	100	98.38	Nancallabie.
Finance Corp. New Zealand	NZ\$ 20	1989	1614	100		Noncalable,
EQUITY-UNKED					•	
Lonrho Finance	\$ 40	2000	open	100	-	Coupon indicated at 6%. Redeemable at 110 in 1989 and callable at 104 in 1987. Convertible at an expected 5% pressum, Terms to be set April 30.
Restaurant Seibu	\$ 25	2000	open	open	-	Seminimumi coupon indicated at 34%, Collable at 103 in 1988, Conventible at an expected 5% premium. Terms to be set April 30.
Yamamura Glass	\$ 25	1990	8%	100	97.00	Noncallable, Each \$5,000 note with one warrant exercisable

# U.S. Rate Rise Halts Budding Rally

(Continued from Page 15) holders have become aware just how speculative these low-margin

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neric Project — — Carlo Period— — —Carlo Peggiega.

STATES AMERICA

The non-dollar sectors of the bond market, although depressed by the dollar's 5.8-percent recovery last week, should get a speculative boost this week with the expected inauguration of zero-coupon bonds denominated in Deutsche marks. Austria is rumored to be planning the first such issue at the start of the

Like the Dow Chemical issue announced late last week, for a nominal £300 million, the low purchase price — in Dow's case 29 percent of face value — in effect offers a very inexpensive way to speculate on the appreciation of the currency as well as a decline in interest rates. Even if sterling interest rates subsequently rise, as they started to late last week, foreign investors could still reap a profit.

#### Polish Debt Talks Said to Be Stalled

PARIS - Poland's insistence on getting new credits for its ailing economy has led to deadlock at talks in Paris aimed at giving it more time to repay its debts to the West, according to Polish sources.

A Polish delegation met creditor countries at the informal Paris Club creditors' group Saturday with the aim of signing an accord to reschedule about \$12 billion in ar-rears on official debt repayments. The payments are due between 1982 and 1984 on debts guaranteed

by the 17 Western governments. But the sources said that last week's talks, like similar talks in March, had been stalled.

French Firm,

of a similar exchange between Ni-

geria and a Brazilian company, Co-

tia. It could in turn be followed by

several other trade packages with

Italian, West German and Austrian

Nigerian officials and represen-

tatives here of Scoa confirmed that

an agreement was signed Thursday

involving shipments by the French company to Lagos of spare parts

for vehicles manufactured by

oil company Elf-Aquitaine had

from barter trade of oil for goods or

The government argues that the

exchange of oil for other products

is legal because money changes

hands.

agreed to purchase the oil.

firms, the sources said.

roes, but they were both seven-year the scarcity value of the name. This bonds carrying a purchase price of is Portugal's first fixed-coupon of-48% and 48 percent, respectively, fering in 20 years, of face value. The higher price, the Paper denominated in European

less well-known names and the smaller amounts (£100 million and £60 million, respectively, of face value) implying a less liquid market made those issues a less attractive speculation than the Dow issue. Dow, however, has used its ad-

much sharper discount from the rates prevailing in the domestic bond market - which only highlights the expected speculative appeal of this paper. By putting up £290 for paper that will be re-deemed for £1,000 in 12 years, in-vestors in effect are earning 10.87 percent annually.

The shape of the Austrian zero is not yet known. However, from earlier reaction in the dollar market, issues with long maturities which allow for a low initial purchase price have the greatest appeal.

Deregulation of the DM market in May will also see the launch of the first ever FRN denominated in Euromarks — for Dresdner Bank,

Under the new operating proce-dures, banks planning to launch DM issues must inform the Bundesbank three days before the end of the previous month. The Bundesbank will announce at the start of the month the number of issues that has been scheduled and the total value.

Overall, the DM market was trendless last week with not much demand for the new issues offered. The exception, bankers said, was for Portugal's 150 million DM of seven-year bonds offered at a discount of 9912 and bearing a coupon of 7% percent — thanks to the relatively high yield (the Council of

S. Pearson and Redland have Europe paid 7½ percent for 150 previously issued Eurosterling zemillion DM of 10-year money) and

currency units remained in demand thanks to the relatively high cou-pons of about 10 percent. The latest issuer is South Africa's Electricthe 100 million ECU financing has second.

been split in two. 104-percent notes at a discount of 99% and 50 million units of fiveyear FRNs whose coupon will be set at 14-point over the three-month interbank rate. During the first at par, into the fixed-coupon issue

on any interest payment date, Bankers expect a favorable reissue for Peugeot. Rhône-Poulenc respective periods, at 8.04 percent. is scheduled to tap the market later

found little support. The return on week, respectively.

New Brunswick's issue of 75 mil
Among Treasury although Woolworth is currently percent. For what bankers them-selves refer to as "rate hogs," there is a four-year issue of 20 million

Analysts said the markets are in Corp. of Australia bearing a cou-

pon of 161/2 percent.

# **Cools Investor** Enthusiasm

NEW YORK — U.S. credit mar-kets closed slightly higher last week but remained sharply below the levels of a week earlier.

There's disappointment about the Fed and a profound lack of investor enthusiasm." a trader said.

U.S. CREDIT MARKETS

Thursday's release of U.S. bank discount window borrowing data showing a rise in the latest week helped dash speculation that the Fed would ease policy. That less-

ened investor interest. Treasury bill rates fell three to five basis points Friday but were up two to seven basis points from a week ago. Prices of coupon issues edged up 1/32 to 1/4 point from Thursday and eased 12 to 13 points over the week.

The benchmark 11¼-percent Treasury bonds of 2015 closed at 98-17/32. That reflected a 7/32 rise from Thursday's finish but was 1 % points beneath last Friday's close,

The Federal Reserve Board on Thursday helped quash hopes for a near-term reduction in the 8-percent discount rate by announcing that U.S. bank discount window borrowings, less extended credits, averaged \$449 million a day in the week ended Wednesday. That was up from \$335 million in the prior

Analysts said the rise in borrow-ings probably was not entirely planned by the Fed. However, they added that the data still suggested that the Fed has no intention of

easing policy soon.

The federal funds rate had traded below the discount rate for about a week until Thursday, prompting speculation about a disount-rate cut and helping the mar-

kets slightly.
Indeed, the funds rate averaged
7.69 percent in the week ended Wednesday. That was the lowest average since 7.53 percent in the week to June 21, 1978.

After the horrowings news, economists said the low funds rate was almost surely technical and related to a Fed error on reserve projections. In the two-week statement ity Supply Commission. As placing period ended Wednesday, they of South African paper is always said, the Fed simply added too difficult - and especially so now many reserves in the first week and vantages to offer its notes at a given the current disturbances - did not take out enough in the

> The Fed on Friday added re-Escom is offering 50 million serves indirectly by arranging \$1.5 ECU of five-year fixed coupon, billion of customer repurchase agreements with Fed funds at 814 percent. Funds opened at 8-3/16 percent and in thin late trading

dipped as low as 7% percent.
Three-month Treasury bills year, the FRNs can be converted, closed at 7.79 percent, down five at par, into the fixed-coupon issue basis points from Thursday but two basis points higher than last Friday. Six-month bills were down sponse to the coming French franc four and up six basis points in the

One-year bills finished at 8.26 percent. That was down three basis But the other high-coupon issues points and up seven in the day and lion Canadian dollars was consid- the 114s of 1995 rose 3/16 Friday

ered unattractive relative to domes- to close at 991/2, a price that was tic yields or relative to yields on down 1-32 point from a week ago. U.S. Eurodollar bonds since the Canadian dollar is not seen as having much potential for appreciation against the U.S. dollar. The weakness of the Australian dollar has average of 99.893. The 9.81-percent dampened interest in that sector, average yield at the monthly auction of two-year notes was down offering 30 million dollars of five-sharply from 10.86 percent at the year notes bearing a coupon of 13% March sale. It was about the same

New Zealand dollars for Finance a Jairly good technical position, Corp. of Australia bearing a cou-with low linancing costs and relatively light dealer inventories.

# Sales of Japanese Autos in U.S.

	mail refer mail cont. ma	100-				
Nigeria Sign	Toyota	557,979	555.766	530,246	576.491	582,195
1 1 SCI III DISII	Nessari	485,298	521,902	470,264	464,806	516.890
Downton Doot	Honda	374,819	350,670	365 865	370,705	375,388
<b>Barter Pact</b>	Mazda	169,666	173,388	163,638	166,087	161,623
Agence France Presse  LAGOS — A private French	Fun Heavy Industries (Subaru)	157,383	156,840	150,335	152,062	142,968
trading company has signed a \$500-million trade exchange with	Chrysler/ Mrtsubishi	91,718	103,569	102,227	110,940	129.350
Nigeria under which the firm will provide Lagos with a variety of	Mrtsubishi Motors	39,104	32,755	3,950	0	0
products in return for oil, business	Suzu	17,233	20,731	15,462	. 17.805	0
sources here said.  The accord with the French company, Scoa, followed the signature	General Motors (imports from Suzuki and	13,004	, o	0	0	0

# Car Quotas Favor Small Firms

stead, the announcement touched off a storm of criticism, plunging the two nations into a trade crisis and provoking threats of retalia-

France's Peugeot, along with sugar tion from Congress. The trade ministry's announce-No official figures were provided ment also provoked anger in Japan. but the sources here said the prod-Automakers, chafing under four ucts to be supplied by Scoa would be worth about \$375 million and years of quotas, had urged the min-istry not to impose new limits, or at least to wait to do so if exports would be accompanied by an addibegan flooding into the United States. Prime Minister Yasuhiro tional \$125 million in cash. In exchange. Nigeria would provide the firm with \$500 million worth of oil. The sources said the French state Nakasone recently conceded that the ministry's decision to announce a new limit without waiting to see if imports shot up had been a "mis-

The Nigerian authorities describe such deals as "countertrade" agreements to distinguish them Since the announcement, ministry officials have been trying to win agreement on each automaker's intechnology. Such agreements are prohibited by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries, to dividual share - a task complicated by the fierce competition among Japanese automakers, who depend

on exports for most of their profits. While most Japanese auto industry executives said privately that they were not happy with their to-

tals, no one would comment officially and none said they were surprised by the figures.

Japan's smaller automobile makers, such as Mazda, Mitusbishi, Isuzu and Fuji Heavy Industries, the maker of the Subaru, believed they were unfairly held back under past quotas and had pressed for larger shares. The quotas gave bigger growth to the bigger companies.

When the quotas were originally set, they were based on export levels at that time, when the smaller companies had not yet made big inroads in the U.S. market. Since then, too, the larger companies have established production facili-ties in the United States, and so the smaller companies may have had a better case for their arguments in

Also, with trade frictions so intense, it seemed essential to give the U.S. companies as many cars as possible. In that case the larger auto makers understood that their share of the increase would have to

### Bargained Wages Rise

WASHINGTON - Annual wage increases averaged just 3 percent in major collective bargaining agreements negotiated in the first three months of 1985, the Labor

Department reported.

Agreement was reached on 47 contracts covering 173,000 workers during the quarter, said the depart-ment's Bureau of Labor Statistics. Some 126,000 of the workers whose pacts were settled had wage increases in the first year of the contract, 37,000 had no wage change and the remainder had decreases. The 47 pacis contained wage increases averaging 2.8 percent in the first contract year and 3 percent annually over the life of the

One-quarter of the workers covered by settlements were employed in retail trade.

Twenty-five percent of the workers under first-quarter settlements were covered by cost-of-living clauses. Wage adjustments stemming from cost-of-living clauses are not included in wage increases because the adjustments depend on future consumer price increases.

Meanwhile, there were 1 million other workers whose contracts expired but had not been renegotiat-ed or ratified by the end of the

Among the workers without con-tracts were 400,000 employees in railroad transportation whose labor agreements expired in June 1984, and several hundred thousand workers in the trucking indus-try whose tentative agreement with the Teamsters union had not been

ratified by March 31. Of the workers whose agreements expired and were not replaced, just 3 percent were involved

## Fed Inaction Electricité de France Plans \$400-Million Issue

By Carl Gewirtz International Heraid Tribune

PARIS - Electricité de France announced plans late last week to

seek a \$400-million, 10-year multipurpose facility in the Euromarket. Details about the fees and the drawing costs are to be released this week. The facility, which could be increased if market demand warrants, is basically aimed at pro-viding the French utility with cheaper lines of credit than those that are in place to back its sale of commercial paper in New York, In fact. EdF plans to cancel an equivalent amount of older, more expensive stand-by lines when the new operation is completed.

At the same time, EdF is adding the option to issue Euronotes or to arrange short-term advances from banks — the current rage in the Euromarket. But EdF has no immediate intention to activate these options as issuing commercial paper in New York remains a cheaper and more liquid source of funds.

Like most other borrowers who have arranged note facilities but not drawn on them, EdF wants the flexibility to tap the Euronote mar-ket in the event that it ever becomes a cheaper source or that a wider, more international investor base is sought to purchase its short-ten

While New York remains a cheaper source of funds for companies that issue short-term (usually 28- to 35-day) IOUs, the differential against the Euromarket (as measured by the one-month London interbank offered rate) has narrowed substantially. Bankers reckon that two years ago, 30-day commercial paper was up to 200 basis points (or 2 percentage points) cheaper than Libor. Currently, the difference is 25-to-30 basis points.

Occasionally, the spread is even narrower, Bankers explain that Sweden's recent issuance of shortterm Euronotes at only 3 basis points below Libid (the bid side of the interbank rate), which was sig-nificantly less than Sweden had paid on previous note sales, coincided with an inversion of rates that put the New York CP rate

higher than Libid. Generally, however, Sweden has been paying about the equivalent of the CP rate as interest on its Euronotes is tied to Libid, normally 12.5 basis points below Libor, and the notes have been issued at discounts to Libid averaging some 10 basis points.

There are other, more fundamental differences between the two markets: size and comportment. The New York market is huge and EdF, for example, one of the biggest European users of the CP market, has several billion dollars of paper outstanding. The fledgling Euronote market is smaller and the

issuance of notes is still treated like rolling over a syndicated credit, while the New York market is a day-to-day operation requiring the Swedish equipment maker. Banks daily attention of corporate trea-sury officials.

are being asked to underwrite only \$50 million. Of this, \$25 million is

## SYNDICATED LOANS

companies which normally tap the facility on this portion is set at 712 pertion. a major attraction: the underwritten five-to-seven year commitment of banks to provide credit at a fixed margin over the floating interbank cost of funds. In the New York market, banks usually provide a letter of comfort to the rating agencies stating how much undrawn credit the issuer has at the bank.

The key difference is that the banks in the United States make no

commitment on how much they will charge the borrower to draw on that credit. The annual facility, or commit-

ment, fee of a few hundredths of a percentage point paid to secure the Euronote underwriting is obviously viewed by borrowers as cheap insurance against the possibility that margins charged by banks over the coming five to seven years rise from the current very low levels.

Currently in the market is a \$100-million, seven-year Euronote For issuers, especially the U.S. to be available for only three years for which Alfa will pay an annual facility fee of 61a basis points. The remaining \$25 million will be available for seven years and the

drawn.

During the first two years, Alfa can borrow from the banks or not. In the third year, if it has not borrowed \$50 million. Alfa will pay a nonutilization penalty fee of 21-basis points on any amount over \$25 million that was not used. In the final four years, it will pay that penalty fee on any amount of the \$25 million that has not been

The charge to borrow from the banks is set at 10 basis points over the interbank rate. In addition, Alfa is paying a one-time front-end fee of 5 basis points on the threeyear commitment and 10 basis points on the seven-year portion.

A \$200-million Euronote facility for the State Bank of New South Wales is scheduled to be launched

Threats of a howcost by U.S. banks of Colgate-Palmolive's \$200issuance facility for Alfa-Laval, the million. five-year facility have proved to be false. Three U.S. banks — one New York bank, one "very large" non-New York bank and one regional bank - have joined the underwriting which was about 25 percent oversubscribed, said a spokesman at Samuel Montagu, which is arranging the trans-

In the classic syndicated credit market, Melior Consorzio, an Ital-ian state credit institution, is seeking a three-part, seven-year loan. This includes \$105 million of floating-rate money with interest set at 3-point over Libor and 75 million Swiss francs and 85 million Deutsche marks of fixed-rate funds.

Jordan is in the market for \$200 million, Interest on its eight-year credit is to be set at 12-point over Libor for the first four years and 'spoint over thereafter—higher than the 15-point margin for seven years that it paid last year.

Czechoslovakia is reportedly sounding the market out for terms on a loan of up to \$200 million and bankers report that competition to win the mandate is wild with rumors of offers to do the loan at a low is-point over Libor.

KUWAIT FINANCIAL CENTRE S.A.K. HEREBY ANNOUNCE THE NOTICE OF REDEMPTION COMPAGNIE NATIONALE ALGÉRIENNE DE NAVIGATION ("CNAN")

8%% GUARANTEED BONDS DUE 1986

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following B	londs will b	e redseme	d at 100%;	plus interes	t on May 1.	5, 1985.		•
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6145	6148	6156	6163	6165	6169	6175	6181	6184
6189	6193	6202	6205	6208	6217	6215	6218	6224
6229	6232	6238	6239	6248	6256	6259	6264	6593
6601	6603	6611	6612	6616	6618	6623	6626	6635
6636	0044	6648	6654	6662	6667	6668	6673	6676
6684	6695	6705	6704	6710	6715	6717	6729	6732
6740	6743	6744	5748	6752	6756	6761	6766	6770
	4444		1.0	40.00	THE SECOND SECOND	4.00		

or Paying Agents before May 15, 1985. From and other May 15, 1985 interest on these Bonds shall

ining Coupons (No. 9) appendining to the remaining Bonds (not listed above) should be detached errendered to the Fiscal Agent or Paying Agents before May 15, 1985 for payment on such date.

**Fiscal Agent and Paying Agent** 

Kuwait Financial Centre, S.A.K., P.O. Box 23444 Safat, Kuwait City, Kuwait. **Paying Agents**:

Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeais Royal, R.C. Luxembourgeoi B.A.I.I. (Middle East) E.C. Building, Government Road, P.O. Box 5333.

> KUWAIT PINANCIAL CENTRE S.A.K. Principal Fiscal Agent.

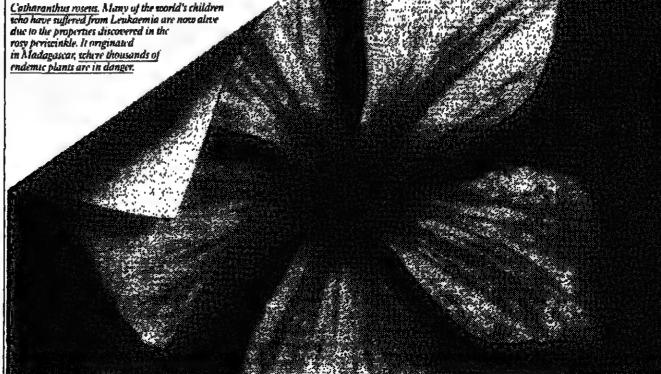


Photo: Mark J. Plotkin

Plants have fed the world and cured its ills since life began. Now we're destroying their principal habitat at the rate of 50 acres every minute.

We live on this planet by courtesy of the earth's green cover. Plants protect fragile soils from erosion. regulate the atmosphere, maintain water supplies for agriculture and prevent formation of deserts. Without plants man could not survive.

Yet, knowing this, we are destroying our own life-support system at such an alarming rate that it has already become a crisis - a crisis for ourselves and an even bigger one for our children.

The figures alone should tell the story we destroy a tropical rain forest three times the size of Switzerland every year; within 25 years only fragments of the vast Malaysian and Indonesian forests will remain.

What we are destroying Much of the food, medicines and materials we use every day of our lives is derived from the wild species which grow in the tropics. Yet only a tiny fraction of the world's flowering plants have been studied for possible use. Horrifyingly, some 25,000 of all flowering species are on the verge of

extinction. Once the plants go, they are gone forever. Once the forests go only wastelands remain.



<u>Dr. Richard Evans Schultes,</u> director of the Botanical Museum at Harvard University, has spent 13 years in the Amazon jungle collecting the 'magic' plants of myth and legend and making them available to Western medicine and science. "The drugs of the future," he says, grow in the primeval numble.

Who is the villain?

There is no villain - except ignorance and short-sightedness. The desperately poor people who live in the forests have to clear areas for crops and fuel, but they are doing this in such a way that

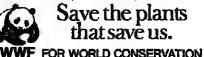
they are destroying their very livelihood. Add to this the way in which the heart is being ripped out of the forests to meet the demand for tropical timbers and we have a recipe for

What can be done about it? The problem seems so vast that there is a tendency to shrug and say "What can I do?" But there is an answer.

The WWF Plant Conservation Programme The World Conservation Strategy, published in 1980, is a programme for conserving the world's natural resources whilst managing them for human needs. A practical, international plant conservation programme has been pre-pared based on WCS principles and is now well under way all around the world.

You can become part of it The WWF Plant Conservation Programme is a plan for survival which you can help make a reality. Join the World Wildlife Fund now. We need

your voice and your financial support. Get in touch with your local WWF office for membership details, or send your contribution direct to the World Wildlife Fund at: WWF International. Membership Secretary, World Conser-



vation Centre, 1196 Gland, Switzerland. WWF FOR WORLD CONSERVATION

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Page 18	INTERNATIONAL HERALI	TRIBUNE, MONDAY, APRIL 29, 1985	Net 1 Soles in Net	Sgles In Net
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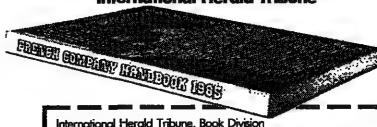
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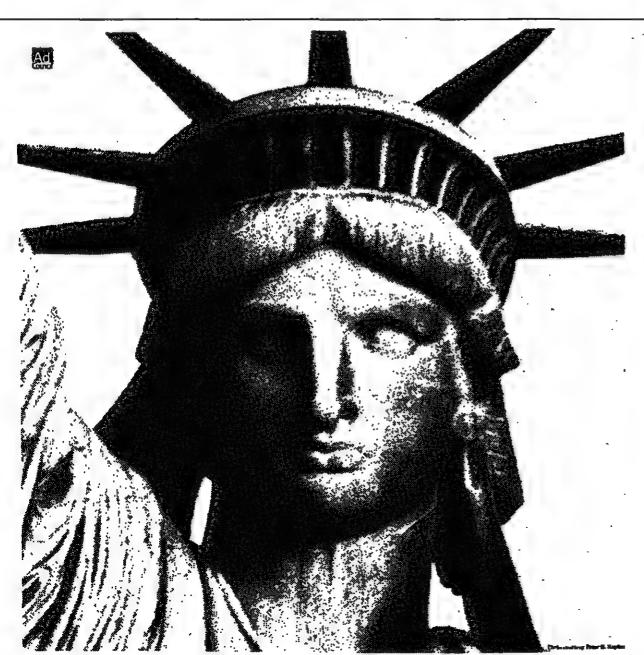
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# ACCOR

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The Board of Directors of ACCUR, meeting on April 18, 1985, examined the 1984 financial statements.

Group consolidated sales amounted to F.Fr. 9.861 million, up 21.3 % over 1983.

over 1983.

International operations experienced a 32.3 % growth in sales and domestic operations in France were up by 12.7 %. Hotel operations alone rose 22 % and other operations grew by 20.5 %.

The Group's share inconsolidated net after tax income, came to F.Fr. 142 million, a 53.8 % increase over 1983 earnings of F.Fr. 92.4 million evoluting exceptional items. Taking into account the January, 1984 capital increase net earnings per share grew by 20.6 %.

ACCOR parent company pre-tax sales amounted to F.Fr. 790 million and net income to F.Fr. 71.1 million.

At the General Meeting of Shareholders to be held May 28, 1985, the Board will propose payment of a net dividend of F.Fr. 4.90 per share (plus a represents a 16.7 % increase over the 1983 dividend and will be paid out on la terms of both sales and results. ACCOR's 1984 performance exceeded the in the French hotels.

The outlook for 1985 is promising

in the French hotels.

The outlook for 1985 is promising.

More than 40 new hotels will be opened in cities around the world, including Paris (at Les Halles), Coteborg, Lisbon, Munich, Bangui, Lambaréne, leddah, Atlanta, Toledo and Toronto, Construction will begin on roughly this same number of hotels, mostly in the Asia-Pacific region.

Sweden, ACCOR has now also gained a substantial position in the U.K.

market.

Moreover, ACCOR's recent acquisition of a stake in the Gaston Lendtre Group will open up new opportunities in the restaurant business. Finally, the ACCOR Academy for staff development became fully operational during the first quarter. The Academy is a reflection of the Company's commitment to professional service and quality on the part of its people. A 19 % increase in net carnings per share has been targeted for 1985. Results so far this year have been in keeping with this objective.

ACCOR Board of Dire

# French Inflation Is Above Forecasts

PARIS - The government statisties bureau said French consumer prices were rising I percent higher Italy and 18.3 percent in Greece. predicted that annual growth would fall well below that of France's European neighbors.

The statistics office on Friday than government projections and

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The statistics office on Friday confirmed provisional figures rea price rise of 0.7 percent for March. The increase pushed the inflation rate for the first quarter to 1.8 necessary. leased earlier in the month showing

1.8 percent.

The Socialist government had pledged to hold inflation to 4.5

In 1984. France overshot its target of 5-percent inflation with a

6.7-percent rise in prices. The European Community has

percent in West Germany, 5.7 per-cent in Belgium and Denmark, 6 percent in Britain, 9.3 percent in partners.

The statistics office said the

New York Times Service CHICAGO - Inland Steel Co. pledged to hold inflation to 4.5 said it plans to import some 18,000 percent for the year. But first-quarter results would produce annual price rises of at least 5.5 percent if inflation revers to government projections and the U.S. dollar remains steady. named automotive customer's

neuis. The company said the auto company requires sheets of flat-rolled steel that are wider than the flatpredicted France would record 6.4 rolled steel that can be produced percent inflation this year, compared to 2.4 percent in Holland, 2.5 land's Indiana Harbor Works.

The statisticians said France would face a \$2.7-billion deficit this year if the exchange rate of the dollar averaged 10 francs and \$1.9 billion if the dollar averaged 9.5 francs.

Business investment is likely to be flat this year after falling last year, though a pickup in demand from spring onwards could lead to some rebuilding of stocks, the sta-tistics office said. Household purchasing power

should be strengthened by tax cuts in the second balf of the year, al-

lowing some increase in consumption after a stagnant first half, it Industrial activity is likely to expand slowly after first-quarter disruption caused by a harsh winter, but even with some growth about 170,000 industrial jobs will disap-

pear during the year, representing a 2.7-percent fall in industrial em-

ployment, it said. (UPI. Reuters)

#### Kuwaiti Firm Reports Loss

KUWAIT — The state-con-trolled Kuwait Investment Co. said Sunday it had a 1984 loss of 32,30 million dinars (about \$10.7 million), 66 percent more than in 1983. It attributed the loss mainly to persistent prob-lems in resolving a crisis caused by the collapse of the unofficial Souk al-Manakh stock market

Describing 1984 as "a tough year for KIC and the Kuwaiti economy in general," the company's chairman, Hamad Mo-hammad al-Bahar said weak oil markets and the Iran-Iraq war had also depressed business. KIC said its loss was written

off and covered by a transfer from the group's general re-serve. Group total assets fell 8.5 percent, to 304,30 million dinars in 1984, and total shareholders' equity was reduced by 21 percent, to 59.56 million di-

#### **Company Earnings**

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local currencies unless otherwise indicated

Canada	Armstrong Rubber	Ne' Inc 202 687 Per Shore 127 121
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BC Telephone	Net Inc 753 &6	\$28a,000 srom discontinued
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Profits 138 174	Tel Holf 1985 1984	Interpub. Gp Cos.
Per Share 929 031	Revenue 357.4 321.2	1st Quer. 1985 1984
	Net Inc 9.95 17.8	Revenue 146.1 146.4
Japan	Per State 1.97 1,32 IMS e-month net includes	Per Share 035 045
-	gam of E23 million from 504	PET Shalf U.S U.S
TOK	of property	Kellogg
Perenue 102.965 94.920.	Bally Mfg	1st Quer. 1985 1984
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Per Share 7034 59 al	Revenue 263? 272?	Not inc 7L14 49 77
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United States	Per Shore 0.18 0.01	entlien.
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Tat Quer. 1985 1984 Revenue 1:827 135 P	Browning Ferris	Punta Corp. ocaused in Feb.
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Amer, Petrofina	Test Mark 1965 1965	Ner 100 255 139
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1st Quar. 1985 1984 Pevenue 544.1 547.9 Nel Inc 1g:2.71 1938	Isl Half   1985   1994   Revenue	Recense 229.0 1982 Net 102 255 13.0 Per Share 041 059 McDonnell Doug.
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1st Quar. 1985 1994 Pevenue — 544.1 5679 Net Inc. — 10:271 12:30 Per Share — 495 a loss Amstar	Test Heaft 1995 1994 Revenue 515.1 44.2 het inc. 40.3 92.7 het inc. 41.2 1.15 1994 nets include charge of 25.2 million from settlement of linguism.  Foxboro	Per Share 2290 1988 Net 10c. 255 339 Per Share 041 659  McDonnell Doug. 1st Quer. 1985 1984 Revenue 2700 2031 Net 10c. 91.7 47.5 Per Share 228 149
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151 Quar.   1985   1994	Heat   1985   1994   Revenue   515,1 44,2   144,2   144,2   144,2   144,2   144,2   144,2   145,3   144,2   145,3   144,2   145,3	Per comps 220 1988 Net 10c. 55 330 Per Share 061 0.59  McDonnell Doug. 1st Quar. 1985 1984 Revenue 2.700 2030. Net 10c. 91.7 675 Per Share 228 129 1985 net not late again a \$10
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Ist Quar.   1985   1984   547   1985   1984   547   1985   1984   547   1985   1984	Heat   1985   1986   Revenue   505.1   1986   1982   198	Per Share 2290 1984 Net Unc. 35.5 329 Per Share 0.01 6.59 McDonnell Doug. 1985 1984 Revenue 220 2000 Per Share 228 149 1985 net oncludes pain or \$10 multipa transcore 1270 1880 Oct. 1985 1985 net oncludes pain or \$10 multipa transcore 1770 1810 Oct. 1985 1985 1985 Net 100 1810 Oct. 1985 1985 1985 Net 100 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810
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Tel Quar.   1995   1994   1995   1994   1995   1994   1995   1994   1995   1994   1995   1994   1995   1994   1995   19	Heat	Processes   2200   168.8

LEVERAGED CAPITAL HOLDINGS N.V.

Curação, Netherlands Antilles

Shareholders Notice is hereby given that an Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of Leveraged Capital Holdings N.V. has been called by the Manager,

Notice of Annual General Meeting of

Intimis Management Company N.V. The Meeting will take place at the offices of the Company. John B. Gorsiraweg 6, Willemstad, Curação, Netherlands Antilles on 23rd May, 1985 at 10.00 a.m.

The Agenda, the Annual Report for 1984 and further details may be obtained from the offices of the Company or from the Paying Agent

mentioned hereunder. Shareholders will be admitted to the meeting on presentation of their certificates or of vouchers. which may be obtained from the Paying Agent against delivery of certificates on or before 15th May, 1985.

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Willemstad, 29th April, 1985.

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TOKYO LADY COMPANION, PA Personal Assistant 03-456-5539

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ONDON JAPANESE ESCORT Ser vice. Tel: 01 B21 0627.

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Paying Agent: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V. Herengracht 214

# Arab Investor Group Gambles on Italian Refining

(Continued from Page 15) deregulate oil-product pricing and thus allow oil refiners to attain bet-

While Italian energy officials have expressed sympathy with the idea of deregulation, a veteran Italian oilman cautioned that "from the words to the fact it takes time."

Whether First Arabian is right probably will not be evident for years. Since the company is privately owned and secretive, its past performance is difficult to judge. "We're private guys," said Mr. Steckel.

The little information that can be obtained suggests that First Arabian's hopes of turning around troubled companies do not always work out. In the 1970s, First Arabian invested in tottering banks in London and Detroit. In both cases. it eventually sold out at a loss.

Despite occasional setbacks Mr. Tamraz and Mr. Steckel, now in their mid-40s, have remained a team for nearly two decades. They met in the mid-1960s at Harvard University, where both earned buy his stake for \$9.8 million and First Arabian's credentials as a

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U.S. Futures April 26

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May 151 153 1474 1254 - 2274
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7 yel 5.00% Juli 6.05% 6.05% 6.05% 6.05% 7.54 5.05% 6.

masters degrees in business admin- to pay \$10 million for new shares in manager and led to other transac-

istration. the bank. Thus, First Arabian Mr. Tamraz joined the New York investment bank of Kidder, Peabody & Co., where he helped Long before First Arabian took with the rescue of Intra Bank of Lebanon.

After a stint in insurance, Mr. Steckel joined Mr. Tamraz at Kidder's Beirut office. There, Mr. Steckel said, the two began gaining expertise in "turnaround situa-

Just as Arab oil money was start-ing to gush in 1973, the two left Kidder to form First Arabian with One former Commonwealth of-

clients, Ghaith R. Pharaon, a Saudi wealth probably was hopeless with-investor who in 1975 bought a ma-jor stake in Bank of the Common-which First Arabian reportedly bank that was being propped up by got cancer you can prolong life, but a loan from the U.S. Federal Deyou can't cure it," Mr. Moran said. posit Insurance Corp.

Mr. Pharaon decided to sell out

Prev, Day Osen IIII. 24,501 of ORA MOSE JULICE (NYCE) 15,000 lbs. - cents Per Ib. 185.00 lbs. - cents Per Ib. 185.00 lbs. - cents Per Ib. 185.00 lbs. - cents Per Ib. 184.65 lbs. 154.65 l

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Prev. Day Open Int. 6.93

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31-13 75-18 Sep 79-21

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18 TERASURY 80-8108 (278)

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the bank. Thus, First Arabian tions,

Long before First Arabian took control, Commonwealth was burdened with low-yielding, long-term loans and a weak investment port-Under the new owners. Com-

monwealth managed to limp along until 1983, when First Arabian sold its 77-percent stake to Comerica

a group of Arabs.

Detroit seemed an unlikely early target for First Arabian. The firm was drawn there through one of its clients, Ghaith R. Phonometric Phonometr said the situation at Common-wealth probably was hopeless withwealth, an unprofitable Detroit could not afford, "If a patient has

Even so, Mr. Steckel insisted, "Commonwealth went well for us." and in 1976 First Arabian agreed to He said the episode "solidified"

In London, First Arabian paid £1.3 million (\$1.58 million) in 1975 to acquire 25 percent of Edward Bates & Sons (Holdings) Ltd., which owned a small merchant bank. Bates was suffering from problem loans to the property and Greek-shipping markets and from heavy losses arising from the purchase of a life insurance unit.

But hopes were high once First Arabian stepped in David Keown-

A year later, trading in Bates shares was suspended, and the Bank of England began working on a rescue. After long negotiations, the Bates merchant hanking unit was sold for a nominal sum to another group of Arab investors and Barclays Bank, then relaunched as Allied Arab Bank.

Mr. Steckel said First Arabian has done well on other investments.

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Dew York Times, edited by Eugene Maleska.

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JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arriold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each squere, to form four ordinary words. CAINP **GUDOH** DOLSUN WHAT FORM OF SPEECH IS DOUBLE-TALK? SARGYS Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suche surprise answer, as sug-i by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: LATCH GRIMY PHYSIC SHANTY

Answer: What a safe deposit box might be called— A RICH NITCH

Answer here: VERY

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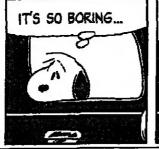
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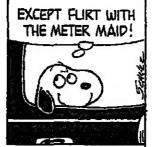
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JUST WEARING



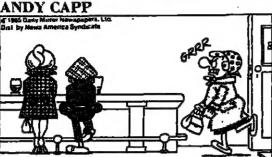


TUDBURY





















#### **BOOKS**

#### THE CARVING OF MOUNT RUSHMORE

By Rex Alan Smith. 415 pp. Illustrated.

Abbeville Press, 505 Park Avenue, New York, N. Y. 10022.

#### Reviewed by John Gross

THE Mount Rushmore Memorial is one of I the great American icons — you can joke about it in a cartoon or send Cary Grant clambering over it in a movie and expect more or less everyone to recognize it. But how did it

get there? Rex Alan Smith, who was born and raised within sight of Mount Rushmore, has written an entertaining account of the memorial and the men who made it. He got to work only just in time, while it was still possible to talk to those who had been closely involved in the project in the 1920s; he has been able to preserve a great deal of local lore, and what his book lacks in depth it makes up for in firsthand detail.

The idea of carving a monument in the Black Hills was dreamed up in 1923 by Doane Robinson, a bookish lawyer who had gravitated into the role of official historian of South Dakota and who was looking for new ways of attracting tourists. After drawing one or two blanks, he approached a sculptor who in fact seemed the obvious first choice, Gutzon Bor-glum. Not only was Borglum (who had studied under Rodin, and enjoyed an international reputation) renowned for his patriotic statuary, he was already addressing himself to the peculiar problems of mountain-carving, having been commissioned to conjure up a giant group of Confederate notables on Stone Mountain in

The Stone Mountain project was eventually abandoned amid ferocious quarrels - a warning of what the Dakotans could expect. Borglum was egocentric, domineering, short-tem-pered, often childish. But he was also a tornado of energy who knew how to get things done, and Mount Rushmore captured his imagination. (The site was suggested by a state forester, though later Borglum liked to claim that he had come upon it while reconnoitering in the

And what exactly was to be carved? The



Rushmore executive committee did not so much make a decision as stumble its way into one. Doane Robinson's original idea had been that the monument should represent the heroes of the Old West, but Borglum persuaded him that a group of presidents would have greater national appeal. At first, there were to be just two. Washington and Lincoln; then Borglum, always eager to make the project as big as possible, proposed Jefferson (an appropriate choice, he explained, since the Black Hills had been part of the Louisiana Purchase). Finally Theodore Roosevelt was added.

This last choice was the most controversal.

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This last choice was the most controversial - it came about simply because Borglum and his chief supporter among the politicians of South Dakota, Senator Peter Norbeck, were both ardent admirers of Roosevelt. (The sculptor had been chairman of his local branch of Roosevelt's Progressive Party during the "Bull Moose" election campaign of 1912.) But what-ever the politics behind the decision, in visual terms it made all the difference, changing what would otherwise have been a predictable grouping into something rather startling, like an enormous piece of Pop art. It also gave Borglum a chance to display his virtuosity in creating the effect of a pair of spectacles with the very limited means available to him.

Money was a constant problem. An important corner was turned when President Calvin Coolidge's support was enlisted, after he had been persuaded to spend the summer of 1927 in the Black Hills for the sake of his bronchitis (and put in a good humor by his apparent skill at catching trout — in fact, the creek where he fished had been surreptitiously stocked with some tired old breeding-trout from a local hatchery). Even with federal backing, however, it was often touch and go as to whether the project would have to be given up for lack of

Along with the financial worries, there were fierce personal disputes and endless political wrangles. Few of these are of any great interest today, and Smith spends rather too much time on them; on the other hand, he is always worth reading when he writes about the actual process of carving and the various techniques involved — the first roughing in of features on an enormous egg-shaped mask; drilling, dyna-miting (in moderation). "honeycombing" close down to the final "skin" of the sculpture; the fine finishing that allowed Borglum to add mounds and hollows and wrinkles. Smith has worked in the mines and quarties.

of the Black Hills, and one of the great virtues of his book is the amount of space he gives to the workmen who built the memorial, bringing to life the skills they mastered and the often daunting conditions confronting them. But it is Borglum who predominates in the end, as much as anything else by his sheer ingenuity at devising a system for transferring his designs from a studio model to the mountain face, or at coming up with the all-important trick by which he managed to impart a lifelike quality to the eyes of his presidential quartet. The memorial was finished shortly before

Pearl Harbor. It was the product of an era when, for most Americans, Big was still un-ashamedly Beautiful, and it did what it was intended to do remarkably well.

John Gross is on the staff of The New York

#### BRIDGE

#### By Alan Truscott

Some sociologists, worry about the rights of minors. Diamonds and clubs, like boys and girls, are in some danger of being neglected and scorned. Beginners are taught, quite

rightly, that they should al-ways bid a major in preference to supporting a minor. The mi-nor suit is unlikely to represent the right final contract, and will sometimes amount to a mere probe for a major. But there are some possible exceptions, at each end of the spec-

With five-card support for a minor there is much to be said for raising directly, and by-passing a weak major suit, if the responder is either very weak or very strong. If he has

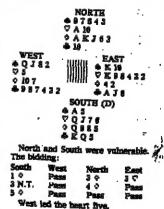
trump suit.

and concealed a five-card major suit. Three diamonds was a traditional forcing raise, and North hoped to reach a diamond slam. The South hand was unsuitable, and the partnership reached five diamonds when three no-trump would have been preferable.

When West led his singleton heart, guided by his partner's bid, it might seem that the contract was doomed. But this was not so, as the declarer proceeded to demonstrate. He took the heart ace, drew trumps ending in dummy, and led the chub

East was forced to win, and slam ambitions he may not then had to cash the heart king

wish to risk subsequent confu- to prevent the discard of dumsion about the appropriate my's heart ten. Now the closed hand had four winners to take North carried this policy a care of dummy's spade losers. ttle far on the diagramed deal if East had refused to mke either of his winners, a spade trick would have been surrendered.



#### **SPORTS BRIEFS**

## Creme Fraiche Victor in Derby Trial Stakes

LOUISVILLE, Kentucky (AP) — Creme Fraiche charged between horses in the stretch to win the Derby Trial Stakes by a half-length over Fast Account on Saturday, the opening day at Churchill Downs. It was the last prep race for next

Saturday's Kentucky Derby here.

It was the third straight Derby Trial victory for trainer Woody Stephens.

Stephens won the 1983 trial with Caveat, who finished third in the Derby, and he won it last year with Devil's Bag, who missed the Derby. Stephens won the 1984 Derby with Swale.

Creme Fraiche, winning for the first time in six starts this year after four second-place finishes, is nominated for the Derby. But Stephens, who has another Derby candidate in Stephan's Odyssey, said before the race that Creme Fraiche would start only if there was an off-track. Creme Fraiche showed his liking for poor conditions in the Derby Trial, as he went through a pack of horses on a sloppy track to run down Fast Account and Tiffany Ice and cover the mile in 1:37-3/5 under 119 pounds. Nordic Scandal beat out Tiffany Ice for the show position.

#### Chang Keeps WBC Title on Split Decision

SEOUL (UPI) — Chang Chong-Ku of South Korea retained his World Boxing Council light-flyweight crown here Saturday on a 12-round split decision over

Judges Mike Jacobs of Britain and Lou Palipo of the United States awarded the fight to Chang with respective scores of 116-114 and 115-114; U.S. judge Chuck Hasset scored it a 114-114 draw. There were no knockdowns.

It was the sixth title defense for Chang, whose professional record is 27-1-0.

Torres, the WBC's top-ranked contender, has a record of 48-8-1.

#### FIFA Fines 4 Nations for Soccer Incidents

ZURICH (AP) - Chile has been fined \$5,770 for spectator violence and "poor stadium organization" at a World Cup qualifying game against Uruguay March 24, FIFA, the international soccer authority, announced Saturday. The fine was the highest of four announced by the federation. Spectators in Santiago threw objects onto the field, one of which hit the referee

and forced play to be interrupted, FIFA said. and forced play to be interrupted, FIFA said.

The other three fines: \$3,850 against Uruguay because thrown objects had hit players, linesmen and the referee at an April 7 game against Chile in Montevideo; \$3,850 against Saudi Arabia because spectators in Riyadh had assaulted the referee in an April 12 game against the United Arab Emirates, and \$3,850 against Qutar because objects were thrown onto the field (one player was hit) during an April 12

#### game against Jordan in Doha. 3 Share 1-Shot Lead in Houston Open Golf

THE WOODLANDS, Texas (AP) — Keith Fergus, Payne Stewart and Ray Floyd edged away from a tight field to share a one-stroke lead Saturday after three rounds of the Houston Open golf tournament.

Fergus and Floyd carded 69s and Stewart had a 70 for a total of 8-under 208 over

the par-72, 7,042-yard (6,408-meter) Tournament Players Course at The Wood-lands. They held a one-stroke lead over five ment at 209. Jim Simons, who had a 67 on Friday for a two-stroke lead after two rounds, shot a 75 for a three-round total of 210.

#### Hershiser, on 1-Hitter, Still Has the Padres' Number Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches "It was just a case of too much

LOS ANGELES — If the pat-tern continues, Orel Hershiser will ager, Dick Williams, "He's tough pitch a no-hitter the next time he on us. I thought he was better tofaces the San Diego Padres.

Last Sunday the Los Angeles — and in the last game he was right-hander fired a two-hitter at superb." the Padres; Friday night he allowed

# FRIDAY BASEBALL

only a one-out fourth-inning single by Tony Gwynn, last year's National League batting champion, as he led the Dodgers to a 2-0 victory over San Diego. Hershiser faced the minimum 27 batters and ran his consecutive scoreless-innings streak to 24.

"My sinker was really working well and my curve had a nice break to it," Hershiser said, "I'd have to say this is the best game I've ever

Gwynn's clean single was a liner between first and second. Gwynn had reached on a walk in the first inning, but was caught stealing. After his hit in the fourth he was erased on a double play.

United Press International

GALESBURG, Illinois — Going, going, gone. And keep right on going, says Hermann Muelder, a

Knox College history professor who proposes that

over-the-fence home runs be regarded as foul balls

Muelder proposed the rule change in a recent

plea to support the characteristics of baseball that

set it apart from other U.S. sports. "Baseball is a

game in which various things happen to the ball

itself," he said. "But in scoring it's not what happens to the ball that makes the score. It's what

happens to the player."

Muelder noted that in football and basketball,

the ball itself must cross the goal line or pass through the hoop. In baseball, it is the player who

since they are inconsistent with baseball's rules.

night than he was in the last game

#### Mets 6, Pirates 0 In New York, Wally Backman

went 5-for-5 and drove in three runs, and Ron Darling struck out 11 in pacing the Mets' rout of Pitts-Expos 10, Cardinals 5

In Montreal, Hubie Brooks lach powered the Expos past St. Louis Cubs 7, Phillies 3

In Philadelphia, Ryne Sandberg homered and scored four runs and Dennis Eckersley scattered nine hits to lead the Cubs.

Astros 3, Braves 2

Home Run a Foul Ball? It's Only Fair, Says Historian

scores. Baseball's only exception, he says, is the trespassing of football, basketball and more re-home run; so instead of a run being scored, he cently — God help us — wrestling," he said.

error by right fielder Albert Hall. Giants 7, Reds 6 In San Francisco, Dan Gladden climaxed a six-run ninth with a two-out, three-run home run that

lifted the Giants to victory, With San Francisco trailing, 6-1, Chili Davis doubled off Jay Tibbs and Scot Thompson singled Davis home. Jeff Leonard's single brought on reliever Ted Power, seeking his fourth save of the year. Power got Bob Brenly on a grounddrove in four runs, and home runs out, advancing the runners to sec-by Andre Dawson and Tim Waltwo-run single to Brad Wellman. After pinch-hitter Joel Youngblood grounded out, pinch-hitter David Green walked and Gladden followed with his homer over the left-field fence.

#### Twins 8, A's 7

recommends that balls hit over the wall be regard-

"Just a loud foul, a long strike," he said, "Why is

that hit any more exciting or remarkable than a hard line shot that clears the head of the second

baseman by two feet and eludes the center fielder?

Actually, the home run out of the park is really dull

it takes less true skill than a well placed hit."

gitimate example of batting and running prowess.

his comments are in defense of the game, which he

claims is losing its place. "I'm bothered by the fact

that, in the past few years, baseball's relative place

in our culture has been eroded because of the

The 79-year-old historian and baseball fan said

He defends inside-the-park home runs as a le-

ed as others hit out of play.

In the American League, in Min-In Houston, Phil Garner's two-neapolis, Tom Brunansky led off out single in the ninth scored Jose the ninth by hitting reliever Keith Cruz from third to put the Astros Atherton's 1-1 pitch over the right-

past Atlanta. Cruz had singled with field fence to give Minnesota its two out and moved to third on an unumph over Oakland.

#### Red Sox 5, Royals 2 In Boston, Jackie Gutierrez and

Jim Rice drove in two runs apiece in support of Roger Clemens's six-hitter as the Red Sox downed Kansas City. Tigers 1, Brewers 0

#### In Milwaukee, Jack Morris pitched a five-hitter, and Kirk Gib-

son tripled and scored to give De-troit its squeaker over the Brewers. Morris walked two and struck out Orioles 6, Indians 3

#### in Baltimore, back-to-back

three-run innings gave the Orioles their victory. They staked Dennis Martinez to a 3-1 lead with in the third, when Cal Ripken's basesloaded single plated Rick Dempsey and Jim Dwyer, and Fred Lynn followed with an RBI single. In the fourth, Rich Dauer walked with one out, and Dempsey singled him to second. Gary Roenicke, hitting for Dwyer, moved both runners up on a groundout: Fritz Connally, batting for Wayne Gross, doubled home both runners. Connaily scored when Ripken's grounder went through first baseman Pat

#### Tabler's legs for an error. White Sox 4, Vankees 2

In Chicago, Harold Baines's two-out, three-run home run in the sixth boosted Tom Seaver and the White Sox to victory over New

#### Blue Jays 6, Rangers 5

In Arlington, Texas, Lloyd Moseby's two-run home run in the seventh helped Toronto overcome an early three-run deficit and defeat Texas.

#### Angels 11, Mariners 3

In Seattle, Rod Carew and Juan Beniquez drove in three runs apiece in California's rout of the Mari-(UPI, AP)

<sup>laj</sup>or League Star

# Lakers Pound Blazers, 125-101

more executive commutee is make a decision as stumble fid the monument should tepreamine a group of presidents would be a group of president would be a group of president would be a group of the London tension tension of the London tension tension of the London tension tensi Byron Scott said the Los Angeles pulled his starters

is last choice was the more came about simply because beginning the supporter among the beginning the Dakota, Senator Peter Notice took command in the first half—action admirers of Research on as the Lakers whipped Portland. h Dakota, Senator Peter Notes took command in the first half—
tad been charman Research late as the Lakers whipped Portland, a

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personnel in whether the man respective community and put in a good humor of he man games Sunday.

Kareem Abdul-Jabbar, James of the man respective community and the ALL Ping (P. a) — in feet the part of the control o

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A Late Full Wild Rest, Louis

Alton Monifred
Forsch, Compbell (4), Doviev (7), Hossier,
(8) and Levelliers; Palmer, Roberts (7),
Grapentini (8), Buris (8), and Fibsreid, Bulers (8), W—Palmer, 1-2, L—Forsch, 2-1,

. A E .: De Leon, Hol

Sondberg (3).

Ter State State Ion Francisco

New York To Reserve

Compiled by Our Stuff From Dispatches and by 33 early in the fourth quar-INGLEWOOD, California — ter, just after Coach Pat Riley

Portland never recovered from but he did say there were flawless the early pounding. "We just did a terrible job defensively on all of them," said the Blazers' Mychal

> "We kept good pressure on them," said Worthy, They didn't get muny good shots.

> "We knew it was going to be important for us to play some good defense. We kept it up and didn't let them back in.

Before Abdul-Jabbar departed, after 26 minutes, he had racked up 16 points, 11 renounds and 51x as-sists, "Kareem," said Portland center Sam Bowie, "should be illegal."

76ers 106, Bullets 98

In Landover, Maryland, Julius Erving scored 25 points, including 14 in the final period, to help Philadelphia hold off a second-half rally and down Washington Friday night to take the best-of-five series,

Philadelphia shot a blazing 26for-33 from the floor in the first half to take a 61-47 lead, but allowed Washington back into the game in the third period by hitting only 4 of 22.

Bucks 105, Bulls 97

throws in the last minute, to lead Milwaukee past the Bulls and into an Eastern Conference semifinal against Philadelphia.

Chicago, making its first playoff appearance since 1980-81, was led by Michael Jordan's 29 points. Quintin Dailey came off the bench to score 17, all but two in the second half, to help the Bulls make a late charge that fell short at the

Spurs 110, Nuggets 111 In San Antonio, Texas, Johnny Moore scored 4 points and pulled down 5 rebounds in the last five minutes as the Spurs doused a Den-

ver rally to even the series.

Mike Mitchell had 37 points and Artis Gilmore scored 18 and and pulled down 13 rebounds for the winners. Alex English led Denver with 27 points while Calvin Natt

Rockets 96, Jazz 94

In Salt Lake City, Houston's Akeem Olajuwon and Ralph Sampson scored 18 points each to lead a second-half comeback that downed Utah.

Sampson scored 10 points in the third quarter as the Rockets erased a 49-38 halftime deficit. The 7-foot-4 (2.23-meter) Sampson gave Housion the lead for good midway Vandewegne nad 16.

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Vandew through the period, jamming in a



Abdul-Jabbar, driving past Kiki Vandeweghe: 'Kareem,' said Sam Bowie, 'should be illegal.'

reled to the 4-1 lead.

for a 2-1 lead.

Doug Soctaert relieved Penney

to start the third, but he too met

brother a good stickhandler, and

suprise you," said Mario Gosselin,

the Quebec goalie, who turned

back 18 shots after Robinson's

Mike Bossy, Jari

"Some of the Montreal shooters

finished the scoring at 2:06.

## Hatcher's Bat Helps Twins to 7th in Row

MINNEAPOLIS — Mickey Hatcher wanted Saturday's game

"I was thinking, 'Get me up again.' You know when you're hot, you want to stay up there," said Hatcher, who went 5-for-5 and drove in two runs in the Minnesota Twins' seventh straight victory, an 8-6 triumph over the Oakland A's.

Hatcher hit three singles and a double, all on first pitches from

#### SATURDAY BASEBALL former teammate Don Sutton. He

also singled off reliever Jeff Kaiser in the seventh. It was the first five-hit game of Hatcher's career,

Hatcher had been 3-for-21 (and 0-for-9) before Saturday's game, and had been in danger of being benched. "He's been struggling a little bit," said Manager Billy Gardner. "If he didn't get any hits l

was probably going to bench him."
"It was just one of those days,"
Hatcher said, recalling how Sutton had taken him aside when he first came up with the Los Angeles
Dodgers, "He helped me grow up a
lot, just by being a gentleman off
the field, I respect the guy." Deadpanned loser Sutton: "I didn't

think Hatcher would take it this

Minnesota sent nine hatters to the plate in the second inning and took a 3-0 lead. Doubles by Gary Gaetti and Greg Gagne produced the first run. After Kirby Puckett walked with two out, Hatcher and Kent Hrbek delivered run-scoring

singles. Oakland nicked starter pitcher Frank Viola for a run in the fourth on Dusty Baker's sacrifice fly, but Minnesota battered Sutton for four runs in the bottom of the inning.

#### Royals 5, Red Sox 4

In Boston, Jim Sundberg had three hits and scored the winning run in the ninth on an error by second baseman Marty Barrett as School dischail Marty Barterias Kansas City edged the Red Sox. Sundberg led off the inning with a single off Bob Stanley. Onix Con-cepcion bunted and first buseman Bill Buckner threw the ball past second attempting to get Sundberg. Barrett then booted Willie Wilson's grounder, allowing Sundberg to

#### Tigers 3, Brevers 2

In Milwaukee, designated hitter Alex Sanchez drove in three runs with a triple and a two-run home run to lead Detroit past the Brewers. Sanchez, acquired in a minorleague deal with San Francisco earher this month and appearing in his fourth game with Detroit, hit his first homer of the season on a 2-2 pitch from Danny Darwin in the

#### White Sox 5, Yankees 4

In Chicago, Carlton Fisk singled home pinch-runner Rudy Law from third base with none out in the 11th to cap a two-run White Sox rally that edged New York.

#### Indians 10, Orioles 4

In Baltimore, Joe Carter, Butch Benton, Tony Bernazard and Brook Jacoby drove in two runs apiece, helping Cleveland to end a four-game Oriole winning streak

#### Blue Jays 9, Rangers 8

In Arlington, Texas, George Bell singled in Lloyd Moseby from second base with one out in the 10th to lift Toronto over Texas. Willie Aikens sent the game into extra innings with a two-run pinch-hit home run in the Blue Jay ninth.

#### Angels 6, Mariners 1

In Seattle, Brian Downing drove in four runs with a homer and a single and Jim Slaton scattered seven hits as California sent the Mariners to their seventh straight loss.

#### Expos 8, Cardinals 3 In the National League, in Mon-

treal, Tim Wallach's bases-loaded two-run single highlighted a fourrun seventh and Andre Dawson drove in five runs as the Expos blew past St. Louis for their fifth straight triumph. Dawson drove in one run

In New York, a throwing error by reliever Jesse Orosco triggered a three-run eighth that led Pittsburgh past the Mets.

#### Reds 2, Giants 1 In San Francisco, John Stuper's

two-hitter and Eric Davis's third home run of the year put Cincinnati past the Giants. Stuper yielded an RBI double to Chili Davis in the first and then retired 19 batters in a

#### Phillies 6, Cubs 1

In Philadelphia, Glenn Wilson drove in three runs with a triple and a sacrifice fly to help the Phillies beat Chicago.

# Braves 8, Astros 2

In Houston, pitcher Rick Mahler took the league lead in victories by winning his fifth game, and Dale Murphy hit his league-leading eighth and ninth homers as Atlanta cruised past the Astros.

#### Padres 4, Dodgers 3

In Los Angeles, pinch-hitter Kurt Bevacqua's two-out, two-run double in the seventh snapped a 2-2 tie and propelled San Diego past fourth pinch hit in as many at-bats this season.

# Nordiques Take 3-2 Lead Over Canadiens

By Kevin Dupont New York Times Service

MONTREAL — The Quebec Nordiques didn't have Michel Goulet Saturday night. But they did have some of the National Hockey League's lesser offensive talents, such as Brad Maxwell, Alain Lemieux and Brent Ashton; and they did have Dale Hunter, grinding, hacking, chopping and instigating as usual.

In the end, the Nordiques had the Canadiens in their grasp. Paced STANLEY CUP PLAYOFFS

by five different goal scorers, the province's "other team" rolled to a 5-1 victory over the Canadiens and a 3-2 lead in the Adams Divisionfinal playoff series. The winner will go on to face either Philadelphia or the New York Islanders in the

Stanley Cup semifinals. Cut down by a Ric Naturess came to the team in trade this year, check in Game 4, all-star left wing fired one for the 4-1 lead. Goulet, touted as a new Guy Lafleur, was unable to play because of a sore back. "Without Goulet in the with instant trouble. Will Paiement lineup, I asked the other guys to took a pass from Lemieux, like his pick up the slack," said Michel Berbrother a good stickhandler, and geron, the Quebec coach. "I asked them to give a little more — and they all did."

The Canadiens, with 21 Stanley Cup flags draped from the rafters of the Forum, could use someone like the old Lafleur. They play a goal. "But I don't think they have conservative methodical defensive the big shooter. But who does? conservative, methodical defensive game these days that hardly resembles the old skate-and-shoot methods of the Flying Frenchman.

No one better exemplified that style than Lafleur, as he rushed up his wing, goalies ducking as he unloaded blistering shots. But Lafleur joined by many of his former team-

mates by mid-week. can work on things that are important - taking face-offs, working on special situations. But nothing takes the place of someone who can knock the puck in from anywhere.

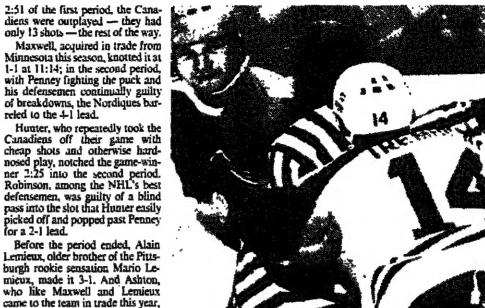
sometimes without looking."

And it is Goulet, with three straight regular seasons of more than 50 goals, who comes closest to the Canadiens' old style. And without him Saturday the Nordiques were smart enough, even when fall-ing behind by 1-0, to play a patient game. They waited, cautious in their own end, and finally made the

most of their chances against goalie

Steve Penney.

Penney was another loss the Canadiens suffered. After allowing three goals in the second period, and falling behind by 4-1, he was bospitalized for lower-back muscle



Two officials had their hands full stopping a first-period fight between Quebec's Dale Hunter and Montreal's Mario Tremblay.

goaltending, are the teams that win scored 11 goals for us in eight with an infield grounder, another the Stanley Cup. Lafleur did it for games. And we probably wouldn't with a single and the last three with Montreal. Bossy did it for the labor gotten by Buffalo in the first an eighth-inning home run. It was landers in 1980 to 1983. The Edround without him. We didn't have the third straight game in which

Paul Coffey, Ray Bourque and Michel Goulet. But who else is there?"

The teams that have the big shooters, along with respectable

The big hitters count, said Quebec goalie Mario Gosselin. "Goulet

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The big hitters count, said Quebec goalie Mario Gosselin. "Goule

# retired during the regular season and is now in Florida. He may be Russians (7-0) Cruise to Finals

Kevin Dineen tallied twice as Canada turned back

Sweden, 6-3, in the world hockey championships. The victory left the Russians unbeaten at 7-0 in the preliminary round. The defending champions are heavily favored to win an unprecedented 20th world

The title will be decided in a medal round starting Monday. The Soviet Union again will face Czechoslovakia, and Canada will meet the United States, the

second-ranked team after the preliminary games. The United States, Canada and Czechoslovakia all had first-round totals of nine points, five behind the Soviet Union; results in the preliminary-round games between the three tied teams were used to determine

Czechs, who had carried the play in taking a 1-0 lead after the first period.

Sergei Makarov, the leading scorer in the champion-ships, beat goalie Jaromir Sindel with a backhander from just outside the crease at 2:42 of the middle After Larry Robinson's goal at period. Bykov tallied 15 seconds later with the Czechs al meetings between the two countries.

still short-handed. He scored again at 6:50, and Ma-"Nothing replaces the big scorer on a team," said Bob Gainey, the Montreal captain. "The rest of us a 5-1 victory over Czechoslovakia here Saturday, and Viktor Khumenev netted the fifth Soviet goal at Viktor Khumenev netted the fifth Soviet goal at

3:04 in the final period. Canada, winner of 19 world titles and manned by National Hockey League personnel, also got a goal from Dineen's Hartford Whaler teammate, Ron Francis, on the way to its victory.

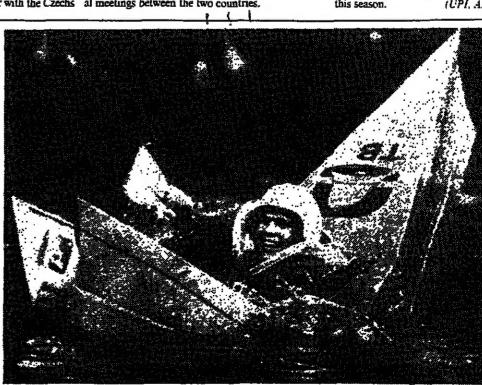
The Canadians, trailing by 3-2 with 48 seconds left in the second period, exploded for two goals within 36 seconds to take the lead. Steve Yzerman of the Detroit Red Wings tied it with a power-play backhander past goaltender Rolf Ridderwall at 19:12, and Francis beat Ridderwall from point-blank range at 19:48 to make it 4-3. Larry Murphy and Tony Tanti added third-period

goals for the winners. With nothing to gain, the United States lost on The Russians connected on power-play goals 15
seconds apart to take the lead for good against the Contest shad a bat trick and the Finns scored six unanswered goals.

In the day's other match, West Germany blasted East Germany, 6-0, to move into seventh spot in the eightteam competition. The bottom four teams were to start relegation play Sunday.

West Germany scored three power-play goals in the Dodgers. It was Bevacqua's crushing East Germany in one of the rare internation-





DOWN AND OUT — Brad Lawrenz, whose cardboard kayak was one of 70 makeshift entrants, went down in smiling style during Saturday's 12th annual Great Boat Regatta in Carbondale, Illinois. Meanwhile, Notre Dame's Bill Courtney, left, was a splashy lastplace finisher in the 3,000-meter steeplechase at the Drake Relays in Des Moines, Iowa.

#### SCOREBOARD

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SATURDAY'S RESULTS

undberg: Nipper O(eda (7), Similey (7) and iedman. Sultivan (9), W—Quisenberry, 2-2.

Suffor Kaiser (5), Coorer (8) and Heath, ettleton (8), Violo, Davis (9) and Solas, W—

lajor League Standings

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AMERICAN LEAGUE

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land (a). Guente (7) and Pena:

Afi: Detect. Holland (s), Guosta (7) and Pena;
Darling and Carrier, W-Darling, 1-6, L-Dajulean, 8-3, HR-New York, Strewbarry (5),
41, Chicose
418 181 006—7 11 7
Philiadelphia 919 088 003—7 9 3
Eckerslev and Davis; Koosman, K.Gross
(2), Zachry (3), Hudson (a), Andersen (8),
50/710 Koosman, 9-1, HRs—Chicose, Loses (1),
41 5 Carrian (9) and Viroli, W-Eckerslev, 3-1, L50/710 Koosman, 9-1, HRs—Chicose, Loses (1),
41 5 Carrians (9), HRs—Chicose, Loses (1),
41 5 Carrians (9), HRs—Chicose, Loses (1),

energy of the detailed mark and Friday's and Saturday's Major League Line Scores NHL Playoffs ing or the detailed the friday's and Saturday's Major League Line Scores NHL Playoffs AMERICAN AND THE BOOK STATE OF SECOND STATE OF SECOND SECO The Property of the Bottman Softman

NATIONAL LEAGUE MATIONAL LEAGUE

St. Louis

Anatreal

Todor, Lohit (?), riorton (?), Allen (a) and
Mieto, Meskath, Roberge (8) and Butera, Fitzperals (8). W—Hasketh, 2-1, L—Todor, 0-1,

Su—Roberge (1) HR—Montreal, Dowsen (5)

Michael (1) Anatreal (1) An

San Francisca 186 000 509—1 2 6 Studen and Bilardella: LaPaigt, M.Davis (7)

Ockland 902 194 990--7 9 1

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April 104 104 6

Redit: Schrem Wedler (a), Lysoider (8),

Redit: Schrem Wedler (a), Lysoider (8),

Redit: Schrem Wedler (a), Lysoider (8),

April 1-1, L-Atterion, 1-2 MRS-Goktand,

Apavis 2 (8), Health (4), Minnesons, Loudner (1),

April 104 (1), Minnesons, Loudner (1),

April 105 (1), Minnesons, Loudner (1),

Appril 105 (1), M Studer and Bilandella: LaPairs, M.Davis (?)
and Breeft W-Studer, 3-1. L.—LaPains, 0-4.
HR—Cinclandil, E.Davis (3).
Chicase 900 908 915—7 5 ?
Philadelphia 900 192 282—8 7 2
Philadelphia 900 193 282—8 7 2
Philadelphia 900 193 282—8 7 3
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United 5io
Philadelphia 900 193 282—8 7 8
Davis: Rowley, Andersen (8). Teleutre (9) and
Davis: Rowley, Andersen (8). Teleutre (9) and
and Virell. W—Rewley, 3-9. L—Sanderson, 1-1.
Altanta 912 918 92—8 7 8 W.German
Mashler, Suffer (9) and Cerone: M.Scatt, Soliona (S). Dawley (3). Cashoun (7) and Ashby.
Balley (6). W—Mashler, 5-6. L—M.Scatt, 1-1.
HRS—Affania, Aurany 2 (9).
See Diese 902 986 286—4 8 F
Lee Ampelés 918 198 190—3 18 8
Nesset Inst. Latterts (7). Gossage (8) and Kea-

BASEBALL

Soccer WORLD CUP QUALIFYING

Asian Group 4-A
Macao 5, Hong Keng 2
Peints steadins: China, Hong Kang 7; Matod 4, Brunul 5
Remeining matches: May 4, Hong Kong vs. Macae el Hens Kone: May 12. China vs. Ma-cae at Bening, May 19. China vs. Hong Kong at

Arsend 1. Swelfield Wednesdoy 0
Aston Villa 5. Owens Park Rangers 2
Chelsea L Tottenham 1
Coveniry 2. West Bromwich 1 Drovecky and Kennedy; Hershier and feager, W—Hershier, 3-0 L—Drovecky, 0-3, 3mc/manti etc. 22 age 4 to 5 Tibbs Power (9) and Van Gorder: Hom-maker, Munion (a), Williams (8), Blue (9) and Scally, W.—Blue, 3-0. L.—Power, 0-1. KRs— Sincinnasi, Conceccion (2), Esasky (3), Sen Francisca, Gladden (1). Leicestar 1, Nottinghorn Forest 0

Manchester United 2 Sunderland 2

TOTAL SATURDAY'S RESULTS

AMERICAN LEAGUE

(consist Ciry

loston

(38 806 920—5 16 2

Jockson Beckwith (7), Quisenberry (8) and

amelbook Allerton

ettleton (8); Violo, Davis (9) and Solas, W-(104); J-2; L.—Suttan, 2-2; Sur—Davis (3); HRs— satkand, Picciolo (1); Minsesofs, Solas (1); lettroli 818 989 200–3 5 8 Milwoutee 95 95 95 96 2 6 2 Petry, Hernandez (7) and Castilla; Darwin and Moore, W.—Petry, 4-1, L.—Darwin, 2-1, —Hernandez (4); HR.—Detroli, Sanchez New York lee 23 60 81-4 8 1
Notebo os 306 163 92-5 13 6
Rosmussen, Rishetti (7), Cooper (10), Shiry (10), Murroy (11) and Wynsoer, Lolier,
piliner (5), Agosto (8), Nelson (8) and Hill.
I-Nelson, 1-1, L.-Shirley, 0-1, KR.—New
ork, Henderson (1),
lee-shand 100 ass 831—18 10 1
ortimore 100 110 801—4 7 2
Schulze, Von Ohten (8), Woddelt (9) and
enten; McGregor, Acas (8), T.Mortinez (2),
let (5) and Demusey, W.—Schulze, 2-0, L.—
leGregor, 1-2. Ascoli è, udinese i S 1. AC Milan D

#### Lazio 14; Cremonese 13

one, U.S. def. Brad Githert (8),

Katering Maleeva, Bulgaria, def. Bonn Novretilove del Melesva, t-1, t-0.

# Hockey

(18) and Whitt; Hough, Bogs (7), Slowart (10) and Slought, W.-Acker, 1-0, L.-Slowart, 1-0-2, Sw.-Couchill (4), HRS-Torondo, Moyeby (3), White (1), Lebentus (7), Askens (1), California (8), White (1), Shorts (1), California (1), Shorts (1), Shorts (1), Sertite (1), Shorts (1), Short

Asiams (Quebec leads, 3-2)
April 30: Montreal of Quebec
a-May 1: Quebec of Montreal
Patrick (Philadelphia leads, 3-1) April 28: N.Y. Islanders at Philodes

\*April 30: Philodeship at Islanders

\*Anoy 2: Islanders at Philodeship

\*April 28: Minesate at Chicage

\*April 30: Chicage at Manesate

\*Away 2: Minesale at Chicage

Savite (Edmontos wins, 4-9)

World Championships

# Zohn, Corbell (3), Cilhorn (5) and Norron; Bedtile, Gelsel (2), Best (3), Stonton (7), Varide Bers (9) and Kearney, Scott (7), W— Howkins, Latierts (7), Gosagae (8) and Kearney, Scott (7), W— Howkins, Latierts (7), M— Howkins, Latierts (7), M— Howkins, Latierts (7), M— Howki

ENGLISH FIRST DIVISION

Newcostie 2, Southompton | West Ham 0, Lutan 0
West Ham 0, Lutan 0
Points standines: Everion 78, Manchesier
United 67: Tottenham 65: Shelfleid Wednesday, Arsendi 62; Liverpool. Southompton 61;
Nothingham Forest 60: Chelses 57, Aston Vil-

FRENCH FIRST DIVISION Racing Club Paris D. Bordeaux D Points Standings: Bordeaux 54; Nantes 49. Monaco, Auxerte 41, Toulon 37; Metz 36; Lens 36; Sochaus, Brest 34; Laval 37; Nancy, Tou-29: Bastia 29; Lille, Roven 27; Tours 25; RC Ports 23.

Como 8, Torino 8 Inter 2: Cremonese 8 Juventus I, Florentino 2 Roma 1, Nepols 1 Verona 1, Lucia 0 Pelata Standines: Verona 37: Torino 35: Sampopola, Inter 34: Juventus 33; AC Allan 31; Roma 30; Ropol 29: Fierentino, Arbitanta 25; Udinese 24: Como, Avellino 22; Asceli 20; Legia 34: Companya.

## Tournament Tennis

WOMEN Gadusek (6), U.S., 6-1, 6-4,

South Africa, 60, 6-1.
Mary Lou Platek, U.S., del, Hu Na, U.S., 6-1, 6-

#### Transition

er, to Powiticket of the International League. Recalled Mike Brown, pricher, from Pow-tocket.

Noting and the County of the St. West Brannwich Al-bon, Newcastle 45; Eveens Park Rongers 47; Narwich 45; Inswich 43, Lutan, West Ham 42; Sunderland, Coventry 40; Stake 17.

ITALIAN FIRST DIVISION

Discrerfingly
Alike Leach, U.S., del. Pat Cash (3), Austra-Paul Annocon U.S. 7-6, 3-6, 7-6. U.S., 7-6, 3-6, 7-6,
Kevin Curren (2), U.S., def. Scott Davis (5),
U.S., 6-2, 7-6,
John McEnroe (1), U.S., det. Tim Mayotte
(6), U.S., 6-3, 3-6, 4-2,
McEnroe def. Gel. Leoch, 6-1, 6-1,
Annacone def. Curren (default),

Croft def. Gurney, 5-7, 6-2, 6-3. Turnbutt def. Platek. 6-2, 6-1.

CLEVELAND-Placed Vern Ruhle, pitchto the 21-day o Behavior, pitcher, to the 21-day discolled light Called up Rich Thomason, elitcher, from Maine of the International League. SEATTLE—Placed Dave Valle, cotcher, on the 15-day disabled list, and moved Mike Mar-gan, elitcher, to the 21-day disabled list. Pur chosed the contract of Donnie Scatt, cotcher, from Calgory of the Pocific Cook! League. Motional League.

Matienal Leasus CINCINNATI—Traded Skeeter Barnes, infielder, to Montreal for Max Vensble, outfield-or; assigned Vensble to Degree of the Ameri-

FOOTBALL Noticed Football League

BUFFALO—Traded Jan Barchardt, quard, a Seattle for an undisclosed drati choice. GREEN BAY—Acquired Scott Brunner, uarterbagic from Denver for an undisclosed WASHINGTON-Obtoined running back

George Rosers Irom New Orleans, and the Scaling thoices in the little, 10th and 11th rounds in this week's college draft, for the Redsking tirst-round choice, the 24th pick

**NBA Playoffs** FRIDAY'S RESULTS Ervine 11-1e 3.3 25, M. Malone e-15 e-6 19; Motone 10-20 3.4 24 Williams 7-21 2-3 17, ebounds: Philadelphia 55 (Barkley 14), Inshington 49 (Ruland 10), Addisis: Philadel-

Basketball

nia 16 (Richardson 4). Washington 18 (Ruland 7), Sen Antonia Michell 17-21 3-4 37, Gilmore 4-10 4-10 18; English 10-23 7-7 27, Nott 10-17 3-3 23, Rebounds; Cenver 46 (English 8), Son Antonio 50 (Gilmore 13), Aaslists; Denver 25 (Lever 7), Son Antonio 33 (Moore 16), Milweukee 27 28 22—165 Chicoso 27 18 25 27—165

Milwoukee 27 28 28 22—165
Chicepe 27 18 25 22— 97
Cummings 9-15 11-14 29. Moncriet 6-16 11-11
23: Jacdon 6-16 17-20 29. Dolley 7-16 24 17.
Rebounds: Milwoukee 56 (Cummings 12).
Chicopo 46 (Corzine 9). Assists: Milwoukee 9 Someson 8-21 2-3 18. Olgiuwon 7-18 4-7 18. Lucus 3-175-615, Livyd 7-141-215; Green 7-148-822, Doniley 8-174-520, Rebusads: Houston 67 (Sompson 18), Uteh 54 (Bolley 12), Assists: Houston 22 (Lucus 5), Uteh 21 (Green 11),

SATURDAY'S RESULT 24 21 27 29—181 ters 33 40 28 24—125 LA. Lakers 33 40 28 24-12 Scott 8-16 4-4 20; Worthy 7-13 2-4 16. Abdu

# Jobbur 7-122+16.McGes 5-15-81s; Coller 1)-15-3-5-24. Vandeweght 8-20 2-2 18. Rebounds: Portland 43 (Carr 10). Los Angeles 74 (Rambis 14). Assists: Portland 28 (Colter 8). Los Ange-les 37 (Johnson 12).

Football

USFL Standings

MOWER	EAST	ERN	COL	IP E	RENC	E		
(At Lake Buena Visia, Florida)		W	L	т	Pct.	PF	PA	
Semifinats	Birmingham	7	2	0	.778	225	153	
Katering Maleeva, Bulgaria, def. Bonnie	New Jersey	6	3	0	467	227	204	
Gadusek (6), U.S., 6-1, 6-4,	Tampa Bay	6	3	0	.667	236	200	
Martino Navratilovo (1), U.S., def, Claudia	Memphis	5	5	Q	_500	204	205	
Kohde-Klisch (3), West Germony, 6-2, 6-1.	Baltimore	4	4	1	.500	162	126	
Final	Jacksonville	4	5	8	.441	221	235	
Novratilova del Malesva, 6-2, 8-0.	Orlando	2	7	0	.222	154	242	
	WESTE	ERN	CON	(FE	RENC	Ε		
(In San Diego)	Houston	6	3	3	.667	772	198	
Quarter floats	Oakland		3	1	.650	246	211	
Wendy Turnbull, Australia, del. Belsy No-	Denver	6	4	8	_00€	246	199	
gelsen, U.S., 6-4, 6-3.	Arizona	4	6	0	.400	189	205	
Melissa Gurney, U.S., dal. Beth Herr, U.S., 6-	Son Antonio	3	á	0	.333	137	188	
1 41	Los Angeles	3	7	0	.309	145	244	
Annabel Croff, Britain, del. Roz Fairbook,	Portland	3	7	0	.365	147	219	
A		-		_				

FRIDAY'S RESULT

Memphis 33, Denver 17 SATURDAY'S RESULTS

Los Angeles 17, Portland 12

# Me Safire, You Not Jane

By William Safire New Zealand, a nice country with a democratic tradition, ain't what it used to be. Wellington doesn't want U.S nuclear-armed vessels visiting its ports, and Washington thinks a military alliance must be a two-way street. Seeking to capture the new feeling between Yanks and Kiwis in a phrase, I hit upon a song that Russ Columbo made famous, recalling its title as "Friends, Lov-

Not quite right. As a large detachment from the Nitpickers' League reminded me, the correct title of that 1931 song is "Just Friends.

How many other near-misses afflict people who like to be accurate in their language? Try, for example, writing "Play it again, Sam," thinking you are calling up the words said by Humphrey Bogart to Dooley Wilson in "Casablanca." A herd of insomniacs will bear down on you with tapes and scripts prov-ing the line to be "Play it!" without the "again, Sam."

Same goes in politics: Herbert Hoover never promised "A chicken in every pot": that was a canard. not a chicken, helped along by Al Smith, who derided a 1928 Republican campaign flier with that title, which quickly became a "quotation" directly attributed to his opponent (It was King Henri IV of France who was le Roi de la poule au pot.) Nor did Marie Antoinette "Let 'em eat cake"; nor did Richard M. Nixon ever say "I have a secret plan to end the war," as George Romney's 1968 supporters contended that he did.

The obsession with accuracy was driven home to me by Judge Jon O. Newman of the 2d U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals in Hartford, Connecticut. În a recent piece, I used a line from an early Tarzan movie that has become part of the language. You know the one: "Me Tarzan, you Jane." Newman writes: This is perhaps the most widely used quotation of a nonexistent line from movie dialogue, exceeding in frequency even the well known and equally non-existent line 'Play it again, Sam.'

"Three years ago a case in our court brought to our attention the exact lines from the original 1932 film 'Tarzan, the Ape Man.' We took the occasion to set the histori-

WASHINGTON — The Unit-ed States's relationship with a copy of the pertinent page of the court's opinion, written by Newman's colleague, Judge Amalya Lyle Kearse, setting out the correct dialogue in footnote 20:

> Contrary to popular belief, the line "Me Tarzan, you Jane" (or, as it is sometimes quoted, "You Tarzan, me Jane") does not appear in the 1932 film. The actual dialogue is as fol-

Tarzan causes an ape that has frightened Jane to leave her alone] Jane: Thank you for protecting pointing to herself me. Tarzan: [tapping her on the chest] Me.

Jane: No. [pointing to herself] I'm only me for me. Tarzan: [tapping her] Me!

Jane: No. [pointing to him] To you I'm you. Tarzan: [tapping himself on the chest] You!

Jane: No. [pause] I'm Jane Parker. Understand? Jane. Tarzan: [tapping her] Jane. Together: [Tarzan taps her] Jane.

Tarzan: [tapping her] Jane. Jane: [nodding] Yes, Jane. Jane: [pointing to him] You? Tarzan does not respond; she points to herself Jane. Tarzan: [tapping her] Jane.

Jane: [pointing to him] And you? Tarzan: [tapping himself] Tarzan, Tarzan.

Jane: [slowly] Tarzan. Tarzan: (alternately tapping her and himself, harder and harder each timel Jane, Tarzan, Jane, Tarzan, Jane, Tarzan, Jane, Tarzan, Jane. Tarzan. Jane. Tarzan.

Jane: [exasperated] Ob. please stop. Let me go. I can't bear this. [realizing he cannot understand] Oh, what's the use?

The use -- the purpose in widely disseminating this obscure but significant judicial footnote - is not merely to show the difficulty of teaching language to ape men, but to provide irrefutable proof that a phrase our society has come to believe was once said was, in fact, not said. It is a superb specimen of "near-miss quotation," and we are all indebted to the federal bench's record-straightening 2nd Circuit. (You appellate judge; me language

New York Times Service

# Jamaica Kincaid: Words and Silences

"I drank and drank until all that was left was the bare dry seahed. All the water from the sea filled me up, from my toes to my head, and I swelled up very big. But then little cracks began to appear in me and the water started to leak out first in just little seeps and trickles coming out of my seams, then with a loud roar as I burst open." From "Annie John"

the and the second of the

By Jacqueline Trescott ington Post Service

ASHINGTON — Having hood in Antigua, Jamaica Kin-caid, at 35, has let her memories burst open into two books - the prize-winning "At the Bottom of the River," last year, and the new "Annie John." But, sitting in a hotel room here with her 4month-old daughter, Kincaid was a study in hesitancy and a warrior for privacy.

She was wearing loose tan pants, a white shirt, purple socks and black flats; her hair was a natural brown, brushed close to her head. All this is changed from an earlier, wildly flamboyant pe-

In New York, where she lives with her husband, the composer Allen Shawn, it is fairly well known that she created the name Jamaica Kincaid.

"I'd rather not speak about that. It just brings up too many things, including my mother's feelings," she said. "When you write about your life, if you write about things that are private, you have to be careful. There is a profound meaning to it. I don't want to make something I did very consciously into an anec-

But already, in the books, she seems to have revealed so much. In "Annie John," the mother has a trunk under the bed and the girl character is smart, mischievous, funny. Kincaid said her mother had a similar trunk, but she doesn't want to call the work autobiographical.

She even withheld her photograph from the book jacket. She is a statuesque woman who once drew so much attention in New York that The New Yorker magazine — where she is now a staff writer — wrote about her in its "Talk of the Town" section.

"I just can't bear to mention this. I used to dress in a strange



way," she said. "I just was quite odd. I just used to have very short hair, which I dyed blond. I wore anklets. This is in the days when I never saw anyone wearing anklets and saddle shoes. I wore circle skirts or tight skirts. I used to have lots of old clothes. Part of it was I couldn't afford new clothes and part of it was basically I dressed then the way I remembered my mother dressing long tight skirts, pedal pushers. I

had no eyebrows. I was just ex-pressing myself. It was great For her first 17 years, Kincaid lived in Antigua, one of four chil-dren. They lived in the capital city of Saint Johns in a small wooden house, painted canary yellow with a red roof and a garden of bachelor's buttons and marigolds. Like the Annie of her book (Annie is also her mother's

strict education. "It must be said that perhaps some of it clearly is me. I was most mischievous. It must clearly

and daughter's name) she had a

be about me as I mythologized my growing up. The real thing that is autobiographical is the feelings," she said. "If I had written a profile of my mother or my life and The New Yorker factchecking department had checked it, it wouldn't have gone through."

She evokes childhood thoughts and sensations, such as wanting to see what a dead person looked like, or discovering the joys of a View Master slide viewer, or cringing at a mother's disapproval, or selecting friends on the slightest whim.

At the end of the book, Annie leaves for England to study nurs-ing, the same fate planned for

What finally happened was that she landed in New York in 1966, worked as an au pair girl for two years, then went to school in New Hampshire for two years,

where she studied photography.
"I saw a film called 'La Jeta,' a
five-minute film made up of still photographs but in the middle,

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SURINY SOUTHERN SWITZERLAND

LAKE LUGANO

something actually moves. It had a profound influence on me. My life was never the same. In the middle of wanting to be a photographer. I started to write out my photographs," she recalled. Slowly she added other writers.

such as the Frenchman Alain Robbe-Grillet, to her schoolgirl models of Dickens. Hardy. Milton, Shakespeare and the Bible. Robbe Grillet "was my first experience with modern expression." she said.

She ended up back in New York, writing features for Ingenue magazine, getting people such as Alice Cooper, Gloria Steinem, Yoko Ono and Jim Brown to reminisce about what they were like at age 17. She also wrote about culture for The Village Voice and free-lanced for The New Yorker. She became known as a personality and a

Now, even while being interviewed, she said she wanted to protect her privacy, "even though I am the first person to look at the book jacket to see what the writer

The source of her writing is the Caribbean and the irresolvable status of exile. "I couldn't live at home any-

more, but I am not really Ameri-can. I sort of cling to the West Indies. But the truth is I am really " and she stopped, trying to find the right word for the home-less artist. "I am West Indian. It is in my blood. But I can't live there, I am not American, I don't feel black American. If you are a West Indian, you don't really feel black, you just are West Indian. I

place where you can't he." Though Kincaid feels a kinship to the Caribbean writers, she feels no special link to the black American women writers who have had a wave of acceptance from publishers in the past five years.

am permanently nowhere - you

spend your life writing about a

"When I am writing I feel so much like an individual, so different, so unconnected to everyone, so unconnected to any group of anybody that I couldn't write and feel I am a black writer. In fact, I don't know what it feels to be a black anything I know I am black I think I feel I know enough about life to appreciate the accident that that is. My just being alive, period, that's enough of an inspiration, that I am alive.

### SRI LANKA POSTCARD

# A Spot of Tranquillity

United Press International

NURADHAPURA, Sri Lanka — It is a paradox the Buddhist Aof Sri Lanka's ancient capital might have appreciated: The violet between the country's two main ethnic groups has brought tranquist this city on the boundary between the Sinhalese south and the north and northeast.

The disappearance of the tourists who once flocked to Anuradhas made the city just that much

more attractive to those who do venture into the heart of Sri Lanka. Anuradhapura, 128 miles (200 kilometers) north of Colombo, is most easily reached by train. The northern express, with its firstclass, air-conditioned coaches, is often canceled due to the fighting. but slower trains run at least twice a day. A second-class ticket costs less than \$2. The slow train gives the traveler

an intimate look into the back yards of rural Sri Lanka -- villagers bathing in streams that pour down from the mountains, cooking in the open-door kitchens of their thatched dwellings, swinging in hammocks watching the trains go

in Anuradhapura, the place to stay is the Tissawewa Rest House, the town's first hotel. It was converted from the bungalow of the British political agent who administered the region.

The 118-year-old structure, filled with Sri Lankan art and memorabilia, has a broad veranda lined with potted plants and rocking chairs. Two cool string beds with canopies provide a resting place for those too mellow to rock. On the veranda ceiling, fans twirl slowly overhead.

The veranda overlooks Tissawewa Tank — a small lake dug centuries ago to store water for agriculture - and a flower-filled earden where troops of monkeys whoop at sunset. Unlike most of the botels that

have followed it, the Tissawewa is in among the ruins of the ancient city, designated a sacred area. One drawback is that, because of

the sacred nature of the ruins, the hotel does serve alcohol. No one objects, however, if you bring your own and slip a little gin into a Tissawewa fresh lime and soda. Be warned, the Tissawewa is the

highest-priced hotel in Anuradhapura. A single room costs 418 rupees, including supper and service - but that is less than \$17, and with a bit of bargaining the rate can



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The Tissawewa, like the rest of the tourist industry, is suffering from the communal strife that has plagued the districts north of Anuradhapura, although the city has been untouched. Once it was necessary to book weeks in advance to: stay at the Tissawewa, but on a recent weekend only three of its 25 rooms were occupied.

The dearth of tourists gives a serenity to the Buddhist monuments spread among the groves and lawns of Anuradhapura. 🖟 Legend says the city was found-

ed in the 4th century B.C. and served as the capital for 118 kings before fighting between the Sinha-lese and the minority Tamils forced the abandonment of the city in the 9th century. It was reclaimed from the jungle in the early 19th century. The traveler can meditate under

a sacred bo tree said to have been grown from a cutting of the tree under which the Buddha achieved enlightenment, or inspect the mighty 300-foot (91-meter) dome of the Ruwanveliseya. Also open to wanderers are the 1,600 stone pillars of the Brazen Palace.

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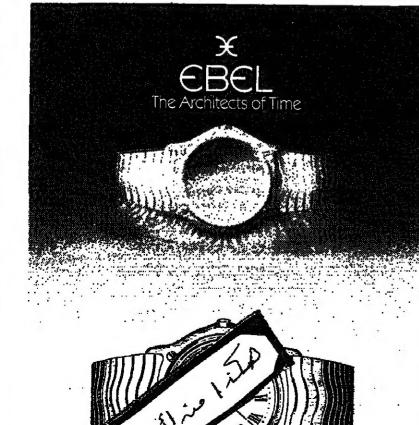
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